P & O
B. SMYTH & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS
Rs. 30 A Dozen, 10 Years Old.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,086—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1900.

VISITORS TO THE OLD COUNTRY.
BAILEY'S HOTEL
(UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE.)
COMPLETE SANITATION. ELECTRIC LIGHT THROUGHOUT. LIFTS.
CONTAINS OVER 300 APARTMENTS, FURNISHED WITH ALL MODERN LUXURY. TWO MINUTES FROM THE PARK, KENSINGTON GARDENS, IMPERIAL INSTITUTE, AND IN THE MIDST OF THE FASHIONABLE QUARTER.
MODERATE TARIFF.
GLOUCESTER S.W. ROAD, LONDON.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY, 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1900.
M.L. CHINA	7912	T. S. Angus	3rd Nov.
* ORIENTAL	6234	J. F. Jephson	10th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	C. F. Preston	17th "
* PENINSULAR	6247	T. Leigh	24th "
M.L. ARABIA	7093	J. L. Parfitt	1st Dec.
* ORIENTAL	6234	J. F. Jephson	8th "
M.L. PERSIA	7900	W. A. Wheler	15th "
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
M.L. SOBRAON	7382	L. M. Wibmer	29th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London. Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of Sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company
Bombay, 29th September, 1900.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	A. Fellner	4,119	1st Dec. 1900.
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,119	1st Jan., 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 375.	Rs. 150.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID AND FIUME.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail
GISELA	F. Mosca	4,233	in Jan., 1901.
VINDOBONA	G. Klansberger	1351	in Jan., 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 960.	Rs. 575.
Available for 12 months	" 1,080.	" 675.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE transhipped at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about

A Primage of 10 per cent. is collected on all Passages.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.

Samoon House, 52, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 2nd Nov., 1900.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY

GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on Application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

London Agents: GRINDLAY & CO

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

BOMBAY—8, Hornby Road.
CALCUTTA—8-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
COLOMBO.—Clifford Berry & Co.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S.W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.
Branch Office at CAPE TOWN, Africa.

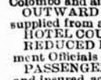
PASSAGE SEASON 1900.

PASSAGES secured by P. O., the other LINERS and all NON-LINERS, at lowest rates. No COMMISSION charged. SELECTED NON-LINERS to Continent and England from Rs. 300.
REGISTER kept for BOOKINGS in advance.
"SOCIAL GROUPING." Special care exercised in this.
LIST of all SAILINGS, with details, furnished promptly.
REDUCTIONS for FAMILIES and PARTIES.
SPECIAL reductions for MISSIONARIES and RAIL WAY EMPLOYEES.
PASSAGES from any PART of the WORLD arranged through our several HOUSES and AGENCIES.
CONTINENTAL RAIL TICKETS arranged.
PASSENGERS met at Railway Stations and conducted on Board or to Hotels.
PARCELS and HEAVY GOODS shipped to any part of the world.
BAGGAGE and CARGO CLEARED, DESPATCHED and INSURED.
DUTY and al CHARGES prepaid, if desired.
SMALL PARCELS enclosed in our Regular PARCEL CASES.
SOLDIERS' HEAVY BOXES shipped to any address CHEAPLY.
TROOPSHIP BAGGAGE shipped. Horses and Dogs shut, rom same, forwarded economically.

SOLE AGENTS AT BOMBAY FOR
MESSRS. CURTISS AND SONS
TROOPSHIP AGENTS,
PORTSMOUTH AND SOUTHAMPTON.

THOS. COOK AND SON.

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.



PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. Mail and all other Steamers, including Non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. & O. at favourable Rates, and special attention to the Selection of Berths and Grouping of Passengers.

THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Stations in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS allowing breaks of journey at all places of interests.

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Missionaries and Railway Officials.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at Bombay, Calcutta, London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Venice, Genoa, Marseilles, Paris, Colombo and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.

REDUCED FARES for Missionaries and Government Officials to Europe via China and America.

PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received forwarded and insured against theft and all risks.

PACKAGES of every description stored and shipped as cargo to all Ports at Lowest Rates.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS or to be available for HOME REMITTANCE.

LOANS granted against approved security.

DRAFTS issued and REMITTANCES made.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT supplied for the use of Travellers, also SOVEREIGNS and BANK NOTES.

STOCK and SHARES bought and sold. DIVIDENDS, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Agency Business transacted.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 9th November, at 2 p.m., or later on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST AND KARACHI.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 6th November, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porbundar, and Cutch Mandvie, (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 8th November, calling at Karachee, Jask, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, AND LAMU.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 27th November.

FOR KARACHI, SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA, AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,729 tons, on or about 9th November.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PATNA," 1,820 tons, on or about 10th November.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 2nd November, 1900.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged and best available Berths secured at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O. and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares and full information furnished by return of post on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers Travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
SYDNEY	4,232	Aubert	22nd Nov., 1900.
ANNAM	6,208	Poydenot	20th Dec., 1900.
OCEANIEN	4,259	X	17th Jan. 1901.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "OCEANIEN," 4,259 tons, Captain ..... to sail on or about the 15th Nov. 1900.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 37, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy, based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI, Atank Nigrah Pharmacy, KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

TO LOVERS OF ART.

THE establishment in the "First City in India" of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery, fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for some years past; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Surely this worthy desire ought to have the encouragement it reserves from all true lovers of Art!

In submitting our new Catalogue to the public which can be obtained on application, we desire to place this object prominently before them, at the same time thanking them for the patronage and support they have already given us. It has enabled us to place the concern in some degree in as favoured a position as some of the leading Picture Dealers' establishments in London or Paris; so far, at least, as India is concerned.

A new feature, as will be seen in the present issue of the Catalogue, is that we have included all the different lines of business which we undertake in one and the same cover, whereas in former years they were printed in separate handbooks, leaflets, &c., necessitating a deal of needless repetition.

It has, therefore, been our endeavour to spare the public the tediousness of the task of looking through a number of separate prints for what they require, by compiling the present issue in as concise and handy a form as possible, adding to it an Index—a feature that was not possible to introduce in the former erratic sort of publications.

Of course, we are sensible of many defects in this our first venture: the principal one being the impossibility to embody in a trade catalogue a complete list of our stock of Engravings. We would, therefore, request those seeking any known engraving not enumerated herein to communicate with us.

We have, further, the pleasure of notifying our *clientele* of our removal into more spacious and conspicuous premises, the address of which we would ask them to kindly take particular note

Hoping for a continuance of the esteemed patronage and support of our customers, and the public in general.

D. B. DINSHAW & CO.,
BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,
ESPLANADE ROAD,
Opposite Bombay Club.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE & CO.,
Proprietors.

The
Comprehensive Criminal Digest,
1862—1899.
BY
CHUNILAL HARILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B.,

It will, I am sure, prove a useful and convenient book of reference to all concerned in the administration of the Criminal Law.—Hon. Sir C. A. WHITE, C. J., Madras.

Your digest is an excellent book. . . . I have found it very useful.—R. GHOSH, Bar-at-Law, Calcutta.

The comprehensive Criminal Digest is a very valuable compilation.—"Indian Review," Madras.

I think it a most valuable compilation and well deserves its name.—Hon. Mr. Justice BATTY, H. C., Bombay.

It is a concise, careful, and well conceived compendium . . . I have put it to the test and found it very helpful.—N. M. SAMARTH, Vakil, Bombay.

This digest is an improvement in many respects over all the existing criminal digests and promises to supersede them all. It is by far the greatest criminal digest yet published in India.—"LAWYER," July, 1900.

PRICE Rs. 17, POSTAGE 6 Annas.

TO BE HAD
AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.

LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

F. S. MADON AND CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS,
AND
GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Up-Country Orders carefully and promptly executed.

☞ PLEASE NOTE:—For the Safe Delivery of Orders and Correspondence ADDRESS us as below, because there are others trading under the name of Madon.

F. S. MADON AND CO.,

17, SHAIK MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

MR. EDGAR FAULKNER,

ORGANIST and CHOIRMASTER, St. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL, BOMBAY, late Organist of All Saints' Cathedral, Allahabad; Officiating Organist in 1899, St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta; Pupil of Dr. Arnold, Winchester Cathedral; and of the late Mr. CHARLES VICTOR, of the Carl Rosa Opera Co.,

IS OPEN TO RECEIVE PUPILS for the ORGAN, PIANO, HARMONY, and particularly for the CULTIVATION of the VOICE.

Candidates prepared for Trinity College, London.

Results of private pupils for 1900: 18 passed the Theoretical Examination, two gaining maximum marks; 2 passed the Teachers' or Higher Examination, one gaining the Associate-ship of the College; 4 in the Senior and 3 in the Intermediate Grade.

Classes taught Harmony and Singing on special terms.

For terms, apply to

MR. EDGAR FAULKNER,
Apollo Chambers,
Bombay.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

ALL
INTENDING ASSURERS
Should obtain the
PROSPECTUS FOR 1900.

NEW RATES,
LIBERAL CONDITIONS.

Specially MODERATE PREMIUMS are charged for ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at a stipulated age or at death if it should happen sooner.

THE FUNDS
EXCEED
RS. 1,50,00,000.
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The Expenses of Management being Exceptionally Low, the "Oriental" is in a position to grant POLICIES with Special Benefits.

Particulars and Forms may be obtained on Application at the Company's Offices,

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

DEUTSCHES EXPORT-MUSTERLAGER

(GERMAN EXPORT SHOW ROOMS)

BERLIN S.

Dresdner Strasse 34-35. Dresdner Strasse 34-35

WHOEVER desires to BUY GOODS of reliable German origin should apply to the above mentioned firm where every kind of information regarding German industrial productions will be readily given. Permanent exposition of works of German manufacture and art.

Open from 9-5 p.m.

Please ask for Prospects.

TREACHER AND CO., LD.,

SUPPLY Whiskies in CASKS or JARS at the following low rates:—

	Ordinary. Rs. a.	Special Cash. Rs. a.
Treacher & Co.'s Highland Malt. Per Gallon ...	13 12	12 4
Treacher & Co.'s Fine Old Glenlivet. Per Gallon.	12 8	11 4
Treacher & Co.'s Special Liqueur. Per Gallon...	17 4	15 8
Treacher & Co.'s Old Irish. Per Gallon	13 12	12 4

Or in Small Casks of about 8 Gallons at 4 ans. per Gallon less than the above.

BOMBAY. BYOULLA. POONA.

ASTHMA! ASTHMA!!

The Magic Remedy for Asthma. Paroxysms subsided in a very short time by

NEMESIS' ASTHMA SEDATIVE

Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

F. S. MADON AND CO., BOMBAY.

COFFEE! COFFEE!! COFFEE!!!

FREE DELIVERY ANY RAILWAY STATION IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, TO ANY OTHER STATION IN INDIA ONE ANNA EXTRA PER POUND.

PURE or FRENCH, ROASTED and GROUND in tins from 10 Annas to Rs. 1-2-0 per pound.

DON'T FORGET,

That you pay a higher price for the raw article than we can grow it at,
That there is a natural loss of 20 per cent. weight in roasting,
That you cannot check the proportion of Roasted to Raw Coffee,
That sometimes your Coffee is burnt in roasting,
That sometimes it is under-roasted,
That your Butler will have some of it,
That by buying it ready roasted and weighed you avoid all these causes of loss,
That you get a better article,
That there is no handling, all is done by Machinery,
Therefore all householders should buy their Coffee ready for use from

THE UNITED COFFEE GROWERS' CO., LD.,

[CAPITAL 2 LAKHS.]

With every Tin guaranteed. COIMBATORE, Southern India.
WRITE FOR PRICE LISTS. AGENTS WANTED.

INDIAN CIGARETTES.

THE "LIGHT OF ASIA" BRAND.

MADE PURELY OF THE FINEST

"INDIAN TOBACCO"

WITHOUT PAPER.

THE INDIAN ARMY SERIES.

EACH PACKET of these Cigarettes contains an Illustration of an Indian Regiment. The Illustrations will be continued until the whole Army has been given, forming a UNIQUE AND INTERESTING COLLECTION.

"Each box contains 100 finest hand made Cigarettes without Paper.
Price Rs. 25-0 per 1,000.

McDOWELL & Co., LD.,
MADRAS AND LONDON.

THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE Co., LD.

OFFICES: ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

THE Company has a LARGE and VARIED STOCK of TELEPHONES of the latest and most approved designs.

Office and Domestic Telephones for indoor use.

Perfected General Inter-communication Telephones for large Offices, Warehouses, Hotels, &c.

Railway Telephones for Railway Signal Work.

Mining and Engine House Telephones.

Portable Military or Field Telephones, for Rifle Ranges and field operations in temporary or standing camps.

Telephone accessories and material of every description kept in stock. Estimates furnished for Installations and Instructions given for erection and maintenance, or undertaken, if desired.

The Company also SUPPLY Electric Bells, Indicators, Pushes, Lightning conductors, Medical Induction Coils, &c.

For terms, and particulars apply to the SECRETARY,

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST POST FREE.

BRIGHTON.

CHICHESTER MANSION PRIVATE HOTEL EN PENSION.

Facing sea and New Pier, near Theatre and best shops.

GOOD COOKING AND ATTENDANCE.
BILLIARD AND SMOKING ROOM.
TERMS FROM 7-6 PER DAY,
Two Guineas per week.
TELEGRAMS "MANSIO" BRIGHTON,
PROPRIETRESS.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

FOR SALE AND HIRE,

MESSRS. AHMED DEWJI & BROTHERS, High Class Upholsterers Furniture Manufacturers, Suppliers to NATIVE PRINCES and CHIEFS, have now the pleasure to inform their Constituents and the Public that they are occupying new and extensive Premises, Nos. 10 and 11, Old Cajl Street, Chuckla Road. They make and always have for immediate delivery all kinds of artistic furniture to European style and taste for Dining, Drawing, Office, and Bed-rooms. Also a large and varied stock of Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Perambulators, Bentwood Furniture, Tapestries and Dinner, Dessert, and Toilet Sets, &c., &c., of Standard Makers. Bungalows and Houses furnished on hire at short notice and moderate price.

Up-Country ORDERS and different Contracts undertaken. INSPECTION and CORRESPONDENCE kindly solicited.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

CYCLING SEASON, 1900.

FREE WHEEL ROYAL ENFIELD BICYCLES

riding with the Jehul Free Wheel Gear and Jehul Free Wheel Brake can be obtained by the use of the Enfield Free Wheel Bicycles.

men will find that long-distance riding can be performed on these magnificent Bicycles with less exhaustion.

Enfields are types of Bicycles that have been popular with the Public for many years past.

is a name that has been associated with the soundest work possible, and their

are built with the best material, and with the utmost care to secure a continuity of the great reputation the Manufactures have steadily acquired.

Cash Quotations and Quotations for Extended Payments on Application to

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE

CYCLE COMPONENTS MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED.

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LTD., have received a few samples of Bicycles manufactured by the Cycle Components Manufacturing Co., Ltd. These Machines contain many Patented and Registered parts in universal demand, the whole being designed on mechanical lines and finished in a style to make them desirable Bicycles.

Gent's Model GCC, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	Cash Rs.	230;	Credit Rs.	255
Gent's Model AM/C, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	"	260	"	290
Gent's GCC Model, Gold lined, Extra fittings, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres.	"	300	"	330
Lady's Model AM/C, 23-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	"	285	"	315
Lady's Model BM/C	"	230	"	255

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON,
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.,
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

MUSIC! MUSIC! MUSIC!!

A LARGE AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF

VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

ALWAYS ON HAND.

NEW PUBLICATIONS BY EVERY ALTERNATE MAIL.

CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

SOUNDY & CO., LD.

BECK & CO.'S KAISER BREWERY KEY MARK PILSENER BEER.

LIGHT, PURE, WHOLESOME.

NONE GENUINE EXCEPT WHEN THE LABLES BEAR THE WORDS,

KAISER BREWERY. BECK & CO.,

HADENFELDT AND CO., CALCUTTA
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS IN INDIA.

WHOLSALE AGENTS:— H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO.
KARACHI AND BOMBAY.

TO BE HAD OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT DEALERS.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD,

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

SEE REPORT AND OPINIONS OF THE PRESS AS TO THE REMARKABLE PROGRESS MADE BY THE COMPANY.

ENDOWMENT NON-FORFEITABLE POLICY

FOR Rs. 3,000.

PAYABLE AT AGE 60 OR AT DEATH IF PREVIOUS, WITH PROFITS.

If, at any time, the assured under this plan should desire to cease paying any more premiums, he can obtain a paid-up Policy for such a proportion of the original sum assured as the number of premiums paid bears to the number agreed upon. Thus a gentleman who had assured at age 30 for a Policy of Rs. 3,000 payable at age 60 or at Death, if previous, after 5 years' payments, would be entitled to a Free paid-up Policy or Rs. 500 free of future payments.

MONTHLY PREMIUM.	
At age 20,	Rs. 6-8-0
At age 25,	Rs. 7-8-0
At age 30,	Rs. 8-14-0
At age 35,	Rs. 10-13-0
At age 40,	Rs. 13-12-0
At age 45,	Rs. 18-10-0

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.

Absolute Security.
* Funds invested in Government Securities and in accordance with the Indian Trust Act.
* Policy holders can appoint their own Directors.
90 per cent. of Profits to Participating Policy holders.
Policies simple in form, world wide and indisputable.
Lapsed policies revived without fine.
Liberal Surrender Values. 40 per cent. of the Tabular premiums paid.
Loans to Policy holders at 6 per cent. interest.
Guaranteed 5 per cent. Investment Policies. Life and Endowments.
Immediate payment of Claims.
Non-forfeitable though Suicide.
Medical fees and stamps on Policies are payable by the Company.
* The Empire of India is the only Company that offers this guarantee of Security.

The sum Assured is PAYABLE IN FULL should death occur even immediately after payment of the first premium.

GUARANTEE INSURANCE.—This Company issues Guaranteed Policies in situations of trust and responsibility. It is specially authorized to guarantee the employes of the post Office.

Proposal Forms and full Particulars may be obtained from any local Agent in India or from

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

WEEK END SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN FOR NERAL, KHANDALA AND LONAULI.

ON SATURDAY next, the 3rd November, 1900, a SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN for NERAL, KHANDALA and LONAULI will leave Victoria Terminus, and on MONDAY next, the 5th November, 1900, a return Express Train will leave Lonauli for Victoria Terminus as under :—

ON SATURDAY, 3rd November, 1900.	H. M.	ON MONDAY, 5th November, 1900.	H. M.
Victoria Terminus, Bombay	D 15 25 / A 16 39	Lonauli	D 7 15
Neral	D 16 44 / A 18 16	Khandala	A 7 24 / D 7 27
Khandala	D 18 19	Neral	A 8 52 / D 8 55
Lonauli	A 18 31	Victoria Terminus, Bombay	A 10 10

Passengers and Luggage will be booked at ordinary Fares and Rates.

Intending Passengers should register their seats at the Victoria Terminus in due time.

The load of the ordinary Poona Passenger (2-30) on Saturday will probably be limited, and inconvenience will be avoided if this Special Train is made use of.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the 30th of October, 1900.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy .....As. 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY to WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give Notice, that the FIFTH SESSIONS of 1900 of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of November, 1900, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto, and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 1st day of November, 1900.

JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY,
Sheriff of Bombay.

TOOTH-ACHE
NO MORE!!!
NEMESIS' DENTICLINE.
Gives instantaneous relief,
Price ans. 12 per bottle.

F. S. MADON & Co :
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET, BOMBAY.

INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF CASTOR OIL.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent at his Office at Jhansi, up to noon on January 3rd, 1901, for the SUPPLY of CASTOR OIL for a period of 12 months commencing from the 1st April, 1901.

2. Forms of Tenders giving full particulars of the quantity required and the condition on which tenders will be accepted may be had on application from the Chief Storekeeper on payment of a sum of rupees 2 for each copy.

3. Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for supply of Castor Oil" and must be accompanied by a deposit for Rs. 1,000 (one thousand) without which no tender will be considered. Only cash, Currency Notes or Government Promissary notes will be received as deposit and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favor of the Agent, Indian Midland Railway Company, Limited.

4. The Oil Tendered for to be in accordance with the company's specification, which may be seen at the Chief Store, Jhansi.

The Agent to himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order,
ALEX. BREMNER,
Chief Storekeeper.
Jhansi, 26th October, 1900.

ORIGINAL SHIP-BRAND INDIAN CONDIMENTS,
SUCH AS
CHUTNIES, CURRY POWDERS, PICKLES, PRESERVES, &c.,
That are so well Celebrated in the World,
ARE MANUFACTURED & EXPORTED
BY
MANOCKJEE POONJIAJEE AND SONS,
173, BORAH BAZAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
All orders promptly and carefully executed.
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.
PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

LIST of ESTATES to which LETTERS of Administration have been granted to the Administrator General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge :—

R. H. DOWLING, Accountant, Office of the Officer Commanding Royal Engineers, Quetta.
PACOS CONTENTIN, late Food Contractor and Confectioner, Watson's Annexe Hotel, Bombay.
HERBERT HENRY GRAHAME DUNLOP, late District Engineer, Southern Mahratta Railway, Poona.
JAMSETJI PESTONJI KANDELIA, late of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant.
GEORGE FRED RICK THOMPSON, late Executive Engineer, North-Western Railway, Sukkur District.
REMIGIO PIMENTA, late of Thana East Indian Inhabitant.
DEVIDAS VISHAM, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant.
SIDNEY B. LEGGETT, late Barrister-at-Law, Karachi.

All persons having claims against being indebted to or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his Office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the said estates will be dis ributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

L. RIVITT CARNAC,
Administrator General.
Administrator General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 2nd November, 1900.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 2 P.M., on TUESDAY, the 27th day of November 1900, for the CONSTRUCTION of QUARTERS for Inspectors and Store Rooms at Coorla.

2. Form of contract, Specification, &c., may, on payment of Rs. 5, be obtained from the Undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 505 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash or public securities and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or of refusal to sign the contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equal to 10 per cent. on the contract amount will have to be made by the contractor whose tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.

M. C. MURZBAN, F.R.I.B.A, M. INST. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay, 3rd November, 1900.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of November, 1900, for Works in ovoiding SILK-DRAINS on Malabar Hill.

2. Form of contract, specification, &c., may on payment of Rupees 5 be obtained from the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. five hundred to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the estimated Contract amount, less the cost of articles to be supplied by the Commissioner under the Contract will have to be made by the Contractor, whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

M. C. MURZBAN, F.R.I. B.A., M. Inst. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Special Drainge Engineer's Office, Bombay, 2nd November, 1900.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report,
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1892 and 1899 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1892 and 1899, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance...Rs. 10.
Single Copy .....Annas 4.
Bombay Gazette Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOATING! BOATING!!

BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR PICNIC AND PLEASURE PARTIES.

FINE AND FASHIONABLE GENTRY OF BOMBAY THE BEAUTIFUL.

The famous racing Yacht
"RED ROSE"
RESERVED FOR PICNIC AND PLEASURE TRIPS.

Always at the Service at Apollo Bunder.
CHARGES VERY MODERATE.

Apply to—The Owner of Yacht "RED ROSE," Office, No. 58, Custom Road, Fort.

SQUIBB'S
AGUE SPECIFIC
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL IN

SQUIBB'S Ague Specific. SQUIBB'S Ague Specific. SQUIBB'S Ague Specific.	J. E. Loe, Esq., Personal Assistant to the Home Secretary, Hyderabad Decoan writes :— "I had some from Mr. Preira, and have never yet come across a Remedy at once so effective and prompt in its effect. &c., &c.,	FEVERS, AGUE, CHILL FEVER, INFLUENZA, MALARIA, BUBONIC PLAGUE, EPIDEMIC FEVERS, RHEUMATIC FEVERS, &c., &c.,

Sold by every Chemist for Re. 1-0

☞ BEWARE of spurious immitations now in vogue and sold as "AGUE SPECIFIC." See but SQUIBB'S Ague Specific.

MADON, SONS & Co.,
ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD, BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED IN INDIA IN 1834.

NEW and LARGELY REDUCED PREMIUMS.

WHOLE LIFE and ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES effected on EUROPEAN and selected NATIVE LIVES.

For Rates and Prospectus apply to
KING KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
BOMBAY.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over £ 9,500,000 and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.

N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
East India & Colonial Merchants.
Plantation Agents & Produce Importers.
Passenger, Shipping & Insurance Agents.
India, China & Colonial Newspaper Representatives.
66, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,
FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL BROKERS.
(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

TRANSACT EVERY KIND OF PERSONAL AGENCY, PARTICULARLY :—

NATIVE STATE AGENCY.—The Sovereigns, Princes, Chiefs, Nobles, and Jaghirdars of Native States will best consult their interests by employing this Firm as their BOMBAY AGENTS.

HOUSE, LAND, and ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses, &c., wanted, and of all properties in the Market, which affords the best means of meeting the requirements of VENDORS, PURCHASERS, and all who wish to HIRE or LET HOUSES, OFFICES, &c.

ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages (deposit of title deeds).

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed

MOFUSSIL AGENCY.—Up-country residents will find it greatly to their advantage to place all their ORDERS and COMMISSIONS in our hands. We undertake to execute them with care and fidelity and to give complete satisfaction.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares, bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY of OUTSTANDINGS, RENT and DEBTS collected and recovered.

PARTNERSHIP and BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partnerships negotiated. Partners with capital introduced. Capital found for starting businesses. Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

NEGOTIATIONS, PRIVATE ENQUIRIES, SETTLEMENTS UNDER ARBITRATION, skilfully conducted.

NOTE.—Under Section 37 of the Civil Procedure Code, and under Power of Attorney, Messrs S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co. act as the recognised Agents of mofussil constituents, thus saving them the necessity of coming to Bombay to file and conduct their cases.

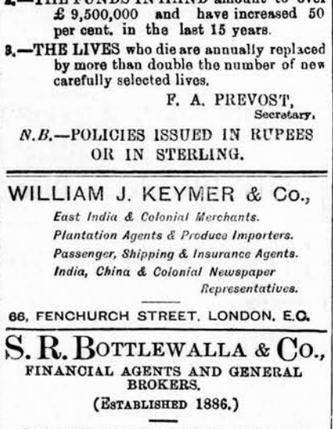
FIRE and LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

CHARGES : Moderate. TERMS on Application.

SAVE TIME, TROUBLE, MONEY, AND TEMPER, BY SENDING ALL YOUR ORDERS AND COMMISSIONS TO
S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,
WHO WILL EXECUTE THEM WITH THE UTMOST PROMPTITUDE, CARE, AND ATTENTION.

OFFICES :
17, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY
(Over Crawford and Co.)
RESIDENCE
CONTRACTOR'S BUILDINGS
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY.

No Stable is complete without



NOTICE.

THE Price of
ELLIMAN FIRST AID BOOK
For HORSES, DOGS, BIRDS, CATTLE,
IS NOW RAISED TO
1/- per Copy,
BUT

If the Label affixed for the purpose to the outside of the wrapper of 2/-, and 3/6 bottles of ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION be sent to us with an address duly filled in, then a Copy of the Elliman First Aid Book is sent POST FREE. Foreign stamps accepted.

Address :
ELLIMAN, SONS & CO., Slough, Eng.

FOR ACHES AND PAINS
Rub In
Elliman's
For Rheumatic Pains,
Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises,
Fresh Cuts,
Sore Throat from Cold.
Chest Colds,
Neuralgia from Cold,
Stiffness from Severe Exercise
Bottles, 8½d., 1/1½, 2/9, 4/-
Prepared only by—
ELLIMAN, SONS & CO., Slough, Eng.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re 1, each succeeding line, As 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

FOR PRESENTATION.—Silver mounted PHOTO FRAMES. English-made, Solid Sterling Silver Mounts in Artistic Chased and open work designs, a dozen patterns to choose from. Cabinet size, Rs. 15 to 25. Carte de Visite, Rs. 8 to 12.—MARCKS AND CO., LD., Bombay and Poona.

ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE.—As a preventive and curative agent in all stages of Cholera, Dysentery and Diarrhœa, this Mixture has been found invaluable. Per bottle Annas 12.—THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NEW SILK TIES.—Latest Styles. Wide End Silk Scarfs, from Rs. 2-8. Smart Silk Ties for Bows, Re. 1-8. Made up Fancy Silk Bows, Re 1-8. Rich Silk Scarfs for Sailor Knots, Rs 2-0. Hunting or Riding Scarves, from Re 1-12.—AGRUTH & LORD, opposite Clock Tower.

CHILD'S BICYCLE FOR SALE.—In quite good condition. Apply CAMA HOSPITAL, Bombay.

DANCING TAUGHT, the whole Ballroom Course by European Lady Artiste at own or pupils residence. Apply No. "56," care of this paper.

ON VIEW.—Late Mr. GRATTAN GEARY'S furniture, old guns and swords, wearing apparel, etc, at Crawford's Rooms, to be sold on MONDAY, 5th Inst. at p.m.

ON VIEW.—Mr. E. J. Reubin's Valuable Furniture, piano, iron ware, safe, etc., at Nesbit Lane, opposite Matagon Police Courts, to be sold on SUNDAY, 4th Inst.

A HUNGARIAN GREY HORSE 15 hands quiet in single and double harness will be sold in BENNETT'S Auction TO-DAY, sold for no faults.

HAVE you ever got your dresses WASHED or DYED at DESAI and Co.? If not, get a trial and you will admire its merits. In order to avoid misunderstanding read the Board DESAI and Co. only, No. 37, Bombay and Chandanwadi High School, opposite the old Shop.

100 RUPEES PRIZE.—Open to every body, nothing to pay. Apply for terms to The SINGER MANUFACTURING Co. 6 Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—GRAND SQUARE PIANO, Schiedmayer and Stuttgart's, as perfect as a new one. For particulars apply No. "101," care of this office.

MATHARAN "Granville" is a first class European Hotel, consisting of Detached Bungalows suitable for families, and large, airy single rooms. Occupies highest, cool-est central position.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, Rusty and Retuse, have them repaired and nickelplated by

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, 9, Medows Street, Bombay.

THE Giant Patent PHŒNIX with 48 Harmonium Steel Reeds and 6 Metal Tunes and case complete, Rs. 150. Never imported into India before. A powerful Hand Organ suitable for Dance or Dancing Halls.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully vited.

FURNITURE.—Messrs. AHMED DEWJI and BROTHERS respectfully invite the Public to inspect their SHOW-ROOM in Chukla Street.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c., &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

ENLARGEMENTS up to LIFE SIZE made in Various styles, with high class finish, without losing tone, likeness, and character, by RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Photographers by Royal Warrant to H I M the Queen Empress of India, Bombay and Secundrabad.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

OLIVER & CO., WATCHMAKERS and MUSICAL DEPOT, High Class Standard Watches in all sizes, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Received English Watches by J. W. BENSON, LONDON, in open faced Silver cases, Rs. 50 and Rs. 60. Celestina, Phœnix, Intona, Aristona, and Hand Organs of every description Repaired and Tuned. Musical boxes of every description Thoroughly Overhauled, Repaired, Cleaned and Oil Barrels and Old Combs renewed. Pianos, Orchestrael, Harmoniums put in Thorough repair and Overhauled by Experienced and Trained workmen. All Repairs are well and carefully examined before despatching. Repairs undertaken in all branches. A Trained Watchmaker has been specially engaged from P. Orr and Sons, Ld., Watchmakers, MADRAS. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers.—In India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price, 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-12-2 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J.C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-13-2 per case, at Bandora.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6 : Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

"TARAXACUM JUICE WITH PODOPHYLLIN," a combination of the two medicines, in a most agreeable form. A certain remedy for sluggish Liver. Per bottle Re. 1 and Rs. 1-12. THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive. Contains valuable Information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, Trafalgar Building Charing Cross, London.

FORMS of POWER of ATTORNEY, Neatly printed, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SINGING LESSONS.—The perfect Art of Vocalization taught by MADAME SCHULTZ at own and Pupils' residences.—Apply 5, Colaba Causeway.

REPORTS Petitions, Memorials, Bouquet Announcements, Bill Forms Books, Pamphlets, &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to The Manager of "Bombay Gazette," Steam Press.

DAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE. Rs. 1. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office

DOCTOR MENIST SPECTACLES.

REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver Rs.	Steel & Nickel Rs.
With Turnpin Side	50	28	16
With Single Temple	50	24	15
With Cur	50	24	16
Folders or Pince-Nez	50	24	16

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S.

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movillete" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men

Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Nickel Rs.	Steel. Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A BOON TO MEN.

A DESCRIPTIVE TREATISE ON THE MODERN AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY IN MEN including Premature Exhaustion and Loss of Vital Energy, with other allied affections, by local absorption. Revised and in progress, with the most advanced researches in the subject. Sent, in a plain sealed envelope, free of charge —S. NORTON, 50 and 60, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON ENGLAND. Established 30 Years.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY, No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF REMAINING STOCK-IN-TRADE, Chinese and Japanese Curiosities, Vases, Tea sets, Lacquered ware; Ivories, Silk Piece Goods Handkerchiefs, &c.

By order of N. C. Macleod, Esquire, Official Assignee, H. C., and in re Quan Lun Yau (Chinaman) an Insolvent, Messrs. MEHERJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 6th November 1900, at 3-30 p.m. at their Sale Rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort consisting of Chinese, and Japanese, Vases, Jars, hanging fern baskets, tea sets, basket-temporary chairs, lacquered panels cabinets, caskets, folding screens, photo frames, Silk Piece-Goods, Handkerchieves, Purdahs, fan, photo views, Pubjes, cigar cases, metal tobacco sets, candlesticks, Ink stands, spectacles, Pictures &c.

Property on view.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co,
Bombay, 3rd November, 1900.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses :—

POMMERY AND GRENO	Rheims.
VEUVE CLIQUOT PONSARDIN	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL	Edinburgh.
BUTZ & GELDERMANN	Ay.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS	Bordeaux.
J. SAGCONE	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS	Bordeaux
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG	Worms.
G. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR	Côtes d' Or
ACKERMANN LAURANCE	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne
JOS. DIETZL	Budapest.
R. SCHLUMBERGER	Vöslau.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE	London.
GEO. IDLE CHAPMAN & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

WHISKY.
LAWSON'S LIQUEUR.
BURKE'S *** IRISH.
Quality and age Guaranteed.

Of all Dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD, BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

NOTICE.

MARTELLS *** BRANDY (Silver Label) at Rs. 32 Per Doz., is equal to many higher priced Liqueur Brandies.

AGENT
B. SMYTH & CO., LIMITED,
2, ESPLANADE, BOMBAY.
(Special Rates to Hospitals, Clubs and Messes.)

WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN
JOHN JAMESON
& SONS' (DUBLIN)
"OWN CASED" VERY OLD BLACK-BOTTLE.
WHISKEY.
Please see you get it with

METAL CAPSULES { BLUE .....One Star. PINK .....Two Stars. GOLD.....Three Stars

OF ALL DEALERS
Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.
C, DAY & Co., LONDON.

R. SCOTT & CO, M. R. C. V. S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES,
GIPGAUM.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles under Personal supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness, (30,) and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale or for treatment including Spce per mensem	35
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

CRUSHED FOOD OATS, BRAN Supplied, &c.

FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER,

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter.
From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth Cheshire Regiment, Chester, writes: "I suffered from Rheumatism in my arms and legs for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few minutes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none did any good for more than a few days. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. This was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not felt the least pain since—in fact, I am in as good health as ever I was in my life.

"Moreover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are tailors by trade, and in seven days they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.

"May 18, 1899."

Mr George Price, St. Margaret's-on-Thames, writes :—"I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try a bottle, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.

"December 23, 1899."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles at 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.
Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" shown on the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

Liqueur Exquisite Tonic Digestive and Efficacious **BENEDICTINE** Possessing most Powerful Germ killing Properties.

The BENEDICTINE liqueur is beneficial to health owing to its spirituous foundation being composed only of eau-de-vie (brandies) of the very purest quality.

Its principal characteristics may be summed up as follows :—

Distinctness of taste, richness of flavour and a delicious bouquet improving with age.

Moreover, the fact has never been disputed, that when diluted with cold water, the liqueur is possessed of great antiapoplectic (*against apoplexy, sudden loss of sense and voluntary motions*), aperient (*slow purgative*), digestive and antispasmodic (*against convulsions qualities*. Refreshes and strengthens the nervous and tired brain marvellously and works as a perfect boon to invalids and a blessing combined with luxury to mankind.

Many celebrated doctors and literary men both in France and other countries have given the liqueur the brilliant testimony of their appreciation, as may be seen by the following letters :—

.... Those of my readers who have confidence in my culinary recommendations, and I trust they are many, will do well to note that I prefer BENEDICTINE to all other liqueurs.

ALEXANDER DUMAS.

..... At a time when the luxuries of the table are sought after on all sides, I do not hesitate to acknowledge and recommend BENEDICTINE as the queen of liqueurs, now to be seen on any table. It is found and appreciated alike in restaurants, in private families, and on the tables of princes.

H. DE PENE.

..... We place BENEDICTINE upon our tables for its excellent flavour and delicate perfume, without thinking that this dainty is a powerful specific, a liqueur most efficacious for promoting digestion and the regular circulation of the blood.

TIMOTHEE TRIMM.

LIQUEUR BENEDICTINE.—Among the liqueurs invented or manufactured by the monks of France, the Benedictine from a hygienic point of view occupies the foremost rank. It is not only an exquisite and savory beverage for persons in good health, but in cases of illness or recovery it is equally eneficial. It may be used to advantage in all cases where Malaga, Madeira, Sherry, &c., are recommended.

The Benedictine is remarkable for its agreeable taste, and for its really salutary effects as a stomachic; and it is principally on this account that the liqueur should bear the motto *Meritur qui non utitur*.

Extract from the *Gazette Médicale*.

After meals we know of nothing more agreeable than a small glass or two of BENEDICTINE. It perfumes the breath, delights the palate, promotes digestion, and is a powerful aid to an inactive or overloaded stomach. During an epidemic, and for combating the evil effects of an impure atmosphere, its curative action is indisputable. At the beginning of last autumn we had occasion to appreciate the full value of this liqueur, and we are now happy to give it our highest praise.

DR. MALLET, M. D.

We place all our confidence in the hygienic properties of BENEDICTINE. Invalids and those who suffer from diseases of the respiratory organs, affections of the chests, headaches, congestion of brain, etc., and who cannot take other liqueurs, can safely make BENEDICTINE their favourite drink as a finish to their meals.

Dr. ACHILLE PEQUEUR, M.D.

I consider your excellent liqueur invaluable to the old who so frequently suffer from indigestion and attacks of biliousness which often prove fatal. BENEDICTINE has long been well known to me, and it was with great readiness that I ordered our religious and my head resident doctor to administer it as a cordial according to your directions.

Dr. J. ROUX DE BRIGNOLLES,
Chief Physician & House Surgeon, Charitable Hospital of Marseilles.

TO BE HAD FROM ALL FIRST CLASS WINE DEALERS.

DR. DE ROOS'
COMPOUND
RENAL PILLS

is the only reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, as it promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stones in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been cast off by the kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in Bottles at 15 s. 1½d., 2s. 9d.,

NOTICES.

KING, KING & Co.,
BOMBAY.
KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand, Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:
HENRY S. KING & CO.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.
EAST COAST SECTION.
RESUMPTION OF THROUGH BOOKING.

ON and from the 3rd NOVEMBER, 1900, unrestricted through BOOKING of all descriptions of COACHING and GOODS TRAFFIC will be resumed, as the Breaches on the Line between KHARGPUR and BALASORE will have then been repaired.

A. E. P. GRAVES,
Traffic Manager.
Calcutta, 13, Garden Reach Road, 1st November, 1900.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.
LOCOMOTIVE AND CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT.
TENDERS FOR UNLOADING AND STACKING COAL AND COKE.

TENDERS are invited for Unloading and Stacking COAL and COKE at the Running Engine Shed and in the Workshops at Parel, for the year 1901, and will be received by the Undersigned upto 1st December 1900.

Tender forms giving particulars and conditions of contract can be obtained on application to the Undersigned. A fee of eight annas will be charged for each tender form.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders must be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Unloading & Stacking Coal and Coke."

E. S. LUARD,
Loco. and Carr. Superintendent.
Parel Works, 27th October, 1900.

BOMBAY, BARODA and CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.
LOCOMOTIVE & CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT.
TENDERS for the PURCHASE of CASTOR CAKE.

TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned upto 15th December, 1900, for the purchase of CASTOR CAKE (1,000 tons more or less) that may be produced at the Company's Oil Mill at Satarmati, during the year 1901.

Tender forms giving particulars and conditions of contract can be obtained from the Undersigned on application and payment of eight annas for each tender form.

Tenders should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for purchase of Castor Cake."

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

E. S. LUARD,
Loco. and Carr. Superintendent.
Parel Works, 27th October, 1900.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 705 OF 1899.

MERWANJEE MUNCHERJEE CAMA and HORMUSJEE MUNCHERJEE CAMA, both of Bombay, Parsee inhabitants, the former residing at Peddar Road, without the Fort of Bombay, and the latter at Napean Sea Road, without the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

NOWROJEE NUSSERWANJEE THOONTHI, also of Bombay, Parsee inhabitant, residing at Shaik Abdul Rehman Street, without the Fort of Bombay.....Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 18th day of June, 1900, the following immovable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court, at his office, in the Court House, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of November, 1900, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate, right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiffs and the defendant in the following property, viz:—

All that piece of Batty ground situate at or near Camatebura or the Cross Road leading to the Grant Road in the Island of Bombay and containing by admeasurement thirty thousand square feet, be the same, little more or less, and bounded on the North by the property formerly of Mr. Tanner but now by the property of Kessa Fulla, on the South by the Furss Road, on the East by the property formerly of Nowrojee Shapurjee Commeligar, but now of the Napier Laundary, and on the West by the property formerly of Burjorjee Sorabjee Lyewalla but now by the property of Hajee Adam Seedick and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under C Ward Nos. 23 and 24 and Ward No. 2768 to 2797 and 2767 and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No.....and which premises are situate in the sub-district of the Registrar of Bombay.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Mr. Khareghjee D. Shroff, Attorney for the Plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 15, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated, this 27th day of September, 1900.

J. J. GAZDAR,
Acting Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 707 OF 1899.

MERWANJEE MUNCHERJEE CAMA and HORMUSJEE MUNCHERJEE CAMA, both of Bombay, Parsee inhabitants, the former residing at Peddar Road and the latter at Napean Sea Road without the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

NOWROJEE NESSERWANJEE THOONTHI, also of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, residing at Shaikh Abdul Rehman street, without the Fort of Bombay.....Defendant.

PURSUANT to the DECREE Absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 18th day of June, 1900, the following immovable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of November, 1900, at half past three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS

All the estate, right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiffs and Defendant in the following property:—

All that piece of Batty ground or piece of ground containing by admeasurement 1163 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, in Abdool Rehman Street, or Bottlewala Moholla, on the North side thereof and bounded as follows:—On the East by a Sweeper's passage, on the West by the Public Road called Abdool Rehman Street, on the North by the house of Framjee Eduljee Comrigar, and on the South by the house of Nowrojee Nesserwanjee Thoontni and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of Hormusjee Dorabjee Daroowalla and his tenants and are now in that of the said Nowrojee Nesserwanjee Thoontni and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under B Ward No. 288, and Street No. 371.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Mr KHARSEDJEE D SHROFF, Attorney for the Plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 15, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay—Dated this 1st day of October, 1900.

J. J. GAZDAR,
Acting Commissioner.

BABY CHAIRS.
Patent, Adjustable, Cane and Wood.
Also Utility Tables, for Hospitals and Sick Rooms.
John Roberts & Co. Ltd.
BOMBAY.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, careless residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Registered Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,
15, BANK STREET
THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES
THE
BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS
FOR PERUSAL IN THE
MORNING AND NOON
AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION,
ALSO
HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.
Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.
FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 2m. Sun sets, 5h. 15m. High water, 7-33m., 8-28a. Low water, 1-9m., 2-1a.
Arrival of Lord Northcote from Mahableshwar, 5-30 a.m.
Gymkhana Extra Mounted Sports.
Bombay Gymkhana "At Home."
B. V. A. Parade, Corps Club, Apollo Bunder.
B. V. A., Smoking Concert, Nesbit Road Headquarters, 9 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 6h. 2m. Sun sets, 5h. 25m. High water, 8-32m., 9-22a. Low water, 2-18m., 2-48a.

PARSEE CYCLING CLUB.—Members will meet at Sir B. Temple's Statue, at 6-30 a.m., to-morrow, for a run to the Matoonga salt-pans, viz Vellard and back, and on Tuesday, at Sir R. Temple's Statue, at 8-15 p.m., for a moon-light run to Vellard and further.

CYCLE ENGINEERING.—The Cycle Engineering Institute of Great Britain has elected Mr. Sorabjee E. Vatcha, of Messrs. Vatcha Brothers, as a member during their last meeting. This is the first native who has received such honour. The Raleigh Cycle Co. has now appointed Messrs. Vatcha Brothers their sole agents for their well-known products.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for St. Marie, Tamatave, Reunion, Mauritius and Seychelles, via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7 p.m., on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 6th and 7th inst.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China Japan and Australia, per s. s. Clyde, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7 a.m., on Wednesday, the 7th inst.

DHUNJEEBHOY EDALJEE ALLBLESS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—At the Dhunjeebhoy Edaljee Allbless Charitable Dispensary, under the management of the Trustees of the Fund for Erecting Cheap Residences for Poor Parsees, the total number of patients treated during the last month was 369, of which there were 75 males, 180 females and 113 children.

BURGLARY AT TARDEO.—Shetalprasad Ramsook, a rent collector, in the employ of Mr. Nowroji Jehanghir Gamadia, has reported to the police that he locked his room at Tardeo on Thursday morning, and went out. On his return at 3 p.m., he found his place broken into and currency notes and a gold ring of the collective value of Rs. 350-0-0, stolen from a box.

ROBBERY OF PRECIOUS STONES.—Magonlal Bhanabhoy, a merchant, having his place of business on the second floor of a house, at Vithalwady, has made a report to the police that during his absence from the shop for a few hours, on Thursday morning, some persons broke into the place and carried off pearls, diamonds and other precious stones, of the value of Rs. 2,775.

PORT TRUST EMPLOYES ANNUAL MASS.—The annual mass in honour of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, given by the Catholic employes of the Bombay Port Trust, will be celebrated in the Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar, at 9 a. m., on Sunday next, 4th instant. A sermon in English will be preached. A select choir, under the direction of Mr. Robert B. Pires, of the Docks Department, will sing on the occasion. There will be a meeting of the subscribers after the mass.

THE STABBING AFFRAY AT FREREE ROAD.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday afternoon, Inspector Barker brought on remand and again charged Moses Leo Douglas, a Eurasian, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, with attempting to murder a Spaniard, named Charles Torres, inspector in the Bandra Improvement Trust, by cutting him in six places with a chaku, under Section 307 of the Indian Penal Code. After recording some further evidence the magistrate committed the accused to take his trial at the next criminal sessions of the Bombay High Court.

DAMAUN NEWS.—The total mortality of Lower Damaun during the last month was 56, being 7 more than that of the preceding month and 50 more than that of the corresponding month of the last year. Of the total number 32 died from starvation, 18 fever, 2 cholera, 1 old age, 1 phthisis, and 1 drowning. The classified list of death shows:—Naiks, 28; Dhoflas, 5; Mahomedans, 5; Machis, 4; Doolas, 3; Farasis, 2; Kolis, 2; Kharwas, 2; Varli, 1; Ghadi, 1; Bania, 1; Bhundari, 1; and Dhed, 1. Village of Lower Damaun contributed 45, Kathiria 8, Kharawad 2, and Khariwadi 1. During the month nine days showed a clear mortality bill.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF A SEWING MACHINE.—Darjee Jasram Ghasiram was placed yesterday, before Mr. Webb, at the Esplanade Police Court, as the insane Tessoranjee Vandhaj, with committing criminal breach of trust in respect of a sewing machine, valued at Rs. 80. Accused said he had purchased the machine on the instalment payment system; but that his illness prevented him from making the payments. When told to produce the machine, he said he had kept it with a certain party. He could neither point out the party nor produce the machine. Accused was adjudged guilty and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for two months.

JOURNALISTIC.—To-day, Mr. F. H. Brown, who has conducted the "Indian Daily Telegraph" as editor for the past two years, severs his connection with the paper; and we much regret that this is done under circumstances of a painful nature. If there is anything to boast of in the progress which the "Indian Daily Telegraph" has made and in the position which it now holds, the credit is due to Mr. Brown, who has worked diligently and devotedly to commend the paper to all right-thinking men as the representative of the country's best interests. His strict independence and honesty of purpose have been uniformly acknowledged, not least by those who differed from him in opinion; and his departure will be regretted by many. It is known and the kindness which he has learned to esteem those qualities which he transferred to the pages of this journal. Mr. Brown came to India seven years ago to the "Bombay Gazette," and in 1898 he came to Lucknow to take charge of the "Indian Daily Telegraph," then a new venture. His study of the questions peculiar to this country and journalistic grip are responsible for such development as has taken place between then and now, a development which we think, we may say, has been considerable and appreciated by our readers. In the office of this paper, and by the directors, Mr. Brown has been held in high regard both personally and as an associate in business, and in bidding him a hearty good-bye we desire for him complete restoration to health in his native climate, and a long life of happiness and usefulness.—*Indian Daily Telegraph.*

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns, for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade....	2	1	3
B Mandvi, Chakla, Umarkhadi and Dongri.....	2	5	23
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar and Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	11	10	31
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi	1	0	12
Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Ramalpura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada.....	1	4	21
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ..	1	0	7
G Mahim and Worlee	0	0	8
Water Division.....	0	0	0
Non-resident and unknown.	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	3	13
Total.....	18	23	121
Total plague deaths to date...	10,874	66,181	
Same date last year...	11	10	105

PLAGUE IN POONA.

The following are the plague returns of the Poona City from the 26th to 31st instant:—

	Cases.	Deaths.
Shukurwar	7	5
Vetal	8	4
Ganj	3	3
Raviwar	4	4
Ganesh	1	1
Budhwar	4	4
Sadashiv	4	4
Narayan	1	1
Shanvar	2	2
Bhavani	2	2
Nana	3	3
Kasba	4	0
Mukund	1	0
Nihal	1	1
Bhau Gokhale	2	1
Unkno n	1	0
Total mortality 41.	46	33

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. POLLEN
COMMANDING B. V. R.
Bombay, 3rd November.

1. Arms and Accoutrements will be issued to Members at Head-quarters between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. No Arms, &c., will be issued to Members unless they apply in person.

2. A Guard of Honour, consisting of 100 Rank and File, with Band, will parade at Victoria Terminus, G. I. P. Railway, at 11-15 a.m. on Friday, the 9th instant, for the purpose of receiving his Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, Captain Le Patourel will Command the Guard. Dress—Review Order, Khaki.

3. The following members having joined are taken on the Strength and posted to "C" Company from this date:—No. 4993 Vol F J warder, No. 4994 Vol S P Cutmann, No. 4995 Vol F Roberts, No. 4996 Vol A C Pentigrew, No. 4997 Vol H G Trigg, No. 4998 Vol F Duckett. No. 4999 Vol M Watts and No. 4910 Vol W Jefferies.

4. No. 4736 Volunteer E Merrett is transferred from A Company to 16 (Cyclist) Company from this date.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, 3rd November.

1. The Corps will parade at the Corps Club, Apollo Bunder to-day, at 4 p.m. sharp and proceed to Colaba North Fort to commence the Annual Gun Target practice. Dress—Drill order with out arms, patties to be worn. No. 1 Sub-division of each Company is detailed for first relief.

2. There will be a General Meeting of No. 2 Company at the Nesbit Road Head-quarters on Tuesday the 6th instant at 8.15 p.m. All members are particularly requested to attend.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Capt. R. A.
Adjutant, B. V. A

NOTICE.

There will be a Smoking Concert at the Nesbit Road Head-quarters to-day, at 9 p.m. to which all members of the Corps are invited. A double tram-car will beat the siding near Watson's Hotel at 8-15 p.m. leaving at 8-30 sharp to convey guests to Byculla.

SPECIALITY FOR THE SKIN.—Purest, most emollient and most hygienic of all soaps. The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the toilet, bath, and nursery; and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, absolutely pure. A boon to sensitive skins. Indispensable for children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

MORE FIGHTING AND BRITISH LOSSES.

THE RETURN OF THE GENERALS.

THE BOER ATTEMPTS AT TRAIN WRECKING.

LYTTELTON'S MOVEMENTS—OFFICIAL DESPATCH.

(From the mail papers of Oct. 12 to 19.)

THE War Office has received the following despatch from Lord Roberts:—

Pretoria, October 12, 4.35 p.m.—Several attempts have been made with more or less success during the last few days to interfere with our railway and telegraphic communications. The persistency of the Boers is somewhat remarkable, for the damage done is soon repaired, and is invariably followed by severe punishment. De Wet's men continue to be greatly scattered in the neighbourhood of the Vaal. A good many deserted after the fighting reported in my telegram of the 10th inst.

A slight engagement took place near Middleburg, when we had two men wounded. Several of the enemy are reported to have been killed. General Lyttelton with the headquarters, 4th Division of the 8th Brigade reached Dlistroom yesterday en route to Middelburg. Stephenson reports that he had two men killed and four wounded in an encounter with some Boers north of Nelspruit on the 10th inst. A man of the Sussex Regiment was killed near Kroonstad on the 10th, and the following day two Boers fell into a trap laid for them by some of Brabant's Horse. Kelly Kenny reports that two policemen were killed by a marauding party of Boers at Pietersburg on the 10th inst.

A BOER LAAGER SURPRISED.

The following telegram has been received at the War Office from Lord Roberts:—

Pretoria, October 13.—A satisfactory little affair took place near Frankfort on the 11th, when Col. Grove, Royal West Kent Regiment, surprised a Boer laager at dawn on that day. Seven of the enemy were killed, nine were wounded, and 18 were made prisoners. Our casualties, Sergt. W. Canty, Royal West Kent, severely wounded. Five prisoners have arrived at Krugersdorp, having been released by Delarey, Corpol. Welham and Privates Fretham and Nichols, belonging to the Northumberland Fusiliers, Private Dirgan to the Border Horse, and Private Keyss, to the Kimberley Mounted Corps. They were for some time in gaol at Zeerust, and were not well treated until Delarey arrived there. They then went well with them. The few English ladies at Zeerust did all they could for them. A party of the 4th Cheshires, escorting empty waggons, was captured on the 11th between Bothulle and Springfontein. The Boers kept a mule-waggon and released the men.

GENERAL MAHON ENGAGED.

HEAVY BRITISH LOSSES.

Lord Roberts has sent the following telegram to the Secretary of State for War:—

Pretoria, October 15, 11-45 p.m.—French, with the 1st and 4th Cavalry Brigades, has started from Machadodorp towards Heidelburg, to clear a part of the country which has not been hitherto visited by our troops. Mahon, commanding the mounted infantry portion of the column, became engaged with the enemy on the 13th. He met with success, but our losses were, I regret to say, severe. Killed: Captain H. W. Taylor, "M" Battery Royal Horse Artillery; Lieutenant F. Wylam, 8th Hussars; and 8 men. Wounded: Royal Horse Artillery—Lieutenant W. S. Brander; 8th Hussars—Lieutenant and Adjutant P. Jones (since dead), Major Duff (hand, slight); 16th Lancers—Second Lieutenant H. Gilmour (severe) and 25 men. French occupied Carolina yesterday, the Carabineers capturing a Boer convoy during the march. Lyttelton is concentrating his march towards Middelburg. His casualties since leaving Lydenburg are one man killed and five men wounded.

FIGHTING IN THE SOUTH AND WEST.

FIFTY BOERS TAKEN PRISONERS.

The War Office has received the following telegram from Lord Roberts:—

Pretoria, October 15.—Rundle reports that Campbell's convoy going from Standerton to Vrede was attacked on 11th inst., and that seven men of the Rundle went from Vrede to assist the convoy and drove the enemy off with a loss of seven men wounded. Errol telegraphs from Ottoshoop that a patrol of Australian Bushmen met a party of seventy Boers on the 12th near that place. Three of the Bushmen were wounded, one since dead, and one still missing. Nine of the Boers were wounded. The following day the Boers retired from their position near Ottoshoop without waiting for our attack. Settle, who is moving on the east of the Kimberley-Mafeking railway, entered Bloemhof yesterday without opposition. He has captured fifty prisoners and is now moving on Hoopstad. Kelly-Kenny reports that Lieutenant E. M. Hanbury and one man wounded on 13th near Jagersfontein. The men who were taken prisoners were released by the Boers.

SURRENDER OF BOTHA'S BROTHER.

The War Office publishes the following telegram sent by Lord Roberts to the Secretary of State for War:—

Pretoria, October 16, 10-32 p.m.—Kelly-Kenny reports that Lieutenant Malcolm with his small detachment of police at Wepener, on the 14th, attacked a party of Boers who had appeared in that neighbourhood. Seven Boers were killed and 17 of them made prisoners. We had no casualties. Captain Pinecoffin encountered a number of Boers on the 14th near Ventersburg road station. He succeeded in driving them from a position which they had taken. Information that another party was threatening his line of retreat. In the retirement, during which he was closely pressed, Lieutenant H. Attfield and two men were killed and four men wounded, all belonging to the Derbyshire Militia Infantry. Lieutenant Attfield is a great loss. He has Kelly-Kenny, Barton reports from Welverdind that Boers in small parties have been seen are in the neighbourhood doing all the mischief they can. He came into contact with some of them on the 14th, when Lieutenant Johnson, the Duke of Westminster, and Lords Fincastle and Athlumney.

General Hutton commanded a mounted infantry division formed of Colonial troops, which did very effective service in the march from Bloemfontein to Pretoria. General Wavell commanded the 15th Brigade of the Seventh (Tucker's) Division, which had some hard fighting last February in the advance from Modder River to Bloemfontein. General Chermside was chiefly engaged in the operations in the south-east of the late Free State.

THE BOER MARAUDERS.

COMMUNICATIONS CUT BETWEEN NATAL AND THE RAND.

Within five miles of Standerton 500 thieving Boers are flitting hither and thither, harrying their own people. Repeated requests (says the Pretoria correspondent of the "Daily Mail") are being made to the authorities at Standerton, as elsewhere, by surrendered Boers, for arms and permission to go against the marauders. The requests have been declined, though they are accepted as genuine. Numbers of Boer families, with waggons and stock, continue to arrive in Pretoria.

The operations of the guerillas will be considerably restricted when the Yeomanry and Constabulary gets to work in earnest. The country will be divided into wards, and it is expected that the presence of the constabulary will repress marauding and sniping parties. Police barracks have already been established in Pretoria, and are found to be most popular. For the three hundred vacancies for officers nine hundred applications have been received. Numbers of New Zealanders, Australians, Yeomanry, and Colonial Volunteers have joined.

Mr. Keiser, the former landlord of Standerton, has not rendered. It will be remembered that before the British arrived there Mr. Kruger ordered Mr. Keiser to seize all the gold in the Transvaal National Bank at Standerton, which he did. On searching Mr. Keiser's house the other day a lady's dress was discovered with 500 sovereigns elaborately sewn upon it, making it like a piece of chain armour. Bills and receipts were also found which showed that Mr. Keiser had of late disbursed large amounts.

Commandant Erasmus, having been convinced by the report of his emissaries that the British are actually in possession of Komati Poort, is negotiating with the idea of surrender. The Commandant of Boksburg has followed his example, and Commandant Muller, of Standerton, has also come in. A few of the Standerton commando are still holding out in expectation of the arrival of the large force of Americans which (says the "Standard's" correspondent) they have been told is marching to their assistance. The story, absurd as it seems, is not wholly incredible, considering that the burghers were not convinced until they had reached Lourenco Marques that France and Russia had not declared war on Great Britain.

Small parties of marauders are still active but they are hard pressed for food. Two or three hundred men, who are believed to belong to Delarey's command, are surrounded eight miles to the west of Johannesburg. They have been holding out for three days, and fighting is still in progress.

General De Wet is wandering about the neighbourhood of the Vaal River. The pursuit is being kept up by a special force of Colonials. Each man has two horses, and the transport is conveyed in light Cape carts.

The Caledonian Society in Johannesburg proposes to raise a permanent Volunteer force of infantry, artillery, and mounted infantry. The Imperial authorities have been asked to supply the guns. One thousand applications to join have already been handed in.

The Boers are still in possession of the line at Vlakfontein, and communication with Natal is consequently interrupted.

The Boers have burned a number of farmhouses belonging to British residents in the Standerton district.

THE OCCUPATION OF BLOEMHOF.

Capetown, Wednesday.—Colonel Settle entered Bloemhof on Sunday morning, the Boers clearing out practically under cover of the fire raised by the British column. Colonel Settle found that the Boers there implicitly believed that Baden-Powell, with 12,000 men and twelve guns, was a prisoner. They still supposed also that Kruger was at Pretoria and acting as President. The Boers had seen no newspapers since July. Colonel Settle is requisitioning cattle freely, giving proper receipts. It is hoped this policy will deprive the parties of Boers still in the field of their food supplies and so conduce to an early surrender.—Central News.

BOERS NEAR BLOEMFONTEIN.

Bloemfontein, October 16.—Twelve Boers to-day looted Minogues Farm, 18 miles from this place, on the Kimberley road. Each man had two horses. They told the people of the farm that they were the vanguard of a strong Boer force.—Reuter.

Pretoria, October 16.—During the last few days the telegraphs to the south and east have been interrupted. The Boers, who have hitherto generally left the telegraph lines wherever they destroyed the line, have now begun to cut the wires. The Irish Hospital, under Sir William Thomson, left to-day.

It has done splendid work which has been much appreciated by the whole Army.—Reuter.

SKIRMISH BETWEEN AN AUSTRALIAN PATROL AND THE BOERS.

Mafeking, October 16.—A skirmish has occurred at Louws Farm between a patrol of New South Wales Bushmen and a party of Boers. Boers having been arrested for concealment of arms, the patrol was sent to make enquiries. On arrival at the farmhouse, they questioned a woman. She suddenly snatched down a white sheet hanging in front of the door and hurried inside. Simultaneously with her disappearance, a heavy fusillade was opened upon the patrol. Two of the Bushmen were hit, one so badly that he had to be left on the ground. The remainder made for a rocky ridge, and took cover behind boulders. Waiting until the pursuing Boers arrived within short range, they opened fire. Eight of the enemy fell from their saddles. On the following day a strong patrol failed to find a single Boer.—Reuter.

RAILWAY COMMUNICATION WITH THE RAND RESTORED.

Durban, October 17.—Railway communication with the Rand has now been resumed after several days' stoppage, caused by the attack on the train near Vlakfontein.—Exchange Telegraph Company.

BOER DEFEAT.

A COMMANDO PRACTICALLY DESTROYED NEAR VRYHEID.

Durban, Oct. 16.—A Boer commando having been reported in the neighbourhood of Vryheid, Bethune's Mounted Infantry moved out against the enemy. They prepared an ambuscade, into which the Boers fell head over heels, with the result that no fewer than 60 of the enemy were killed, 35 wounded, and 65 taken prisoners, the entire commando being thus accounted for. The prisoners have been brought here.—Central News.

GENERAL BOTHA DISCUSSES SURRENDER.

"THE ZOUTPANSBERG REPUBLIC."

It is reported from Pretoria that another attempt is being made to open up negotiations with Commandant General Louis Botha, with a view to his surrender. General Botha, it is reported, held a meeting of his commandants last Friday at Oliphant's River to discuss the advisability of surrender. Commandant Birkem, who made submission a few days ago, stated to the "Mail's" correspondent that he has reason to believe that there will be a large surrender of Transvaal Boers in ten or twelve days.

The new "Zoutpansberg Republic" proclaimed by Barend Vorster, with himself as President, has Mr. Munnik (formerly Minister of Mines in the Transvaal Government) for its State Secretary, and Mr. Kreks as State Attorney.

"THE ZOUTPANSBERG REPUBLIC."

A CURIOUS STORY.

Pretoria, October 10.—As soon as Mr. Kruger left Nelspruit, Barend Vorster, one of the members of the Raad, commenced an agitation in favour of a separate Republic, with the result that, after some ceremony, a Republic was declared under the title of "The Zoutpansberg Republic," with Barend Vorster as President and Krause as Vice-President. It was supposed for a time that Boer Administration, and probably the advent of Botha and Burger put an end to the aspirations of the budding Republic. Viljoen, backed by a number of Johannesburg Afrikanders and a colony of rebels, is making a determined stand. These irreconcilables, however, have to be stimulated to keep up their courage. The latest telegram circulated is that the Democratic party is sure to win the election in the United States, and that on the day of victory 20,000 Americans will sail for Africa to fight the British. It is known as an absolute fact that such a tale has been officially circulated.—Reuter.

GENERAL BULLER'S RETURN TO ENGLAND.

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION.

Pretoria, October 11.—An Army Order has been issued announcing that General Sir Redvers Buller has relinquished the command of the Natal Field Force, and is about to return to England. The order adds that the Field-Marshal cannot allow General Buller to leave South Africa without thanking him for his great services while commanding the Natal Field Force, as well as for the ability with which he carried out the operations while serving under Lord Roberts' immediate command, which resulted in the collapse of the Boers in the eastern portion of the Transvaal.—Reuter.

Pretoria, October 9 (delayed in transmission).—General Sir Redvers Buller has arrived here. A portion of his staff, with horses, is leaving to-night for Pietermaritzburg. General Ian Hamilton has arrived here.—Reuter.

Pretoria, October 11 (delayed in transmission).—General Buller left here at midnight. The line is still interrupted between Heidelberg and Standerton, but General Buller hopes to get to Natal to-morrow.—Reuter.

Pretoria, October 8 (delayed in transmission).—Major Furse has been appointed to superintend the departure of all the Colonial corps. General Nicholson has been appointed on return for India, where he has been appointed Military Member of Council. Four rack engines have been secured, and are now working.—Reuter.

THE "SAVIOUR OF NATAL."

GENERAL BULLER'S RECEPTION AT MARITZBURG.

General Buller arrived at Maritzburg on Monday morning, and was greeted by a large crowd. An address of welcome was presented by the Mayor. General Buller, in reply, said he deeply felt the warmth of the reception accorded to him, especially coming as it did from people who were in a position to judge of the difficulties he had to contend against in Natal. He also acknowledged the great assistance he had received from the Natal Volunteers.

General Buller, who is in splendid health and spirits, (says the correspondent) had not changed in years younger than when he was last here, remains the guest of the Governor. To-day there is another public reception, when plans of business will be closed. All citizens unite in honouring the man whom they enthusiastically term the "saviour of Natal."

Durban, October 17.—The Durban Municipality will present a congratulatory address to Sir Redvers Buller on his arrival here from Pietermaritzburg. It is understood that General Buller will leave here on Saturday for England. He will go to Capetown by the Hawarden Castle, and there transfer to the Dunvegan Castle.—Reuter.

MORE GENERALS RETURNING.

Among those sailing for England from Capetown on Wednesday were Generals Hutton, Wavell, and Clarence Paget, Captain Lord Edward Gleichen, and Lords Fincastle and Athlumney.

General Hutton commanded a mounted infantry division formed of Colonial troops, which did very effective service in the march from Bloemfontein to Pretoria. General Wavell commanded the 15th Brigade of the Seventh (Tucker's) Division, which had some hard fighting last February in the advance from Modder River to Bloemfontein. General Chermside was chiefly engaged in the operations in the south-east of the late Free State.

MR. KRUGER'S DEPARTURE POSTPONED.

Lourenco Marques, October 17.—Mr. Kruger's departure for Europe has been postponed until the 20th inst. He will proceed via Ulundi and Madadeni. Small parties of Boers continue to return to Komati Poort, where they are surrendering to the British on the assurance that they will not be sent out of the country.—Reuter.

The Transvaal Agency at Brussels has received a despatch from Lourenco Marques announcing the imminent departure of Mr. Kruger on board the Gelderland. The Agency thinks that the ex-President will undertake a circular tour of the European capitals and pay a visit to Mr. McKinley in Washington.

RUSSIA AND THIBET.

THE St. Petersburg correspondent of the "Times" telegraphed on Oct. 14:—The news contained in my despatch under the above heading in the "Times" of Oct. 2 as to the expected arrival of a special envoy from Thibet has been quickly confirmed. The "Official Gazette" of to-day contains the following announcement at the very head of its first column:

"Yesterday, at 12 o'clock noon the senior Tsanite Khomba, attached to the Dalai Lama of Thibet, Axharamba Agvan Dorjieff, had the happiness of being presented to his Imperial Magesty the Czar, in the Palace at Livadia.

In reference to the above, the Odessa correspondent of the "Times" telegraphed on Oct. 17:—The special audience accorded by the Czar last Saturday at Livadia to the special envoy from Thibet is receiving great attention from the South Russian Press, and is regarded as a great victory for Russian diplomacy.

The Odessa correspondent of the "Standard" telegraphed on Oct. 15:—One of the side issues of the Chinese Question now discussed in political circles at St. Petersburg is the future destiny of Thibet. It is said that England's aggressive designs upon that forbidden region have for many years past only been held in check by the watchful and astute policy of the Chinese Government. It, however, as a result of the present distracted condition of the Celestial Empire, the Bogdi-Khan be reduced for a long period to a state of absolute impotence, the British Indian Government will, it is alleged, find some pretence for penetrating that mysterious territory, the heart and centre of Buddhist culture, and for undermining its ancient Theocracy. The only way to protect Thibet against this threatened danger, it is urged, is for Russia to plant her influence firmly in the western dependencies of China. If successful, such a move would also give to this country another and very strong "point d'appui" for creating a demonstrative movement against British India, and lighten the task of raising a diversion as three or four points to the south. This policy will become all the more incumbent, it is hinted, if Russia's historical and traditional struggle to reach the Persian Gulf should be marred by England. It is scarcely necessary to say that this "pretended alarm" about Thibet is started of pure malice prepense in some Anglophobe official quarter, with the sole object of damaging the British Indian Government, and of keeping alive at a critical international juncture, the stereotyped calumny of England's restless passion for mischievous political intrigue. The real point of the spurious agitation of this remote question, at

NOTICE.

VISITORS' BOOKS for THEIR EXCELLENCIES the GOVERNOR and LADY NORTHCOTE will be KEPT DAILY (except on Sundays) at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Malabar Point, as well as at the NEW SECRETARIAT, between 10 a.m., and 6 p.m., from 3rd November, 1900.

Government House, Mahableshwer, 2nd November, 1900.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST.

By Appointment to

H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P.C. G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.,

VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

OFFICES IN INDIA:
CALCUTTA. BOMBAY. MADRAS.
HEAD OFFICES:
67 and 69, Chancery Lane, London.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

PIANOFORTES
FOR
POONA SEASON.
ERARD PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.
BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.
SCHIEDMAYER and
SOEHNE'S PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.

TUNING.—The well-being and durability of a piano depending in a great degree on the regularity of tuning by qualified tuners, MARCKS and Co., Ld., have made special arrangements this season for the continual stay, at Poona, of a thoroughly competent man. Special attention is invited to the fact that MARCKS and Co., Ld., possess special facilities for undertaking large repairs to pianos that have been years in use. They are able to restore them to a condition almost as good as new.

MARCKS AND CO., LD.,
IMPORTERS OF HIGH CLASS PIANOS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MANGALORE TILES!
ROOFING AND FLOORING.
ITALIAN FLOORING TILES.
FINEST QUALITIES, POPULAR PRICES.

B. PINTO,
55, MATHARPAKADY, BOMBAY.

SEND US YOUR PHOTOGRAPH
(even if old or faded)
Or that of any friend or relative, WHOSE MEMORY YOU REVERE, and we will reproduce it, highly finished
[redacted]NENT
[redacted]GEMENT
[redacted]NT BROMIDE PROCESS
Painted in Solid Oil or in Delicate Water Colour.
☞ A Single figure can be taken out from a group if required, without any extra expense.
NEVER OFFERED BEFORE.
A Beautiful Enlargement on mount 17in. by 22in for Rs. 15 only.
P. D. KANGA & Co,
16, Church Gate Street.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office

CAUTION.
THE PUBLIC are WARNED against PURCHASING LOCKS from the Market Shops, as many have been cheated by the dealers in common Locks under the name of FALSE CHUBB, &c., ; and that the GENUINE CHUBB'S LOCKS could be had from the Undersigned (Sole Agent).
Any person or persons finding any spurious, Locks or imitations, may bring them to the Undersigned, who will not only Reward the finder, but will PROSECUTE such dealers.
Common tin boxes painted entirely in black with yellow stripes do not mean in the least degree to be CHUBB'S, which might tend the buyers to purchase simply because they are offered very cheap. It is therefore advisable to PURCHASE CHUBB'S GENUINE articles such as
SAFES, BOXES,
LOCKS, &c.,
from the CHUBB'S AGENT.
All Letters, as well as orders will be promptly attended to and despatched with great care.
EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
SOLE AGENT IN BOMBAY
FOR
Messrs. CHUBB & SONS' LOCK and SAFE COMPANY, LD.,
87, PARSEE BAZAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,
BANKERS, MERCHANTS, AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE,
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W.C.,
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "PULLICATE LONDON."
A. B. C. CODE USED.
CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.
INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.
PASSAGES booked by a Line of Steamers.
ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.
The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions of Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

VITAL POWER.
MANY THOUSANDS of men suffer from enervating weaknesses, and cannot find a cure for them. I say to such sufferers; write to me; and I will show you a recently discovered means (simple and certain) by which you can be relieved of your sufferings. It will only cost you a penny for postage, and it will cure all the under-mentioned diseases, as well as those peculiar ailments which invariably accompany NERVOUS DISORDERS of all kinds. If you suffer from Exhausted Vitality, Loss of Energy Weakness, Despondency, Premature Decay, Varicocele, Brain Fag, Nervousness, Blotches on the Skin, Dimness of Sight, Melancholy, Loss of Memory, Noises in the Ears, Kidney, or Liver Complaints, or any disease of the Urinary Organs, do not fail to send a stamped addressed envelope to:—GEORGE WRIGHT, Esq., Colne House, Rembrandt Road Lee, London S.E. (Name this paper).

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 2.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols ..... 98 5-8 unchanged.
3 per cent Rentes ..... £100 1-2 "
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan ..... £109 1-2 "
3 1-2 per cent. Govt. Securities ... £84 13-16 "
Bar Silver in London ..... 29 7-8 plus 1-16
Do New York ..... 64 1-2 plus 1-8
Exchange on London at Paris ... 25 10 1-2 unchanged.
Do New York ..... 4·83 7-8—1-8
Discount, Bank of England 4 per cent. unchanged.
Do Short London Bills, 4 per cent. "
Extra allotments.—Bills on Calcutta for Rs. 30,000 at 1-3 31-32.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending Wednesday show the following results :—

Total Bullion	£ 32,400,000	Dec.	£ 400,000
Public Deposits	" 7,400,000	"	600,000
Other "	" 40,500,000	"	500,000
Other Securities	" 25,700,000	Inc.	100,000
Notes and Gold	" 20,360,000	Dec.	800,000

The Bank's reserve is 42 per cent. of the liabilities.
Silver of the value of £130,000 has been shipped to Bombay.

EXCHANGE.—This week the market opened quiet at last week's closing rates, viz :—

Bank Telegraphic Transfers ..... 1s. 3 29-32d.
" Demand ..... 1s. 3 15-16d.
3 months' sight Credits ..... 1s. 4 5-32d.

There was, however, very little inquiry for remittance at these rates, and on Thursday two Banks came out as sellers of wire at 1s. 3 15-16d, while demand remained at the same rate. The inquiry was, however, very limited, and this afternoon, nothing better than 1s. 3 29-32d. can be obtained for ready wire. Bills were sold on Monday and Tuesday at 1s. 4 5-32d. to a small amount and since then the rate has been increased to 1s. 4 3-16d. but little or no business has been done. Forward rates remain unchanged.

Our closing quotations are :—

Bank Telegraphic Transfers	1s. 3 29-32d.
" Demand	1s. 3 15-16d.
3 months' sight Credits	1s. 4 3-16d.
do. Francs	109 1-2
30 days Japan	Rs. 148 1-2
" Hongkong	" 154
" Shanghai	" 209

THE PRECIOUS METALS.

I.—Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver during the official year 1900-1901.

In August 1900.

GOLD.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports. Net.
Weight in ounces	17,597	216,177	—198, 80
Value in rupees	16,98,935	1,31,39,753	—1 14,40,798
SILVER.			
Weight in ounces	1,42,3,335	1,579,015	—9 ,680
Value in rupees	2, 73 1,0	29,05,927	—33,.7
Total value in rupees	15,7 ,395	1,60,4 ,710	—11,474, 15

To end of August 1900.

GOLD.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports. Net.
Progressive—			
Weight in ounces	725,177	308 9 2	116 265
Value in rupees	130,65,023	187,.3,4 7	243,2 ,066
SILVER.			
Weight in ounces	6,893,097	5,975,424	910,573
Value in rupees	1,33,77,419	1,2 ,79,683	7,97,957
Total value in rupees	5,64, 6,1 3	3,13,23 1 1	2 51 23,023

II.—Silver received and coined in the Mints during the official year 1900-1901.

COINS AND BULLION RECEIVED (ASSAY VALUE).

	Calcutta. Rs.	Bombay. Rs.	Total. Rs.
In August 1900	11,37,329	1,57,54,363	1,68,91,697
To end of August 1900 (Progressive)	1,32 87,069	4,38,75,920	5,71,5 ,929

COINED AND EXAMINED.

	Calcut a. Rs.	Bombay. Rs.	Total. Rs.
In August 1900	43,00,024	71,7 ,239	1,14,75,263
To end of August 1900 (Progressive)	1,93,01,972	2,99,69,9 0	4,93,71, 92

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market during the week has been fairly steady with few fluctuations. On Monday the market opened at Rs. 97-8-0 and the following day the price rose to Rs. 97-13-0, the highest point touched during the week. Wednesday being settlement day, it is estimated that over a crore of surplus paper has been absorbed by "budlees." The Banks have bought ready and sold forward at a difference of 1 1-2 to 2 annas against them, thereby realizing 2 to 2 1-2 per cent. for their money lying idle. The settlement passed off quietly between Rs. 97-8 to Rs. 97-9 per cent., while the rate for 30th November was one anna lower. Slight demand in the money market is likely to cause great anxiety among the Bulls, as the present large surplus can only be financed in an easy money market. Some of the Banks decline to take short lines even at 2 1-2 per cent. The rate for 30th November remains unchanged at Rs. 97-8. The rates for ready paper for large amounts is one to 2 annas higher than "forward," while small clean pieces are hardly 2 to 3 annas higher than "ready" paper. The rates of interest of the Presidency Banks remain unchanged. Port Trust and Municipal Bonds stand at previous quotations, while 3 per cents. are quite neglected and may be had at Rs. 888.

CROPS.—Since we gave our forecast, six weeks ago, touching the prospect of crops and the local mill industry, there has been nothing to make us materially modify the news then expressed. Harvests everywhere seem to be favoured : there is general satisfaction with the yield, though, in some localities in Guzerat and other agricultural districts, the last showers of rain, so anxiously expected, have not fallen, and so far the condition of the harvests there is worse. It is now generally believed that the cotton crop in Guzerat will barely reach 8 annas, though the December frost, which greatly helps it, may possibly improve the quantitative outturn by an extra anna or two. On the other hand Berar and Khandesh have excellent and abundant crops of cotton, and as these are the descriptions principally consumed by the spinning mills, there is no fear of scarcity. The crops in the Southern Mahratta Country, where the rainfall has been abundant, are also thriving. So that the Meeraj, Compta, and Dharwar varieties will suffer no diminution. In the Central Provinces, however, the prospects of the crop are most unfavourable. Some idea of the severity of the recent famines in the Central Provinces may be gathered from the fact that whereas in the famine year 1896-97 it was estimated that the outturn of all crops taken together over the provinces as a whole, was 53 per cent. of normal, in 1899-1900 the estimated outturn is only 35 per cent. and that on an area some 35 per cent. less than the area sown in normal times. The welfare of the people of the Central Provinces and their purchasing power depend almost entirely upon their agricultural produce. Wheat gave an outturn of only 194,000 tons—70 per cent. less than the decennial average ; and Linseed only a four-tenth of the average, or 4,000 tons. Ten crores of rupees would, says an official report, be a low estimate of the damage done in the last two autumn seasons. Generally speaking, however, prospects are now assured as to the quantity of raw cotton necessary for home consumption, and as there are also excellent accounts of Bengal cotton, which may be expected to arrive in a couple of weeks, the cotton mills should soon begin to show recovery from their prolonged depression. The only disquieting feature at present would seem to be the uncertainty attaching to the American crop. The last few weeks have been characterised by quotations of an extremely speculative character. At one time the rate reached fully 7 pence per pound, but as we stated some weeks ago, the fever of speculation has largely subsided and our local markets have also shown a marked decline. Broach, which recently stood at Rs. 230, is now quiet at Rs. 210, or thereabouts. Khandeish descriptions are still at Rs. 190. Still, it cannot be said with certainly whether the lower rates will be maintained, though for the time being the Green is bearish, and speculators are on the look-out for a further fall which would be welcomed by millowners. With a further decline in the price of the raw staple, without any appreciation in the price of yarn, millowners could make both ends meet, if not have a margin on the right side. This season, however, the exporting firms are likely to be active competitors with local buyers. How far Japan will resume its purchases remains to be seen. The exporting houses may withdraw from the market if by the end of the month, when the bulk of the receipts from the interior will have come to the port, it should be proved that the American crop is a crore of bales. In that case, prices will have a distinct tendency towards a permanent decline. Meanwhile, it may be expected that fluctuations will continue to prevail. The mills which intended to resume work have not yet shown any signs, and this is a clear indication of the still problematical character of the cotton market. But though the yarn market is still in throes, several sales have been made here chiefly of 10s. and 20s. This is the season for this description of yarn. In a fortnight on three weeks navigation of the Chinese rivers will be closed on account of the winter, so that weavers would prefer laying in a stock which may last till the end of January—synchronous with the Chinese New Year holidays. We may therefore expect a further heavy sale of 10s. and 20s. It is a matter of regret that no headway has been met with peace negotiations. The Plenipotentiaries on behalf of the Emperor do not seem to be in any particular hurry. Their action is dilatory and characteristic and it must be admitted that their greatest difficulty is probably not so much the Chinese opposition as the inexplicable and reasonable jealousy among themselves. So that taking everything into consideration we are not at all sanguine of any material improvement in the Chinese yarn market till February.

For several weeks business in English and Indian mode cloth has been brisk, but at the time of writing there is a temporary lull which may probably last till December. But in any case sellers are in a very good position. There are diminished stocks which have necessarily raised prices. Against 6 3-4 and 7 annas for local-manufactured cloth, we have now to quote 7 1-2 and 8 annas per pound.

COTTON.—The market is quiet but steady. There is a small demand, both from exporters and mills 400 bales old Broach have changed hands at Rs. 184, and 200 bales Khandeish at Rs. 190 January delivery. For mill consumption the following have been taken up :—

100	bales	Compta at Rs. 190
200	"	Damargaum at Rs. 182.
100	"	Broach at Rs. 189
200	"	Oomra at Rs. 170
100	"	Bengal at Rs. 109

The Liverpool cotton market closed steady Surats firm. Manchester was steady. Total sales 12,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for export 500 bales Imports 22,000 bales. Surats 200 bales. Spot. 5 10-32d. Arrivals closed quiet.

Liverpool Futures—

Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Feb.-March	May-June	Aug.-Sept.
5·10	5·4	4·03	4·59	4·52

In New York—

Receipts at the Ports	43,000 against
last year	28 000
Exports to Great Britain	44,000
Continent	24 000
Mid.-Uplands	9 5-8 unchanged
Futures, month of February	9·08 —3
" " May	9·11 —1

The movements of cotton to date show the following comparisons with the previous two years :—

Receipts.	1900 Bales	1899. Bales	1898 Bales
For the week	2 7 6	14. 01	8 173
From 1st Jan. to 1st Nov.	581 0 8	17,80,1 0	15,8 ,735
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent			
For the week	3,676	766	1,102
From 1st Jan. to 1st Nov.	152,753	491,056	455,739
Clearances to China, Japan, Calcutta, &c.			
For the week	555	13,731	1,209
From 1st Jan to 1st Nov.	166,939	416,180	425,313

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool via Canal, without commission, viz.:—

	Per Candy. Rs.	Per lb. C & F.
Bengal Fine Dec.-January	190	3 5-64
Do F G Dec.-January	178	3 23-32
Do Good	.....	.....
Bolatee, Fine Dec.-Jan	147	4 1-16
Do F G Dec.-Jan	141	3 15-16
Khandesh F G Dec.-Jan	191	3 15-16
Oomra F G Dec.-Jan	200	4 1-8
Bhownagar Fine, March-April	212	4 2-8
Do F G	.....	.....
Do Good May 25	194	4
S G Dharwar Good May	212	4 3-8
Westerns	.....	.....
Broach Fine March-April	225	4 5-8
Do Good, March 25th	215	4 1-2

WHEAT.—Small business has been done during the week, and the market is quiet. No. 1 Club is Rs. 4-5-6, April-May ; Red Delhi Rs. 4-6, April-May, Hard Yellow Rs. 4-2 to Rs. 4-8 ; Red Ahmedabad Rs. 3-6 and Hard Red Rs. 3-5. In the home markets Linseed is quoted at 51 1-2 per 416lbs. showing a decline of 3-8ds. For April-May, business has been done for Amsterdam and the market is easier. Locally business, is small and the market is quiet. For ready delivery the rate is Rs. 10-9-0 and Rs. 8-10-0 for forward transactions.

RAPESEED.—(Brown) In London stands at 411-2d. being a decline of 6d. as compared with last quotation. Sellers have put through some business for Amsterdam for April-May shipment. Rapeseed (Yellow Cownpore) is 45s. against 45 1-2s. last quoted : and at the former rate there were sellers for Havre, Antwerp and Dunkirk, April-May shipment. Yellow Guzerat has also given way 6d. with sellers for Dunkirk for the same months.

In Bombay the market is firm for Rapeseed, Guzerat Yellow being Rs. 8-14-0, Yellow Cawnpur Rs. 8-12, and Red Cawnpur Rs. 8-5. Gingelly is steady at following quotations :—

Whites	Rs. 46
Mixed	" 40 to Rs. 42

The comparative imports of Wheat and Seeds are as under :—

	1900. cwts.	1899. cwts.	1898 cwts.
Wheat for the week	27 360	79,428	99 624
Do. from 1 Jan. to 1 Nov.	2,021,231	4,807,203	7,417,019
Linseed for the week	16,833	23,352	46,409
Do. from 1 Jan. to 1 Nov.	684 132	2,019,518	2,334,589
Rapeseed for the week	5,250	14,583	28,033
Do. from 1 Jan. to 1 Nov.	607,814	1,933,292	2,003,948
Gingelly for the week	29,070	29,419	37,615
Do. from 1 Jan. to 1 Nov.	1,026,502	1,105,054	1,324,280

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows :—

	1900. cwts.	1899. cwts.	1898. cwts.
Wheat for the week	.....	2,0 0	45,272
Do from 1st Jan. to 1st Nov...	8	2,852,1	5,5 6,661
Linseed for the week	.....	28,122	12 312
D from 1st Jan. to 1st Nov....	730,234	2,0 4,122	2,419,87.
Rapeseed for the week	2,661	82,898	3,683
Do from 1st Jan. to 1st Nov ...	889,831	1,8 4,2 7	2,104,55.
Gingelly seed for the week	2,961	516	19,192
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st Nov.	1,218,8 8	1,333,959	1,421,009

There has been an absence of up-country demand for piece-goods this week, and as a consequence rates generally are weaker. In grey shirtings low qualities while Nainsooks prices are below those ruling last week, whilst in other whites, fancies and prints, rates are nomial, with only a moderate enquiry. Business to the extent of about 2,200 packages has been put through.

GREY AND BLEACHED GOODS. A decline in the value of Liverpool cotton has affected the up-country demand, and rates for standard descriptions have receded 1 to 2 annas per piece. Buyers, in the hope of cheaper rates settling in soon, are operating very sparingly.

DYED AND TURKEY RED GOODS—Only a small business has passed at easier rates.

LOCAL GOODS.—Some 1,500 bales have changed hands since our last report. Rates are steadier, and larger business is expected.

LOCAL YARNS have been disposed of to the extent of 4,000 bales, principally for China.

ENGLISH YARN.—The market continues dull with a fair enquiry from the districts ; but prices are barely maintained. No business is at present practicable as home quotations are higher than those current here.

Current quotations of local made piece-goods and yarns :—

PIECE-GOODS.

Market ;—Steady.

	Inches.	Yards.	Weight in lbs.	Net rates per lb. as-at-as.ots
T Cloths	16 to 18	12 to 22	1 1-4 to 2 1-2	7 9 0 to 8 0 0
Do	24 to 31	2 1 to 21	4 to 7	7 2 5 to 8 0 0
Long Cloths	36 to 44	36 to 38	7 to 12	7 2 5 to 8 0 0
Do	45 to 45	33 to 38	7 to 12	7 9 0 to 8 0 0
Domestics	15 to 27	50 to 66	8 to 16	7 2 5 to 7 7 5
Do	27 to 37	67 to 74	14 to 26	7 2 5 to 7 7 5
Chadders	35 to 54	4 to 6	1 to 3	7 5 0 to 8 1 0
Do	51 to 72	5 to 6	2 1-2 to 4	7 5 0 to 8 0 0
Plain Dhoties	30 to 27	4 to 7	1-2 to 1 1-4	7 7 5 to 8 0 0
Do	30 to 45	8 to 11	1 1-4 to 3 1-4	7 3 0 to 8 0 0
Red Bordered Dhoties	21 to 27	4 to 7	1-2 to 1 1-4	7 7 5 to 8 2 5
Do	30 to 45	8 to 11	1 1-4 to 3 1-4	7 0 0 to 8 0 0
Dhoties with Fancy Borders	30 to 50	8 to 11	1 to 3	7 7 5 to 8 2 5
Sooti-Gray with coloured lines	24 to 38	21	3 to 6	7 5 0 to 8 0 0
Checks	24 to 27	24	5 to 8	8 0 0 to 10 0 0
Drills, Grey	24 to 27	40	8 to 13	7 2 5 to 7 5 0
Towells and Nat-kins (Different sizes)				7 2 5 to 7 7 5

YARN.

Market ;—Quiet.

Twist	No.	6s Mule, As.	4 1-2 to 5	per lb.
"	81	" "	4 5-8 " 5 1-8	"
"	10s	" "	4 3-4 " 5 1-8	"
"	12s	" "	4 7-8 " 5 1-4	"
"	16s	" "	5 3-8 " 5 3-4	"
"	20s	" "	5 1-2 " 6	"
"	24s	" "	6 " 6 1-4	"
"	26s	" "	6 3-4 " 7 1-2	"
"	30s	" "	8 " 9 1-2	"

IN METALS Copper is dull with a slow enquiry. STOCKS are small and the consumption is trifling Prices are only maintained owing to limited stocks.

YELLOW METAL.—There is a small but steady enquiry and as stocks are small prices remain firm.

IRON.—The recent drop in English prices has tended to weaken prices here, and little business is passing for forward shipments. Enquiries from up-country are limited.

The following are the closing quotations :—

	(per cwt.
Copper (Brazlers)	Rs. 60 0 0
Yellow Metal	" 50 4 0
	(per candy.
Swedish Bar Iron	Rs. 64 to Rs. 65
Belgian No 2 Bar Iron ...	" 39 to " 40
Basic Steel	" 41 to " 42

COAL.—The market is very dull, with very little enquiry for any shipment. There has been nothing to report this week beyond two lines of Jardine's Navigation for shipment. July-December, 1901, at Rs. 14-0-0.

We quote :—

	(Ready alongside.)
Cardiff Coal	Rs. 37 0 0 per ton.
Deshazhur	" 13 4 0
Muir's Navigation	" 13 12 0
Jardine's "	" 14 4 0
Birds "	" 14 0 0
Seebpore	" 15 4 0
Gourangbhi	" 14 0 0
Sitarampur	" 15 0 0 (forward).

Firms engaged in the coal trade may be interested to learn that a despatch, dated 5th October, received at the Foreign Office in London from her Majesty's Minister at Brussels, accompanied by an extract from "Le Patriote" of same date, contains some official statistics with regard to the amount and value of the coal produced in Belgium during 1899. The extract states that the coal production of the Kingdom in 1899 was 22 072,068 tons of a total value of £10,978,000. In spite of the great strike in April and May, the quantity moved was only 16,267 tons less than in the preceding year, whilst the value surpassed that of 1898 by £1,262,000. The production and value, according to the various provinces, was as follows :—

	Quantity. Tons.	Value. £
Hainut	15,581,380	7,810 000
Namur	641,3 0	272,0 0
Liege	5,849 328	2 890,000
Total ...	22,072,038	10,978,000

FREIGHTS continue dull and rates have declined still further. Our charter for the week are a steamer for May reputed to have been engaged at Rs. 18 shillings for one port. Early in the week there was a fair business put through for April-May exports at 18s. 6d. and 19 shillings, and to-day there are sellers at 18 shillings for April and 18s. 6d. for May. For December-January speculators are sellers at 17s. 6d. but there is little demand, and for February-March sellers ask 6d. more. The rates are :—

Freights.	Ready (Nov.) £ s. d.	Forward (Dec.) £ s. d.
Liverpool Cotton via Suez Canal (per ton of 40 c.f.t.)	0 17 0	0 17 0
Liverpool Seeds and Wheat	0 17 0	0 17 0
London measurement cargo P and O ..	1 4 0	1 4 0
London 20 ds and Wheat P and O	0 18 0	0 18 0
London Havre meast. cargo P and O..	0 17 6	0 17 6
London Seeds and Wheat P and O ...	0 7 6	0 17 6
Antwerp meast cargo P and O	0 16 6	0 16 6
Antwerp Seeds and Wheat P and O...	0 16 6	0 16 6
Hull P and O	0 17 0	0 17 0
Dunki k P and O	0 16 6	0 16 6
Trieste and Venice meast. cargo P and O	0 18 0	0 17 6
Trieste and Venice Seeds and Wheat P and O	0 18 0	0 17 6
Marseilles meast. cargo P and O	.....	0 15 0
Marseilles Seeds and Wheat P and O..	.....	0 15 0
Genoa meast. cargo P and O	.....	0 15 6
Genoa Seeds and Wheat P and O..	.....	0 15 6
China Steamer P and O Co	Rs 14 to 18	Rs 14 to 18
Japan P and O	Rs 17	Rs 17
Hamburg meast. cargo	£ 0 17 0	£ 0 17 0
Hamburg Seeds and Wheat	£ 0 17 0	£ 0 17 0

The share market may be called quiet. Bank of Bombay shares are steady at Rs. 1,250, Bank of Bengal's have changed hands at Rs. 1,235, while Commercials are in demand at Rs. 64. Press shares are steady at previous quotations. Tapti Valley's have been disposed of at Rs. 472 1-2, while Prantej shares are wanted at Rs. 710. In Miscellaneous companies Alcock's have realized Rs. 195, Badham's and Marck's are steady at Rs. 150 each. Bombay Burma's are weak at Rs. 6,850 ; Bombay Flour shares are quiet at Rs. 725, Kemp's are weak at Rs. 351, Port Canning's stand at Rs. 387 1-2 exd. Oriental Life shares are steady at Rs. 130, while Preacher's are quiet at Rs. 995. In mill shares Anglo's, David's and Standard's have changed hands at Rs. 17, Rs. 260, and Rs. 272 1-2 respectively. Central's and Svadeshi's are steady at Rs. 1,930 and Rs. 570 : Morarjee and Sholapore are in request at Rs, 1,520 and Rs. 1,800 respectively. New Great Eastern's and Mazagon's are weak at Rs. 200 and Rs. 165. Currimbhoy's and China are quiet at Rs. 610 and Rs. 445. Leopold's are steady at Rs. 159, while Lakmidas and Queen's are weak at Rs. 530 and Rs. 525. Petit's are steady at Rs. 1,815 ; other concerns are unchanged at previous quotations.

THE LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

MESSRS TATA AND CO'S Liverpool friends writing on the 18th ultimo review their market as under :—

"The Cotton Association has agreed on altering the contract to the middling basis with a good ordinary clause, instead of the low middling clause, this alteration to come into force on the 1st October next year. With regard to the situation, it is very difficult to judge, there being so many cross currents and greatly varying crop estimates about. The bulls had been over confident, and even the big slump on Thursday, Friday and Saturday had not cleared the situation sufficiently. On Monday the market opened about unchanged, but in the course of the day lost generally 6 points, and further 8 points early on Tuesday. Then we thought the reaction had about run its course and telegraphed our friends to that effect, executing at the same time all the discretionary buying orders with which our good friends had honoured us. Our Galveston correspondent, who has been very correct in his judgment and forecasts during the last two years, telegraphs that he does not expect the crop to exceed 9 1-2 millions, where as many cables are received here giving 10 1-2 millions, and 11 millions as estimates. We have, however, just seen another cable from a reliable crop estimator stating 9 3-4 millions maximum the increase in the estimates and the large selling for continental account which has been going on for the last few days induced many prominent operators to sell heavily both here and in America, and we are confident that an enormous short interest has been created. With the greatly varying estimates we are utterly in a fog, but this much we know :—The market is now considerably sounder than about ten days ago, and with distant months in the neighbourhood of 4 3-4d, there ought not to be much risk in a purchase whereas there is every chance of a good profit. Even if the crop should turn out to be ten and-a-half millions, we believe in a slight range of prices during the whole season. Stocks at the Continental ports and for that at the Mills all over the world, are very low, and we consider that the trade of the world's is such that likely to improve than to get worst. There are great possibilities at our doors, and we have vistas of a tremendous expansion of trade. If coal should go down, as it is likely to do, spinners and manufacturers will be so much better off, and the consumption of cotton will increase. We will not say much more at present, but we still maintain our good opinion of cotton in the long run. When we said the other day that 6d. might probably be an average price, we, together with practically the whole world, had been influenced by Neill's September circular and other private bad crop reports, in the light of which, even 9½ millions seemed a high figure for the crop. Supposing some of our colleagues are now right in their estimates of 10½ millions and they even speak of 11 millions we think that even though a penny lower, 5d will be a low price for the season, considering the immense prospects of trade. But we do not believe in 10½ millions, and some of our best correspondents in America maintain their idea of 9 1-2 millions. We mean buy August-September at about 4 13-15 £, or 3-15 under 5d. which surely ought to be an excellent investment. We apologise to our friends for this brief report but in the present immense volume of business it is unavoidable."

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

NOVEMBER 2.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bahmo, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect, Via Cadiz Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.
Cable Tarifa Tangier, interrupted.
Cable Mole St. Nicholas Cape Haiti, interrupted.
Line Shanghai-Hentsin, interrupted.
Cable Paramaribo Cayenne, interrupted.
Cable Zanzibar Mombasa, interrupted.
Land lines also between Saigon and Hue interrupted.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 2nd November.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	1	7	10 p.m.	11	35
Teheran	2	2	31 p.m.	...	36
Suez	2	2	55 p.m.	...	13

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 2nd November.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	25	0	1
" Karachi	0	14	0	1
" Madras	1	13	0	1

GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 13th October 1900, on 141·14 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts. Rs.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts. Rs.	Other Earnings (Estimated.) Rs.	Total Earnings Rs.
Total traffic for the week	4,000	17,000	....	21,000
Or per mile of Railway	28	121	.....	149
For previous 14 weeks of half-year.	67,314	2,14,180	2,184	2,83,708
Total for 15 weeks...	71,314	2,31,180	2,184	3,01,708
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,113	14,790	54	17,957
Per mile of Ry. do.	21	105	.....	127
Total to corresponding date do. ..	52,502	2,21,996	2,487	2,77,075
Increase for the week	Rs. 3,013			
Do to date	" 24,63			

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

CONTENTS :—

1-2 ADVERTISEMENTS.
3 CONTENTS—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
4 THE WEEK.
5 THE FAMINE—The Season Outlook in Madras—Famine Frauds at Ahmednagar—Native Infantry Reliefs—Bombay Season Reports—The Weather.
6 The Indian Contingent in China—Safe Arrival of Missionaries in Lent in—India and the War in South Africa—Lord Roberts's Thanks—Military News.
7 & 8 Departure of the Transport Sunda—Bombay Command Orders—Soldiers' Shooting Passes—Home Remittances.
8 H. E. the Viceroy's Tour.
9 Bombay Port Trust Act—The Fraud on Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co—The Parlakimedi Light Railway.
10 Notes from Simla—Notes from Goa—Khandala Notes—Nagpur Note—Kathiawar Notes.
11 Books and Magazines—The Guj

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE CRISIS IN CHINA

THE PEKING COMMUNICATIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 1.

The question of the communications with Peking during the coming winter is causing anxiety. It is feared the reconstruction of the railway will not be completed before the freezing of the Peiho River.

ANOTHER BATTLE-SHIP FOR CHINA.

The battle-ship Glory has been commissioned at Portsmouth for service in China.

THE NEW CABINET.

LONDON, Nov. 2.

It is officially stated that Lord Salisbury will be Premier and Lord Privy Seal; Mr. Ritchie, Home Secretary; Lord Lansdowne, Foreign Secretary; Mr. Brodrick, Secretary for War; and Lord Selborne, First Lord of the Admiralty.

LONDON, Nov 2.

With the exception of the "Daily Telegraph" the new Cabinet appointments do not evoke any enthusiasm in the Press and the commendations are mostly half-hearted, the general opinion being that they will do little to add to the authority of the Government.

Mr. Brodrick's appointment evokes most approbation.

The "Times" says there are no ideal chiefs for the War Department or Admiralty available but there is good reason to hope that Mr. Brodrick and Lord Selborne will rise to their opportunities.

Both the "Times" and "Daily Telegraph" continue to defend Lord Lansdowne.

LORD LANSDOWNE'S APPOINTMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 1.

There is much adverse comment regarding the selection of Lord Lansdowne for the Foreign Secretaryship.

The newspapers strongly disapprove of Lord Lansdowne's appointment and say he lacks personal weight and experience.

The "Standard" calls it an inconceivable blunder only justifiable if merely intended to relieve Lord Salisbury from his routine duties.

The "Times" is the exception and thinks it would be hard to find a man at Lord Salisbury's disposal better fitted for the post, and pays tribute to his urbanity and devotion to duty and to his successes in Canada and India.

LORD WOLSELEY AT SHEFFIELD.

LONDON, Nov. 2.

Lord Wolseley, speaking at the Cutlers' Feast at Sheffield, said that undoubtedly we must have changes in the Army. He regretted that when the Commander-in-Chief made suggestions the Government did not take the nation into their confidence and enable the nation to judge between the specialist and the Treasury.

THE ASHANTI WAR.

Two columns have left Kumasi for a twenty-eight days' march in the north-west to punish the chiefs who have taken refuge there.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Nov. 1.

The Bombay Mails of the 20th ultimo arrived at Brindisi to-day.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Nov. 2.

The question of raising two corps of Gurkha Scouts is before the Government of India.

Raja Rampal Singh has laid proposals before the Government of India for the formation of a militia of the retainers of the Oudh talukdars, but Government while expressing their gratification at the loyalty of the offer have not seen their way to accepting it.

The Chitral-relieved troops arrived at Chakdara yesterday all well.

Captain Creagh, 21st Bombay Infantry, has assumed Station Staff Officership of Quetta.

Captain Smith, 2nd Central India Horse, now in South Africa, has been appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Madras Command Head-quarters.

It has been decided to relax the rule under which quarter-master sergeants at hill depots are excluded from remaining in their appointments beyond the time for qualifying for pension. They are now placed on the same footing as other Non-Commissioned Officers of the same rank with regard to earning extra pensions.

Lieutenants Hand, Mills and Taylor receive a step in the Marine Survey Department, vice Shearne on leave.

Mr. A. Stewart, Foreman, Small Arms Factory, Kirkee, retires on account of ill-health.

Major C. E. Baddeley, R.E., has been appointed Instructor, Bombay Sappers, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Shute, R.E., promoted; Captain C. O. Halliday, R.E., succeeding Major Baddeley.

2nd-Lieutenant C. F. Birney, R.E., is posted to Bombay Sappers, vice Gervers, reverted to the Home Establishment.

INDIAN MARINE TROOPING PROGRAMME.

As now arranged the R. I. M. steamship Clive leaves Calcutta on the 23rd December with the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry for Colombo. It thence brings the 2nd Battalion 60th Rifles to Bombay, this regiment going on to Rawalpindi where it relieves the Rifle Brigade which proceeds to Meerut. The Sussex which were under orders for Home, meanwhile stands fast at Shalkot, pending the arrival of some of the Home reliefs. From Bombay the Clive proceeds to Karachi with the Worcesters, en route for Quetta aboard, arriving at Karachi on the 9th January. From Karachi the Clive brings the 3rd Bombay Sappers to Bombay and thence takes the Norfolk Regiment to Calcutta.

The steamship Dalhousie meanwhile takes an Indian Contingent of 100 men to Australia while the Canning will be employed to carry details which arrive from Home by the Transports Zamania and Sunda, to their respective stations.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, Nov. 1.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macdonald left here for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 1.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady.

Surat firm.

Good Bhownuggar 4 12-32.

The Manchester Market has been steady.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols 98 5-8
3 per cents. Reduced 100 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan 100 1-2
3 1-2 per cent, Rupee papers 64 13-16
Bar Silver 29 7-8

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total Bullion £32,400,000. Decrease £400,000; Public Deposits £7,400,000. Decrease £700,000; Other Deposits £40 500,000. Decrease £500,000; Other Securities £25,700,000. Increase £100 000; Notes and Gold £20,300,000. Decrease £800,000. The Bank's Reserve is 42 per cent. of the Liabilities.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS:—
Silver to Bombay £130,000.
Silver to Hongkong £44,000.

ACCORDING to a private despatch from Milan, five men have been arrested there. One of them, named Jean Miliche, of Slane (Dalmatia), was found to have in his possession a dagger, the sum of 60 dollars in gold, several pounds in English money, and a receipt for a hundred dollars, which he had sent to his family. The men have come from the United States, and they declare that they became acquainted on board ship,

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

CAPTURE OF A BRITISH OUTPOST BY BOERS.

SEIZURE OF GOLD AT HAMBURG.

LORD KITCHENER'S ADDRESS TO THE AUSTRALIANS.

THE CONCESSIONS COMMISSION AT PRETORIA.

LONDON, Nov. 1.

The Boers have captured a British outpost of 90 men at Geneva on the 28th ultimo and subsequently looted and set fire to the mail train from Capetown.

On the arrival of an armoured train the Boers dispersed, the flames were extinguished and the train proceeded.

The Eleventh Division of the South African Field Force has been broken up.

General Pole-Carew is returning home with Lord Roberts.

General Paget has captured 25,000 head of cattle at Renaarsriver. This is the biggest haul which has been made in the campaign.

Nov. 2.

General Rundle has re-occupied Reitz and Bethlehem.

The Boers have been ejected from a strong position they occupied near the latter place.

Our casualties were three killed and seventeen wounded, including Lord Gerald Grosvenor.

Nov. 1.

The authorities at Hamburg have seized one hundred thousand pounds in gold on board the steamer Bundesrath from Delagoa Bay. It is rumoured that the step was taken at the instance of the British authorities.

Nov. 2.

The gold on the Bundesrath amounted to £150,000 and was seized by the Hamburg authorities at the instance of the International Syndicate of Mine-owners who hold Kruger's bonds for the output appropriated during the war.

Lord Kitchener, in bidding farewell to the Australians at Pretoria, said he was g'ad to be enabled to let them go but there was still much work to be done before our task was completed.

The Concessions Commission have closed their enquiry at Pretoria.

The evidence showed that immense sums were expended by the Dynamite Company and other undertakings for influencing the votes of the members of the Volksraad.

Several officials, including Messrs. Kruger and Leyds, were large recipients.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 2.

6th Bombay Cavalry.—Lieutenant Alexander, Squadron Officer and Adjutant, to be Squadron Commander, vice Captain Roome, seconded on appointment as Adjutant and 2nd-in-Command.

Zhob Levy Corps.—Captain Brownrigg, 7th Bombay Pioneers, was attached to the 28th Bombay Pioneers from the 4th to the 31st August, 1900, for duty as 4th Double Company Commander.

Under instructions received from the War Office it is notified that Major Lambart, 30th Battery, has been transferred to the 15th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Under instructions from the War Office and with the sanction of Government Lieutenant Gordon, 1st Battalion West Yorkshire Regiment, is directed to proceed as soon as possible to join the Chinese Regiment, to which he has been appointed, travelling at public expense.

The undermentioned Officer has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—Lieutenant-Colonel Quentin, 4th Bombay Rifles.

The undermentioned Officer is granted leave to proceed out of India, on private affairs, under leave rules for the Staff Corps; specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Penrose, Staff Corps, Commandant, Deoli Irregular Force, for six months; pension service, twenty-third year, commenced on 1st March, 1900.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence:—Major Whatman, 20th Hussars, for six months, on private affairs, out of India; Lieutenant Morton, the Buffs (East Kent Regiment, 1st Battalion), for six months, on private affairs, out of India; Honorary Lieutenant S. Logan, Inspector of Army Schools, Army Education Department, for six months, on medical certificate.

Extension of leave has been granted to Lieutenant Montresor, 1st Battery, Royal Field Artillery, to 15th November, 1900, pending embarkation out of India.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE following telegram, dated 29th October, has been received from South Africa from the Officer Commanding the Lines of Communication:—Umfuli left Cape Town on the 27th October, and has on board Major Ryder, Captain G. De H. Smith, Indian Staff Corps, 2nd-Lieutenant Herapath, 2nd West Riding Regiment, Lieutenant Walker, 1st Royal Highlanders, Lieutenant Macnamara, Lumsden's Horse, Superintendent Campbell, Burma Police, and three native servants for India.

It is unlikely that the families of the 16th Lancers and 19th Hussars will be able to be received in South Africa for several months to come.

The Indian troops to take part in the Commonwealth celebrations, leave Bombay for Sydney on the 23rd November in the Indian Marine steamer Dalhousie.

Captain Wood, 17th Bengal Infantry, and Lieutenant Ellis, 29th Bombay Infantry, have been selected for training at the Government Farm, Allahabad, as assistant directors of farms. Only two officers will be trained at present for the Punjab and Bengal Commands. The class, which will consist of two officers and 20 non-commissioned officers and men will assemble on the 1st December, and will last for 18 months, when it is hoped it will be possible to place trained men on each grass farm.

The Government of India is now paying increased attention to mule and donkey-breeding. A scheme is now being considered to encourage mule-breeding by planters and ryots in Madras, while the Imperial Government has sanctioned the purchase of 50 donkey stallions in the Punjab at a cost of not over Rs. 4,000 each for maintenance by district boards.

It is understood that the mounted troops in China are unlikely to require more horses from Australia at present.

Lieutenant W. J. Ainsworth is returning from South Africa to take up the Adjutancy of the 2nd Durham Light Infantry.

Captain Lloyd-Jones, 13th Bombay Infantry, is appointed Station Staff Officer, Kamptee, vice Captain MacGeorge, whose tenure has expired.

THE following story, which the "Daily Express" prints "for what it is worth," is probably a piece of imaginative work:—"It is stated seriously that Lord Roberts will not accept the post of Commander-in-Chief. Although his appointment has been officially announced, it is said that the only conditions on which he would accept it have not been fully conceded. These conditions were that he should have a free hand. He is too astute a person to jeopardise a great reputation by putting his hand to a task in which he would be tied and bound as was Lord Wolseley. The story goes on to say that the only alternative is to give the post to Sir Redvers Buller, and the General's approaching and somewhat unexpected return to England is thus accounted for."

AFTER long hesitation the French Government has appointed a commander to the submarine destroyer Le Francais, now in Cherbourg harbour. The officer selected is (a Paris correspondent states) Lieutenant Villain. Le Francais was built nearly two years ago by money subscribed by readers of the "Matin." The appeal was made to them by M. Banau Varilla,, now the director of that paper. He is a civil engineer and was a good deal talked about ten years ago in connection with a scheme he set on foot for bridging over the Channel, instead of tunnelling under it.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Oct. 19.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

THE closing scenes of the great electoral struggle were not without a certain amount of excitement. Early last week it really looked as if the numerous wagers of two or more to one that the Government would return to, or rather remain in, power—for there has been no interregnum—with a larger majority than they had at the Dissolution would lose their money; but the Ministerialists recovered from their little slump caused, some say, by indignation at nearly half the nation being stigmatised as "traitors" and "pro-Boers" and according to others by the "Morning Leader's" persistent attacks on the Chamberlain family for their interest in firms of contractors, having dealings with the two great spending departments. The recovery did not come in time to enable the Government to very largely increase their old majority, but when they meet Parliament—a privilege deferred it seems until January or February—it will be with two more supporters than they had when they made their appeal to the country. It is all very well of the "Times" to say that few fair-minded Unionists would deny that it was fully expected that the Government would have their majority reduced. Many Unionists expected that the majority would be nearly a score bigger than it was in 1895, and even the "Times" admits that "possibly in some quarters"—Birmingham to wit—"a more sanguine view was entertained." As a demonstration intended to overawe our enemies and rivals, the move of having the election now instead of later, may or may not have been a success, but, at any rate, the Government have got a fresh lease of office, and "few fair-minded Unionists" would deny that if the battle had been fought on the new register, their party would have stood to lose a good many seats and perhaps to have seen their majority quite wiped out. Moreover, it seems rash to conclude, as some commentators do, that this contest has demonstrated that the swing of the pendulum law is no longer in operation. The fact is that the pendulum did try hard to swing back but was prevented by the wholly unexceptionable condition of the political atmosphere, the result of the patriotism prevalent throughout the country. Speaking from a considerable amount of experience I do not hesitate to say that the war apart, the Liberals would have been victorious in the campaign just closed, notwithstanding the disadvantage they labour under of being divided about their leadership and consequently of being without any definite programme. It is notorious that, however it may be with their opponents, the Liberals are nowhere without a cry and the sooner they make up their minds, who is to be their chief and what they intend to make their battle-cry, the sooner will be their chances of once more returning to power. Nobody thinks that the new Parliament will run for four, much less six, years and the quicker the Liberals put their house in order the better it will be for them.

INDIA AND THE GENERAL ELECTION.

Sir John Jardine is back in town from his quest of the coveted Parliamentary seat looking none the worse but much rejuvenated by his arduous fight. He is not depressed at all and although he would of course have preferred to win he is consoled by having brought down the Conservative majority. Sir John seems to have played off India against Africa, being aided by a Hindoo gentleman who proved himself as good an electioneerer as Sir Muncherjee Bhownuggree's Parsee friends in North-East Bethnal Green. I happened to meet Mr. Hart-Davies, the other night, and he also was in the best of spirits. Considering that he was only before the constituency for a few weeks and that in the circumstances it was absolutely impossible to make himself known to the great mass of the electors, he did very well in reducing the "plurality," as the "Star" men like to call it, of a rather strong opponent. Mr. Hart-Davies means to stick to Rotherhithe and he feels sure of capturing it next time. There is general regret expressed at Sir George Scott Robertson's failure in Stirlingshire. This is a constituency that would have been won by the Liberals but for the South African issue. In 1885 before the Home Rule "debacle" the Liberal majority was between two and three thousand. In 1886 it was still 707; in 1892 it was 746 over a Liberal Unionist and also a Labour candidate, but in 1895 the Conservatives won the seat by 427. And in spite of the ability and reputation of the hero of Chitral they have kept it, but by a smaller majority. I hear from Nottingham that Sir Lepel Griffin's return was locally regarded by the Conservatives as a certainty. Instead of being elected he was, it will be remembered, rather badly beaten. On Indian grounds it is to be regretted that he was not returned, for he would have been able to give the House of Commons accurate knowledge about our feelings and it would have been amusing to see him pitted, say against Mr. W. S. Caine, almost the only man on the Liberal side who is fitted to be spokesman for the National Congress party. If, as seems probable, Mr. Caine becomes the mouthpiece of the Congresswallas he will, to use a sporting phrase, give them a better run for their money than they have had since death carried off Mr. Bradlaugh. Mr. Caine's knowledge of India must necessarily be of a very superficial character as compared with that of Sir William Wedderburn and his action in regard to Home Rule showed him to be unsuitable yet he will make a better leader than the ex-member for Banffshire.

ABSENTEE INDIAN PRINCES.

The Gaekwar of Baroda was one of a very distinguished party who at the British Embassy in Paris yesterday met the King of Greece. The other guests included the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess Serge of Russia, Prince Nicholas of Greece, several diplomatists, M. Crozier, the Lord Chamberlain of France, the beautiful Countess de Grey and others. "A propos" the Gaekwar he must have been inclined to say "save me from my friends" when he read their not very well advised effusions, respecting the recent Viceregal edict on absentee princes. I have been at some pains to ascertain the views of those whose views in a matter of this sort are of any value and I find a consensus of opinion that while the order was perfectly justifiable it was a pity to make it known to the world by publishing it in the "Gazette of India." The "Daily Express" has been interviewing an Anglo-Indian who, we are told, has held a high judicial post in India and whose duty it has been to see a great deal of the Indian Princes both in their own land and in this country. From what he knows and has seen of the Rajahs he describes Lord Curzon's action, as I have described it, quite justifiable. "Years ago," he says, "I was professionally engaged by the Government of Bombay to assist in promulgating an order to invest the administration of a State in a British Resident in the event of the acting Chief—and they are all acting in India—leaving for Europe. The local Government felt very strongly in the matter. Chiefs left the country for months at a time, and administration in the meantime was reduced to chaos. It has been an evil long felt, and the drastic order was absolutely necessary. But many Chiefs, it is only fair to say, have received a great deal of benefit from their travels. To a sober-minded Chief travel is an educational necessity. He must see how matters are done in larger countries. To me it is easy to follow the successive steps of a Chief from the time when he lands in this country, anxious to learn, to the time when his sole ambition is to extract as much pleasure from his life as is possible. Do we spoil these Rajahs then? Oh, no! It should be impossible to spoil a man. The spoiled and not the spoiler is to blame. This is what occurs:—A native prince—a mere nobody—comes to this country and is lionised by London society. Then in all probability he is invited to Windsor Castle by the good Queen, who receives him kindly and graciously. What is the result? Why, he goes back home with his head full of wind and regards himself as the King of Kings. You must remember many of them are poorly educated. 'Why,' he exclaims, 'all England bowed down to me. Even the great Queen-Empress allowed me to sit at her right hand.' After their visits their whole thoughts are devoted to pleasure and extravagance. They throw care to the winds. Eastern potentates are only too prone to contract vicious habits. You can therefore understand that under these circumstances there should be some control over the wanderings of these princes, and there are nearly 700 of them, including those in Burma. They govern over 604,00 square miles." There is no doubt some truth in what the "Express's" Anglo-Indian says about the manner in which Oriental visitors are lionised by London society and very many stories in support of his contention might be told. I myself have seen a lady—I believe she hailed from that land of equality across the Atlantic—curtseying to an Indian Chief as if he were the Prince of Wales, and I am told that a popular and amiable native prince of Kathiawar was addressed in a London drawing-room by one of his fellow guests, not very many years ago, as "Your Majesty"!

BOMBAY MANGOES FOR EUROPE.

The question of the exportation of Indian mangoes from Bombay to Europe has advanced a material step. Last week I was able to announce that the P. and O. Company were prepared to arrange for their Australian refrigerated steamers calling at Bombay during the Indian mango season on their return journey to this country. That settled the next step that became necessary was to acquire information as to the means available for distributing the fruit here. Accordingly last night a conference was held at the Civil Service Co-operative Stores in the Haymarket, between Mr. Cox, the chairman, and the other directors of the Stores Company, Sir Owen Tudor Burne, a Director of the P. and O. Company, Mr. George Monro of Covent Garden, one of the largest fruit salesmen in the United Kingdom, and Mr. J. N. Tata, accompanied by Mr. Jeremiah Lyon of Lombard Court and Sir George Birdwood. After a long and searching discussion, in view of neither the London market being prepared at present for anything like an importation of 500 tons of mangoes in a short season of six weeks nor of India being able for the time being to spare so large a quantity of the fruit for exportation it was decided that the best course to pursue was for Mr. Tata on his return to Bombay to represent to those anxious and ready to take an active part in the development of the proposed new trade that it would be advisable to limit their adventure in the first year to the exportation every fortnight of 200 boxes of mangoes, each box containing only two dozen, all packed separately from each other and in one layer, so that no mango should be overlaid by or press directly against another mango. It was believed that in such limited quantities arrangements might be made by the P. and O. Company to carry the mangoes in the cool-room used on all their vessels for the carriage of the perishable provisions of the voyage, and such arrangements could certainly be made if, instead of 200 boxes every other week 100 boxes were sent weekly for the six weeks from April 21 to June 7. In this way the London market would be prepared to raise a regular demand and India to create a supply over and above the local requirements. All details must be left to those who may propose to directly enter into the trade but one important matter may be indicated here, namely, that there would be a demand for Bombay mangoes once they became known not only in London but in Paris, Marseilles, Venice, Constantinople and Cairo, only in Cairo there will probably soon be a local supply. Mr. Alan Birdwood who has for years past greatly interested himself in the introduction of Indian and other tropical and semi-tropical economic plants into Egypt having been most successful in acclimatising the Bombay mango.

OLLA PODRIDA.

The Council of the Society of Arts has accepted a replica of the bronze bust by Mr. Alfred Gilbert of Sir George Birdwood in Bombay to be placed in the Library of the Society at their House, in John Street Adelphi.

The eminent scientist, Sir John Evans, F. R. S. has succeeded Sir John Wolfe Barry as Chairman of the Council of the Society of Arts and will deliver his inaugural address next month. The Committee of the Society's Indian Section has recently received several additions, including Mr. Horace Bell, formerly Government Consulting Engineer for Railways, Sir William Henry Bliss, the retired Madras civilian, who I see, is engaged to be married to the daughter of Sir Frederick Braunwell, who for many years has been one of the pillars of the Society of Arts; Mr. C. Purdon Clarke, C. I. E., of South Kensington Museum, well-known for the interest he takes in Indian art; and Mr. Everard R. Calthrop, whose name will be familiar to Bombay readers in connection with the Barsi Light Railway.

There was a large assembly of gentlemen, English and Indian, at the Hotel Tudor, Oxford Street, last Saturday night, on the occasion of the reception in honour of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji. The giver of the entertainment was Dr. Sarat K. Mullick, who has established himself in London as an expert in nervous complaints and whose rising position in the healing profession was recently acknowledged by his appointment as Assistant Physician and Registrar to the National Hospital for the Diseases of the Heart and Paralysis. Of late Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji has not been heard of so much in English politics as he was a few years ago when he filled the position of Parliamentary representative of a London constituency and Dr. Mullick's evening party may possibly have been intended as a sort of consolation to him for his being without a seat in the new as in the old House of Commons. At any rate, there was a great deal of speechifying by gentlemen who share Mr. Dadabhai's views and some of the speakers—"sentimental economists" one paper describes them—seem in their enthusiasm to have been betrayed into the great error committed by Mr. Chamberlain in the late electoral campaign, namely, of going a little too far. The man in the street who feels the responsibility of Empire is rather anxious to learn the truth about India, but naturally he shrinks from people who paint our rule in the blackest of hues as much as he does from those who exhibit everything "couleur de rose."

Amongst the distinguished persons who are visiting India this cold weather are the Earl and Countess of Jersey, two of the most popular and respected members of English society. They are, according to the "Court Circular," to make "a comprehensive journey" from one end of India to the other, and I am sure that wherever they go they will be cordially welcome. They are not of the type of those snobs and snobbesses who will avail themselves of the unstinted hospitality of Anglo-Indians and then cut them dead if they afterwards happen to meet in Piccadilly or in the Park in the season.

I hear from Clifton that a marriage has been arranged and will take place in India between Captain Allan Oldfield, Indian Staff Corps, and Miss Josephine M. W. Williams, eldest daughter of a respected resident in the well-known Bristol suburb. Captain Oldfield is the eldest son of the late Colonel F. J. Oldfield, 3rd Bombay (Queen's Own) Light Cavalry.

Besides the dinner that the Liberal Unionist Committee propose to give to Lord Amptuill before his departure for Madras I hear that there is some idea of offering the newly-appointed Governor the hospitality of the Northbrook Society. It may seem ungracious to say a word against entertaining outward-bound Governors at sumptuous banquets, but is there really not a tendency to overdo this sort of thing, and does not the eagerness to glorify young noblemen, who, though promising, have yet their spurs to win, contrast unfavourably with the utter neglect shown to distinguished officials of the Civil Service when they return to their native country at the close of their Indian careers?

THE DEATH-ROLL.

Sir Henry Acland, the celebrated Oxford professor, whose interest in Indian students and in the welfare of the Queen's Asiatic subjects was always so marked; Mr. William Luson Thomas, who as the founder of the "Graphic" has done much to spread artistic ideas and tastes amongst the English speaking peoples; Lord Hamilton of Dalzell, one of the few peers created by Mr. Gladstone, who I believe did not turn against him; Sir Richard Dickeson, member of a well-known firm of military contractors; Mr. Thomas G. Sherman, well-known as the lawyer who so ably defended Ward Beecher in the Tilton case and as an apostle of Free Trade in a land where Freetraders are at almost as great a discount as Pro-Boers are in England; Lieutenant-General Henry Philip Hawkes, C.B.; Lieutenant-General John Ignatius Macdonell, a well-known man about town; Mr. F. B. Maclaren, Bombay Public Works Department; Dr. David Young, who in the late sixties and early seventies was on the professional staff of Grant Medical College; M. Adolphe Cochery, ex-French Minister and friend of Thiers; and Comte de Jiogue, a prominent member of the turf in France.

AHMEDABAD NEWS.

OUR Ahmedabad correspondent, writing on Thursday, says:—Last Monday the Sessions Court resumed the process-lings in the murder case, which was being tried before Mr. D. Souza and a jury. Prabhashanker Narotum, the agent of the Umreth Ginning Factory, was indicted on charges of murder, culpable homicide not amounting to murder and grievous hurt under Sections 302, 304 and 325 of the Indian Penal Code. The Judge summed up the whole case before the jury, putting forth all the points of law and facts involved in the case in a very lucid manner. The Judge continued his address for three hours, after which the jury retired for one hour. The jury were unanimous in their verdict of guilty on the third count, viz., that of grievous hurt. The jury added that the act was done by the accused while he was in a sound state of mind. The Court fully agreed with the jury and passed a sentence of four years' rigorous imprisonment with a fine of Rs. 1,000, which, if recovered, is to be paid to the father of the deceased, in compensation under Section 545 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The jury recommended the accused for mercy on the ground of his youth and other peculiar circumstances of the case. Hence the punishment, inflicted by the court, was a light one, seeing that a life was concerned in the case.

The local municipality has issued a loan of eight lakhs of rupees for the construction of drainage throughout the city and has, therefore, invited tenders for the same. In Khanda Street the drainage works have been completed. They were inspected by Mr. Baldwin Latham and local engineers. The works proved successful at Khadia and it is now the intention of the authorities to construct similar works on the same lines. The late Hon. Ranchorlal Chotalal took a very great interest in the municipal affairs of the city.

Last Saturday the municipal commissioners met in the Ripon Hall to elect a chairman for the managing committee of the municipality. Two names were proposed by the members, those of Messrs. Ardesir Kavasji Karanjawala and Ramanbhai Mahip ram. On votes being taken, the latter was successful.

Mr. Edalji Dorabji Talati, B.A., has been appointed acting Principal of the Elphinstone High School, in place of Mr. Wright, M. A., who is appointed acting Educational Inspector, Northern Division. Mr. Wright will revert to his place, on the a rival of Professor Muller from England. This is the second instance of a native holding the appointment of Principal of the Elphinstone High School, the first being that of the late Waman Abaji Modak, B. A.

The city mortality has gone down to 468 for the week ending the 25th inst. Forty-five births were recorded during the same week; 318 deaths were due to fever, 70 to starvation, 15 to dysentery and diarrhœa and the rest to other causes.

THE Inter-University Rugby match being fixed for Wednesday, December 12th, at the Queen's Club, West Kensington, the rival captains at Oxford and Cambridge are busily engaged with trial games, prior to commencing the campaign in real earnest. At Cambridge the Rugby team is captained by Mr. J. R. G. Greenlees, with Mr. D. R. Bedell-Sivright as hon. secretary. Five other members of last year's victorious fifteen are available, including Mr. J. A. Campbell, the ex-captain. Mr. R. W. Bell and Mr. C. T. Scott are amongst the prominent players who have gone down. At Oxford Mr. J. F. A. Swanston succeeds Mr. C. E. Barry, and Mr. J. E. Crabbie acts as hon. secretary. Six other "old Blues" will be available. The Oxonians will meet Cardiff, Monkstown, Moseley, and the leading London clubs, and during the vacation will tour in Scotland, playing three leading Edinburgh clubs. It is rather a remarkable fact that both the Varsity captains this year are old Loretto School boys.

THE ACTING MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.

MR. JOSEPH SLADEN, who has been appointed to act as Municipal Commissioner of Bombay during the absence of Mr. Harvey on privilege leave, is a B. A., Balliol College, Oxon, and joined the service in November, 1887, but was permitted by the Secretary of State to remain in England for one year with a view to graduating. Arriving in the country in November, 1888, Mr. Sladen was placed under the Collector of Ahmedabad to learn the routine of revenue business. In April, 1890, he was appointed to act as an Assistant Political Agent in Kathiawar. In October, 1891, he was transferred to Sind to officiate as Assistant Commissioner and Sindhi Translator to Government. While holding the rank of Assistant Collector and Magistrate at Hyderabad and Karachi, he continued to discharge the duties of Assistant Commissioner and Sindhi Translator till May, 1896, in which month he was placed in charge of the office of Commissioner in Sind and continued therein till October of that year, when he was nominated to the substantive post of Assistant Commissioner and Sindhi Translator to Government. In May, 1898, Mr. Sladen was sent to Shikarpur and officiated as Collector and Magistrate, and District Registrar and Political Agent at Khairpur. In August, 1898, he was transferred to Karachi, where he officiated as Collector and Magistrate and District Registrar till January of this year. In April, 1900, on return from privilege leave, he reverted to the substantive post of Assistant Commissioner in Sind and Sindhi Translator to Government, but was in the following month transferred again to Khairpur to act as Collector and Magistrate and District Registrar and Political Agent. For a short time since he has been acting as Collector and Magistrate at Karachi.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF THE 19TH OCTOBER.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Egypt, Captain E. L. Langborne, with English mails of the 19th October arrived in Bombay harbour early yesterday morning. She brought the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Alcock Mr and Mrs J B
Affton Mrs and child
Adair Mr
Alexander Miss
Ansell Mrs
Bell Mr H
Bond Mrs Mac
Bennish Miss
Bilfour Lieut A S
Blair Mrs R T
Bell Mrs James and infant
Blair Mr Justice
Brown Mrs L M
Brodie Miss
Bass Miss
Badley Miss
Borrows Miss
Bird Mr W J A and inft
Bell Lieut A D
Barnes Miss D
Barclay Mrs and child
Brommer Mr and Mrs
Burns Mrs
Buchanan Miss
Biggs Mrs W B
Bastard Miss
Cameron Mr D
Cowie Mrs
Condor Miss
Christiansen Mr A J Mrs and Miss
Carthew Miss
Cox Miss
Coutts Mrs S and Inft
Campbell Miss
Channing Mr W K
Clarke Mr L J
Cecil Lord Arther
Cogg Mr H R
Cosgwin Capt
unoan Mr J B
Davies Mr Rees Jolfote
Dimoli Mrs F D and child
Drake Brockman Capt Mrs and 2 children
Deane Mr
Dixon Maj
Eyans Miss C J
Fitzwilliam Mr
Fowler Miss
Ferrol Mr S F
Fiske Mrs
Grainger Miss
Grant Mr
Gray Miss
Great Mrs T K
Grant Mr L
Gillies L A
Gildespie Asst Surg
Grant Mrs
Gordon Capt R C J
Grant Mr T
Haydon Miss
Head Miss
Hamilton Miss
Holme Mr and Mrs
Hunter Mrs and 2 infants
Hayes Miss
Harrison Miss D S
Hemingway Miss
Hancox Mrs
Hawkins Miss
Halifax Mrs and child
Harrington Mr B K
Hill
Harris Mr
Hooper Mrs and infant
Hulet Miss J
Holdon Mr
Haton Mrs
Jackson Mr and Mrs F H
Badham Rev C H Mrs and 2 Misses
Batting Lieut and Mrs
Bo ett Mr C H
Clive Mr E
Crosthwaite Mrs H L
Colomb Mrs and child
Craigie Mr A
Campbell Mr J
Carlyle Mr J
Clemence Mrs child and infant
Cowan L A G
Daly Mr and Mrs A
Dunn Mr G
Elles Lady and Miss
Eades Miss A R
Farrell Mrs and five children
Gillan Mr and Mrs R W
Grover Colonel and Mrs and 2 children
Greany Colonel and Mrs J P and infant
Hervey Mr and Mrs and two children
Holbeid Mrs P and child
Howell Miss H
Hoseason Miss
Hosain Mr S S
Hyder Mr M W
Harper Mr J J
Jones Major J L F
Jephson Capt and Mrs J Jephson Mr R B
Jasger Mr N R
Jellett Mrs and child
James Mr T R
Jerram Mr H
John Mr E
Javeri Mr C H
Kitts Mrs E and Miss
Keddie Mrs
Knowles Mr F E
Lillie Mr Mrs and inft
Love Mrs A
Llewellyn Mr A
Leichkord Mr T R
Lowndes Dr
Mount Miss
Meiklejohns Genl Sir W and Lady and 2 children
Molony Miss
Mc Laran Mr R J
Mauprivez Mr Lt and Mrs
Meakin Mrs
Montgomery Miss
Maclie Mr and Mrs
Meredith Mr A
Mandlat Capt Mrs and inft
Nixon Mrs
Napier Mr N R
Ommaney Miss
Preston Mrs and child
Parson Miss V
Parson Miss I
Pilcher 2 Misses
Porter Miss
Parotti Mr
Pratt Mrs C H
Pym Mr Miss
Pope Miss
Proctor Mr W
Pennant Mr P S
Powell Mr C K
Pattman Mr t A
Davis Mr Richardson
Richardson Miss
Roberts Miss
Ballgrave Mr
Robinson Mrs
Rhodes Mr
Simpson Mr and Mrs J Hope
Stannard Miss
Shelton Miss
Snow Mrs and infant
Scoggings Miss W
Stewart Mr V A and Mrs
Scealer Miss
Sewell Mr and Mrs
Simpson Mr F and Mrs
Swallow Mr
Seaton Miss
Simon Miss M R B
Strachey Miss
Tweidell Mrs
Tritton Major and Mrs
Thomson Mr J B
Tighe Mr H
Woolcock Capt H C Mrs W C M and child
Walton Mr R
Waller Miss
Walker Miss V F
Walker Miss
Wauhop Mr Alex
Wortabet Mrs
Weightman Mr H J
Walter Mr C J
Western Miss M P
Woodcock Mrs
Woolcock Capt Mr D E A W and Mrs
Watson Mr P
Underwood Lieut J B

FROM MARSEILLES.

Adie Mr and Mrs
Anderson Mr F G
Anderson Mrs
Arundel Miss M F
Bowen Lt W K and Mrs
Barnard Mrs
Balcosky Mr E H
Batchelor Mr
Bryant Mrs
Blakeney Mr
Brewicker Miss
Bryant Mr
Boyts Mrs and Miss
Benson Mrs
Bagnall Mrs
Bagnall Miss
Bathe Mrs W T
Baron Miss E
Bagnall Miss
Black Miss
Beaumont Mrs
Crichton Capt and Mrs R
Chevis Mr W and Mrs and child
Cloede Mr and Mrs F T
Conybeare Mrs
Currie Mrs and Inft
Cady Hon Mr Justice Mrs and Miss
Criper Mr
Chalmer Mr and Mrs
Crossly Miss
Cresswell Mr W H
Doeridge Mr F A
Crane Miss
Cussance Mrs
Clark Mrs
Clegg Mrs and Inft
Danks Mr P B
Duncan Mr
Erskine Capt and Mrs H
Evans Capt
Ezekiel Mr
Ezra Mr
Elliott Mrs
Evatt Capt W F
Eyffs Mrs
Froworn Miss
Forris Mr and Mrs
Fox Mr H R
Finch Mr H M
Fancourt, Brig-Genl
Gangaram, Rai Bahadur
Graham Mr
Gow Mr J
Gray Mr and Mrs Percy and child
Gardiner Mr and Mrs
Hidson Mr and Mrs
Howat Mrs and Miss
Hoskyn Maj C K
Hendley, Mrs
Henry Mrs
Holmes Mrs
Hatch Miss
Hancourt Brig Genl J H
Hipwell Mr and Mrs
Jaffer Mr M
Jackson Mrs S
John Mr A
John Mrs K
Jackson Mr J S and Mrs
Keene Mrs
Kidlie Mr J C
Leonard Miss
Letchridge Capt
Leask Mrs
Lounles Mr and Mrs J R
Lodgard Mrs and Miss
Leoch Mr C B
LeLievre Mrs
Lemoit Rev and Mrs
Liddell-Is Mr J S
Munn Mr

THE CRISIS IN CHINA.

THE EXPEDITION TO PAO-TING-FU.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

(From the mail papers of Oct. 12 to 19.)

NEW YORK, October 15.—The following despatch from Peking, dated the 12th inst., has been received here:—Li Hung Chang during his visit to the Legations expressed anxiety to make peace, and said that he and Prince Ching would shortly address a Note to the Ministers asking them to begin negotiations. He expressed a preference for the Tsung-li-Yamen as meeting-place, and stated that owing to foreign objections Yung-lu had been withdrawn from the peace commission, Li Hung Chang doubts the authenticity of the decree banishing Prince Tuan.

The following telegram from Tientsin, dated the 12th inst., has also been received here:—Field-Marshal Count von Waldersee, in a statement summarising the military progress since he assumed command, explains that delay was due to the disembarkation and transportation of the Germans, and also to the necessity of getting the various commanders to work together in harmony. The conditions were now tolerably satisfactory. Active operations were inaugurated with the Pao-ting-fu expedition. The Field-Marshal regards the inactivity of the Chinese as a ruse to cover possibly further offensive operations. Count von Waldersee concludes by saying that his military policy is designed to crush the possibility of further hostilities.—Reuter.

Washington, October 16.—Mr. Conger, the United States Minister to China, telegraphs that the Chinese Emperor will return to Peking under American protection.—Exchange Telegraph Company.

All the Powers have now replied to the French note on China. Japan has formally accepted all the clauses of the French note. The reply is accompanied by comment to the effect that it will be difficult to prevent the importation of arms into China. The German Government despatched a reply yesterday, which is couched in most friendly terms, and raises no fundamental objections to the French proposals.

INDEMNITY QUESTION.

Paris, Monday.—The "Figaro" says Austria, Italy, and Japan are in favour of submitting the Chinese indemnity question to the Hague Arbitration Tribunal.—Exchange Telegraph Company.

THE SITUATION AT PEKING.

MEETING OF THE DIPLOMATIC BODY.

Paris, October 16.—The following despatch from Tientsin, dated the 15th inst., has been received here:—Sir Claude MacDonald the British Minister, having been informed from London of the bases of the negotiations with China which were proposed to the foreign officers of the different Powers by M. Delcasse, French Minister for Foreign Affairs, called a meeting of the Diplomatic Body. The French proposals were unanimously approved by those present, and the initiative of France was highly appreciated. The American Minister was the only one who raised objections, not against the proposals themselves, but against the method of presentation. Mr. Conger held that the French proposals should be imposed on China during the negotiations, whereas these proposals have been formulated as the basis of negotiation. Different Ministers, including the Italian and British Ministers presented certain demands, notably for replacing the Tsung-Li-Yamen by a Minister for Foreign Affairs, and for publicly posting up for two years edicts concerning the punishment of the instigators of the anti-foreign movement. These suggestions were approved by the other Ministers present. A column, consisting of French, German, and British troops, under the command of General Gaselee, left Peking on Oct. 17, for Pao-ting-fu. General Bailloud has left Tientsin with three French battalions. The allied detachments will demand on their arrival at Pao-ting-fu the surrender of the town, which, according to certain reports, has received orders to fight to the end. If the town should offer resistance, which is not probable, it will be bombarded, and the inhabitants will receive exemplary punishment. The diplomatic body has received a copy of the notification of the Imperial Edict of the 1st inst., and has already begun to doubt its authenticity. Li Hung Chang, closely escorted and guarded by the Russians, has arrived at Peking.—Reuter.

LI HUNG CHANG AND THE IMPERIAL COURT.

Paris, Tuesday.—M. Delcasse stated at the Cabinet Council to-day that he had received information that Li Hung Chang had sent to the Black Flags and to the Imperial troops, who had left to join the Imperial troops in Shansi, instructions to return and proceed to Canton.—Central News.

WALDERSEE PROCEEDING TO PEKING.

Tientsin, Oct. 14.—Field-Marshal Count von Waldersee and Staff started for Peking this morning. The Aiwar state infantry arrived here yesterday, and 200 of their number immediately proceeded to join the Pao-ting-fu expedition.—Reuter.

New York, October 15.—A despatch from Tientsin, dated the 14th inst., says:—"The length of Count von Waldersee's stay at Peking has not yet been determined. He expects to return to Tientsin before the cold weather, and will possibly make Shanghai his winter headquarters, as it is understood that the Powers do not contemplate undertaking any active operations once the winter sets in. The rapid rise of the river Peiho is causing the Allies to redouble their efforts to rush supplies into Peking."—

THE PAO-TING-FU EXPEDITION.

[illegible], October 15.—The Tribunal to-day publishes the following despatch from Taku:—The object of the Pao-ting-fu Expedition is to punish the Boxer leaders and to assure the working of the railway. The Italian warship Vesuvio has left for Shanghai, where many International warships have been concentrated in view of possible disorders.—Reuter.

A letter received in Tientsin from Pao-ting-fu states that the survivors there are only waiting for a party from Ching-ting-fu to proceed under escort to Peking. They add that they are kindly treated by the officials. Their safety is probably due to Mr. Goodnow's appeal to Li Hung Chang.

New York, Oct. 17.—The following despatch from Tientsin, dated the 15th inst., via Shanghai, has been received here:—The Pao-ting-fu expedition has met with no opposition up to yesterday. A courier reports that a column of 500 French is en route for Hsien-hsien to relieve a party of French priests there. It met with no opposition during its six days' march to the south. The British fourth brigade is arriving. The Americans have evacuated the arsenal and have handed it over to the provisional city Government.—Reuter.

Shanghai, October 16.—According to Chinese reports received here, the object of the expedition to Pao-ting-fu is stated to have been to repair the railway, which had been destroyed by rebels, and also to disperse the Boxers in the vicinity. The people and merchants in the city were not interfered with. The Chinese quarter here has been chartered by charitable natives and started for Tientsin to-day with food and fuel, and one hundred uniformed members of the Red Cross Corps on board, to relieve the distressed and sick there.—Central News.

It is reported that owing to the long notice given of the contemplated expedition, the officials and wealthy civilians at Pao-ting-fu sent away all their treasure and valuables to the Honan border.

THE "DEGRADATION" OF HIGH OFFICIALS.

A FORGED EDICT.

Peking, October 15.—The Imperial edict ordering the punishment of the high officials concerned in the recent outrages is believed to have been a forgery. Both Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang deny any knowledge of its existence.—Reuter.

It is reported at Shanghai that an Imperial Decree has been issued removing the Liu-Kun-Yi, the Viceroy of Nanking, who has proved himself friendly to Europeans.

THE RISING IN THE SOUTH.

SUCCESS OF THE IMPERIAL TROOPS.

Washington, Wednesday.—The American Consul at Canton telegraphs that the Imperial troops have retaken Liuchow. The rebels have dispersed eastward. The State Department has received official confirmation of the reported decapitation of Chang-yin-Huan, formerly Chinese Minister to the United States.—Central News.

H.M.S. HANDY SHELLS REBELS.

According to the Hong Kong correspondent of the "Express" the situation in the south could not well be graver. The whole of the district beyond the Kowloon frontier is in the hands of the rebels, and the Chinese authorities are powerless. The revolt is spreading with such extraordinary rapidity as to make it evident that the movement has been long premeditated and systematically organised. It is declared by the reform party to be the "death-knell of the Manchu."

News has come in to the effect that the torpedo-destroyer Handy, which was conveying the frontier guard under Police-Captain May, to the disturbed districts, has shelled a body of 2,000 rebels who were advancing on Sham-chun, killing forty and wounding some hundreds.

THE "BOXER" RISING.

COMPLICITY OF THE PEKING GOVERNMENT.

The "Standard" publishes to-day a summary of official documents which prove, beyond all possibility of dispute, that the Chinese Court was paying and directing the Boxers at the time when it was representing itself as struggling against a rebellious movement. The original papers—orders, notices of reward, and receipts—are in the possession of the "Standard." They were captured when the official residence at Tientsin of the Viceroy of Chi-li was occupied by the Allies. They fell into the hands of a European who understood their meaning, and were given by him to the special correspondent of the paper named. Not the least curious thing about these papers is that they show the openness with which the Viceroy kept his records of the cutlay of what ought, we imagine, to have been considered as secret service money. He had, no doubt, to account to his superiors—that is to say, to the Dowager-Empress and the Manchu Princes—for his use of the funds. We would be (says the "Standard") very sorry to answer for the honesty of all the statements made by the Chinese Governor. But, however fraudulent the execution may have been, there can be no question as to the nature of the duty which the Viceroy was engaged in discharging. He was serving out pay, rewards, and "smart money" to the Boxers at the very moment when General Nieh's troops were said to be engaged in suppressing them. The outlay was at a lavish rate, and the so-called rebels were not only paid, but were fed on a scale and with a foresight rarely shown on behalf of the Chinese regulars—if the papers are to be fully trusted to show exactly what sums the Viceroy was disbursing. But the probity of this official does not concern us. He may have cheated his superiors, or have been himself overreached by his subordinates, and yet the value of the documents as evidence of the responsibility of the rulers of China for the anti-foreign outrages of the Boxers is not impaired.

THE MASSACRES IN PEKING.

A TALE OF HORROR.

In the "Times" on Saturday, Dr. Morrison, the Peking correspondent of that journal, began an account of recent events in the Chinese capital and of the rise of the Boxer movement. To the encouragement of the Boxers by the Empress-Dowager most of the trouble is due, says the correspondent, and it reminds him of the ancient prophecy that "China shall be destroyed by a woman." The letter fills eight columns of the "Times" and should be read in full by all interested in a proper understanding of the Chinese question. Of the deliberate intention of the Empress and her associates to exterminate the native Christians and the foreigners there can be no doubt. What the former class has suffered is scarcely known in England. They died the martyr's death by thousands, and in the blood of the slain they have laid deep the foundations of the future Christian Church in China. We quote from Dr. Morrison's account the story of the descent of the Boxers into Peking, and the work of murder, pillage, and incendiarism which followed:—

THE PREPARATIONS AT THE LEGATIONS.

The cry arose that the "Boxers" were coming. Every man ran to his post, a cordon was established round the foreign quarter, and no one was allowed to pass. Guards were on watch at all the Legations, but their numbers, spread over so many posts, were very inadequate, and they were still further reduced by the guards detached for duty at the Pei-tang Cathedral, where, three miles distant within the Imperial City were gathered in the on great compound Mgr. Favier, the Bishop, his coadjutor, Mgr. Jarlin, the missionaries and lay brothers, the sisters of charity, and a vast concourse of Christian refugees, estimated at 2,000, who had fled from the massacre in the country.

The Austrians with their machine gun commanded the Customs-street leading to the north; the Italians with a one-pounder commanded the Legation-street to the east. The British with their Nordenfelds swept the Canal-street to the north and the North-bridge, the Russians were on the South-bridge, while the Americans with their Colt machine gun had command of Legation-street to the west as far as the court facing the Imperial Palace. The Russians, having no gun, dropped their heavy ammunition down the well.

THE MASSACRE OF NATIVE CHRISTIANS.

As darkness came on the most awful cries were heard in the city, most demoniacal and unforgetable, the cries of the "Boxers," "Sha kweitze"—"Kill the devils"—mingled with the shrieks of the victims and the groans of the dying. For "Boxers" were sweeping through the city massacring the native Christians and burning them alive in their houses. The first building to be burned was the chapel of the Methodist Mission in the Hata Men-street. Then flames sprang up in many quarters of the city. Amid the most deafening uproar the Tung-tang, or East Cathedral, shot flames into the sky. The old Greek Church in the north-east of the city, the London mission buildings, the handsome pile of the American Board Mission, and the entire foreign buildings belonging to the Imperial Maritime Customs in the East City burned throughout the night. It was an appalling sight.

RESCUING THE SURVIVORS.

The Tung-tang, or East Cathedral, having been burned, it was clear that the Nan-tang, the South Cathedral, was in danger. Pere Garrigues, the aged priest of the Tung-tang, had refused to leave his post and had perished in the flames. But the fathers and sisters at the Nan-tang might yet be saved. Their lives were in great peril; it was necessary to act quickly. A party of French gentlemen, led by M. Pichon, of the French Legation, and accompanied by M. and Mme. Chamot, rode out at night, and early the following morning safely escorted to the hotel every member of the mission—Pere d'Addosio and his two colleagues, a French brother, five sisters of the charity, and some twenty native nuns of the Order of Josephine. They were rescued just in time. Scarcely had they reached a place of safety when the splendid edifice they had forsaken was in flames. To the sky wreathed the smoke—a pillar of cloud marking the destruction not of a faith, but of a nation. This historic pile of great historical interest, the home of Verbiest and Schaal, with its memorial tablet given to the cathedral by the Emperor Kang Hsi, was ruthlessly sacrificed. It continued burning all day, the region round it, the chief Catholic centre of Peking, being also burnt. Acres of houses were destroyed, and the Christians in thousands put to the sword.

GLOATING OVER THE DYING CHRISTIANS.

On the 15th rescue parties were sent out by the American and Russian Legations in the morning, and by the British and German Legations in the afternoon, to save if possible native Christians from the burning ruins around the Nan-tang. Awful sights were witnessed. Women and children hacked to pieces, men trussed like fowls, with noses and ears cut off and eyes gouged out. Chinese Christians accompanied the reliefs and ran about in the labyrinth of network of streets that formed the quarter, calling upon the Christians to come out from their hiding places. All through the night the massacre had continued, and "Boxers" were even now shot redhanded at their bloody work. But their work was still incomplete, and many hundreds of women and children had escaped. They came out of their hiding-places crossing themselves and pleading for mercy. It was a most pitiful sight. Thousands of soldiers on the wall witnessed the rescue; they had with callous hearts witnessed the massacre without ever raising a hand to save. During the awful nights of the 13th and 14th Duke Lan, the brother of Prince Tuan, and Chao Shu-Chiao, of the Tsung-li-Yamen, had followed round in their carts to gloat over the spectacle. Yet the Chinese Government were afterwards to describe this massacre done under official supervision under the very walls of the Imperial Palace as the handiwork of local banditti.

PRICELESS TREASURES DESTROYED.

In the afternoon of June 16 a fire broke out in the foreign drug store in the native city outside the great gate of the Chien Men. It was the work of "Boxers," done while the soldiers were looking on. In order to burn the foreign drug store and do the foreigners a few pounds' worth of damage, they did not hesitate to jeopardise by fire property worth millions of pounds, and that is what happened. Adjoining buildings took fire, the flames spread to the booksellers' street, and the most interesting street in China, filled with priceless scrolls, manuscripts, and printed books, was gutted from end to end. Fire licked up house after house, and soon the conflagration was the most disastrous ever known in China, reducing to ashes the richest quarter of Peking, the pearl and jewel shops, the silk and fur, the satin and embroidery stores, the great curio shops, the gold and silver shops, the melting houses and nearly all that was of the highest value in the metropolis. Irreparable was the damage done. From the street below the fire spread to the Central outer Chien Men gate, which directly faces the Imperial Palace, and which is only thrown open for the passage of the Emperor. An imposing temple crowns this wall; it was engulfed in the conflagration. The great tiled roof with its upturned gables fell with a crash of falling worlds, while great volumes of smoke spread like a pall over the Imperial Palace, foreboding the doom of the Imperial house. It was a sight never to be forgotten.

THE CARVING KNIFE BRIGADE.

In the "Times" on Monday, Dr. Morrison continued his story of the siege of the Legations. It fills two pages of the "Times," and gives the first adequate accounts of the sufferings of the small European colony and the native Christian refugees from the commencement of the siege on June 20 up to the relief of the Legations on August 14.

The garrison was composed of 18 officers and 389 men, made up of eight different nationalities. There was a volunteer brigade of 75 men, and in addition a highly irregular force of 50 gentlemen of many nationalities, who did garrison guard in the British Legation, and were most useful. They were known (says the correspondent), from the gentleman who enrolled them, as "Thorahill's Roughs," and they bore themselves as the legitimate successors on foot of Roosevelt's Roughriders. Armed with a variety of weapons from an elephant rifle to the "fusil de chasse" with a picture of the Grand Prix to all of which carving-knives had been lashed as bayonets they were known as the "Carving Knife Brigade." They were formidable alike to friend and foe. For, all unaccustomed as they were to the military art—the most experienced of them was he who had once witnessed the trooping of the colour in St. James's Park—they had a habit of carrying the rifle horizontally over the shoulder, so that when they swung quickly round the blade swept into the throat of the man behind. Diversity of language was another difficulty.

SIR CLAUDE MACDONALD TAKES COMMAND.

At the opening of the siege Captain Thomann, the Austrian commander, as senior officer, assumed chief command. He retained his position two days only. One of his first acts was to abandon valuable positions in the defence without adequate reason. "Americans and Russians, learning that all east of Canal-street had been abandoned, saw themselves cut off, though their communications had not even been menaced and retreated precipitately into the British Legation. It was a veritable stampede—a panic that might have been fraught with the gravest disaster. Prompt action was taken. Captain Thomann was relieved of his command, and Sir Claude MacDonald, at the urgent instance of the French and Russian Ministers, subsequently confirmed by all their colleagues, assumed the chief command. The French and Austrians reoccupied the French Legation, but the barricade in Customs-street was lost. One German only was killed and the position was saved, but the blunder might have been disastrous." It will be remembered that Sir Claude, before joining the Diplomatic Service, was in the Army, and had seen active service in Egypt and the Soudan. He has been described as "a first-class fighting man."

THE MOST SACRED BUILDING IN CHINA DESTROYED.

There seem to have been no length to which the Chinese were not prepared to go to wreak their spite on the "foreign devils." The defenders had destroyed several buildings near the British Legation in order to secure its safety, but a building in the Hanlin Academy was spared because to burn it would, it was said, wound the susceptibilities of the Chinese Government. It was "the most sacred building in China." So little (exclaims Dr. Morrison) do the oldest of us understand the Chinese. A strong wind was blowing from the Hanlin into the Legation, the distance separating the nearest building from the Minister's residence being only a few feet. Fire the one and the Minister's residence would have been in danger. Suddenly there was the alarm of fire. Smoke was rising from the Hanlin. The most venerated pile in Peking, the great Imperial academy, centre of all Chinese learning, with its priceless collection of books and manuscripts, was in flames. Every one who was off duty rushed to the back of the Legation. The Hanlin had been occupied during the night by Imperial soldiers, who did not hesitate, in their rage to destroy the foreigners, to set fire to the buildings. It was first necessary to clear the temple. A breach was made in the wall. Captain Poole headed a force of Marines and volunteers who rushed in, divided, searched the courts, and returned to the main pavilion with its superb pillars and memorial tablets. Chinese were rushing from other burning pavilions to the main entrance. They were taken by surprise and many were killed, but they had done their evil deed. Other great libraries have been destroyed by the victorious invader. What can be thought of a nation which destroys its own most sacred edifice, the pride and glory of its learned men through centuries, in order to wreak vengeance upon the foreigner?

M. DELCASSE'S SECOND CHINA NOTE.

REPLIES OF THE POWERS.

Paris, October 18.—The second Note in which M. Delcasse requested the Powers after their adhesion to his first Note to give instructions in order to enable their representatives at Peking to begin negotiations at once, has been replied to by Germany, Austria Russia, and Great Britain. The respective Governments have informed M. Delcasse that they will at once forward instructions to their Ministers at Peking. Lord Salisbury, however, maintains his original reservations as to the enforcement of one condition mentioned in M. Delcasses first Note. Italy and Japan have not yet answered, nor has the United States, but it is known here that their replies will reach Paris within 24 hours. M. Delcasse has already forwarded the necessary instructions to M. Pichon the French Minister at Peking.—Reuter.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

New York, Oct. 18.—The following despatch from Peking, dated the 16th inst., has been received here: Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang have addressed a communication to the foreign Ministers, assembled in joint meeting, fixing Saturday as the date of the first meeting for the discussion of the terms of peace.—Reuter.

Paris, October 18.—The New York "Herald" advises President McKinley to follow the example of Russia and withdraw the American troops from China, thus ensuring his election.—Exchange Telegraph Company.

THE RUSSIAN MINISTER TO RETURN TO PEKING.

Cologne, October 17.—The following despatch has been received by the "Kolnische Zeitung" from Tientsin, of yesterday's date:—M. de Giers, the Russian Minister in China, who arrived here on the 4th inst., from Peking with the staff of the Legation, has received instructions from his Government to return to Peking with all the members of the Legation within the next few days.—Reuter.

THE ABYSSINIAN FRONTIER.

REUTER'S Agency learns that the expedition sent out by the British Foreign Office last year for the purpose of surveying the Anglo-Abyssinian boundary lying between Lake Rudolf and the Sobat, and to connect the survey with that made by one of Col. Macdonald's columns in 1898, has now returned.

The expedition was in charge of Major H. H. Austin, D.S.O., the second in command in the Macdonald expedition, who had with him Major R. G. Bright, Rifle Brigade, who was also in Col. Macdonald's expedition. These officers left England in October 1899, and proceeded direct to Omdurman, where they were supplied with an escort of Soudanese troops under a native officer. As transport they had seven camels, 10 mules, and 140 donkeys, with 25 Dervish attendants. Some delay was caused at Omdurman, the expedition not being able to proceed until after the capture of the Khalifa. Early in December the expedition embarked at Omdurman in the gunboat Tamai, which was accompanied by a double-decked barge and native boats. After a journey of three weeks up the Nile and the Sobat, further navigation was found to be impossible, owing to the rapid fall of the river, and the expedition landed at a point on the Sobat River about midway between the two most southerly Anglo-Egyptian forts. The vessels were sent back immediately, and a prolonged halt was necessary to rest the animals. After a march of eight days over an enormous flooded-up swamp, entirely populated by naked Dinkas and Nuers, all of whom were perfectly friendly, the expedition reached Nassen. From that point Majors Austin and Bright proceeded in an easterly direction for several weeks over plains and dried swamps. The people on this section of the journey were found to be of a higher order of intelligence than the Dinkas. The banks of the rivers were thickly populated, and the approach of the expedition was watched with curiosity by the Anuak people, who sat upon lofty stagings erected at intervals along the banks. They were quite friendly. On a small wooded island on the Baro River the expedition found Col. Marchand's launch "Faidherbe," which had been abandoned. It lay high and dry, and had been protected from the weather by a rough grass roof. One of the sides was stove in. Since the boat had been deposited there the island had been avoided by the natives, who regarded it with great superstition. By this time the expedition was approaching the deep gorge of the Baro, and a few days later Major Austin received a courteous invitation from the Abyssinian General in local command to visit him in the mountains. To reach this post it was necessary to ascend a precipitious mountain range, entailing the greatest fatigue. No fewer than seven camels and eight donkeys fell over the precipices, and but for the assistance of the Abyssinians, it would have been impossible to reach the plateau. The whole party suffered severely. For over two months the expedition stayed in the Abyssinian high lands, and during this period saw a great deal of this warlike race. Leaving the mountains the expedition proceeded south, but owing to the continual rains progress was almost impossible, and the mortality among the transport animals was very high. On several occasions camp had to be pitched in large swamps, and often not more than two miles' march could be made in a day. Gradually the position became so serious that Major Austin decided to march west, and by the date of his arrival on the Sobat, after a most anxious and trying journey, all the camels and mules and over 100 of the transport donkeys had succumbed. While in the Abyssinian highlands the expedition saw the commencement of preparations to remove Marchand's launch. Great secrecy was observed about the preparations which were being made, it was said, by direct orders of the Emperor. Hundreds of people were employed, and when the British officers left the gorge the *Faidherbe* had been cut in half, and one of the section, 30 feet long, had been carried by gangs of men to the foot of the almost perpendicular goat track leading to the plateau. It seemed almost an impossibility to remove it to the top, but the Abyssinians declared their intention of taking the entire vessel to Addis Ababa.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

MISS N. MURRELL MARRIS'S Life of Mr. Chamberlain is published by Hutchinson and Co. The biography, the author explains, is not critical, but is confined to narrative, and is all the more interesting because Mr. Chamberlain's family, if not Mr. Chamberlain himself, have given much information and assistance to the author. Here is a good story told by Mr. Chamber. lain's old teacher at Camber well:—

The boys wanted to get up a Peace Society. I was very much against it, as I felt sure it would stir up quarrels among them; and they were, of course, forbidden to fight. However, like men, I knew they would get tired of it if they had their own way. One afternoon I heard there had been trouble while I had been out, and I sent for the boys to investigate the offenders. It was just as I had expected. They had been fighting as to who should be the president of the Peace Society, and, of course, Joseph Chamberlain was among them. He didn't like being behind anybody, and when he did fight he was in earnest about it.

Mr. Chamberlain remembers the incident. The quarrel was as to what was to be done with the fund, amounting to 2-2. Eventually it went to a crossing-sweeper near the school, and that was the end of the Peace Society.

When Mr. Chamberlain first went up to the House of Commons he was not long in making himself quite at home. Miss Marris says:—

Mr. Chamberlain, new to the etiquette of the House, was unware that he might not wear his hat until he was actually sworn in, and after prayers were over he promptly put it on. Consternation reigned; surely Mr. Bright would explain matters to his young colleague. But Mr. Bright either did not see what had happened or took no notice. Would someone write the offender a line? No one did. Whispers ran up and down the benches: would he incur the wrath of Mr. Speaker? Presently one of the doorkeepers came in with a message for the new member, and, when, with perfect deliberation a few moments latter the hat was removed the House breathed again.

The first speech Mr. Chamberlain ever delivered in Parliament was on the Education Bill of 1876.

When the Prince and Princess of Wales visited Birmingham in 1874 everyone wondered how Mr. Chamberlain who was Mayor at the time, and who was regarded as a Republican, would acquit himself. But Mr. Chamberlain showed that he could be, as he said, "a gentleman as well as a Republican," and everything passed off satisfactorily. "Punch" at the time issued a cartoon representing the Princess cutting the claws of the Republican lion (Mr. Chamberlain), with the following lines:

Like a gentleman he comported himself in the glare of the Princely sun,—
Has just said what he ought to have said, and done what he ought to have done.
Has put his red cap in his pocket, and sat on his "Fortnightly" article.
And of Red Republican claws and teeth displayed not so much as a particle.

THE GERMAN CHANCELLORSHIP.

PRINCE HOHENLOHE TIRED OF OFFICE.

COUNT VON BULOW'S APPOINTMENT.

THE Imperial Chancellor of Germany, Prince Hohenlohe, having tendered his resignation, the Emperor William has appointed Count von Bulow, the Foreign State Secretary, as his successor.

The reasons assigned for the resignation of Prince Hohenlohe are his age—he is now eighty-one years—and the fact that he is tired of occupying an office in which he was in a powerless position.

Prince Clovis Charles Victor, Prince of Hohenlohe-Schillingsfirst, has been Chancellor of the German Empire since October, 1894, when, at the age of seventy-five, he was appointed to succeed Count von Caprivi.

THE NEW CHANCELLOR.

Count von Bulow, who will be the fourth Chancellor of the German Empire, has not hitherto been identified with any question of home policy, having dealt chiefly with matters affecting the foreign relations of his country. He was born in 1850, and is a son of the Herr von Bulow who was Foreign Secretary of Germany between the years 1873 and 1879. In 1873, after a term in the German Foreign Office, the Count became successively Secretary of Embassy in Rome, St. Petersburg, and Vienna, and during the Russo-Turkish War he discharged the duties of Charge d'Affaires at Athens. He was one of the Secretaries of the Berlin Congress, served subsequently in diplomatic capacities in Paris and St. Petersburg, and was appointed Minister to Roumania in 1888. He became Minister to Itlay in 1892, and in the absence from his post of Baron Marschall von Bubenstein in 1897, he acted as Foreign Secretary in Berlin, and succeeded to that office in October of that year. The new Chancellor has proved himself to be a diplomatist of firmness and discretion, and he is particularly identified with the energetic attitude which Germany has taken up in the Far East.

SAVAGE ASSAULT ON A NAVAL OFFICER.

LIEUT. HAROLD G. JACKSON, son of Rear-Admiral Jackson, Admiralty superintendent of Devonport Dockyard, and one of the gunnery officers of H. M. S. "Cambridge," was on Saturday, Oct. 13, examining a class, of seamen in gunnery, and pointed to one of the class, an able seaman, a mistake he had made. The man in response threw the rammer at the officer, slightly injuring his ankle, and followed this up by throwing a 100lb. projectile at him. Fortunately Lieut. Jackson just managed to avoid the projectile, or he would probably have been killed. Then his assailant rushed at him, but was seized by the other men in the class and placed under arrest.

Hair 55 Inches Long
Grown by Cuticura.

MISS B——, of L——, sends us through our British Agents, Messrs. F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27 and 28, Charterhouse Square, London, E. C., a strand of soft, glossy hair cut from her own head and measuring fifty-five inches in length, of which the annexed drawing is a photographic fac-simile. She attributes her magnificent head of hair to frequent shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP, followed by light dressings of CUTICURA gently rubbed into the scalp. Previous to the use of CUTICURA, her hair was dry, thin, and lifeless, and came out in handfuls to such an extent that she feared she would lose soon it.

This is but one of many remarkable cases of the preservation and restoration of the hair in seemingly hopeless cases by warm shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP, followed by light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, clears the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow on a clean, sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp, when all else fails.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour,

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood-humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. Aust. Depot: R. TOWNS & Co., Sydney, N.S.W. So. African Depot: LENNON LTD., Cape Town. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., CUTICURA REMEDIES, Boston, U.S.A.

THE
PARIS EXHIBITION
AWARDS
again show that
LIPTON
LIMITED
still maintain the first position.

LIPTONS TEAS
obtained the
GOLD MEDAL
at the
PARIS EXHIBITION.

LIPTONS TEAS obtainable everywhere.

Agent: D. C. Oomrigar, Abdul Rahman Street,
BOMBAY.

THE BEST REFRESHER IN INDIA.
TENNENT'S
Per Case of 4 doz. Quarts— Rs. 22.0
Per Case of 8 doz. Pints— Rs. 31.0
LIBERAL DISCOUNT to PURCHASERS of FIVE CASES and UPWARDS.
PILSENER BEER
CALCUTTA:—The Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.
BOMBAY—Allsopp, Salmon & Co., Ltd.
KARACHICHI:—Latham & Co.
MADRAS:—Spencer & Co.
RANGOON:—A. Scott & Co.

S. & H. HARRIS.
HARRIS'S HARNESS COMPOSITION
HARRIS'S BRITISH Polishing Paste
WATERPROOF.
Sold by all Saddlers and Storekeepers.
MANUFACTORY - - - LONDON, E.

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH
and teach the Children to do so, by using
CALVERT'S
CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER
CARBOLIC TOOTH PASTE
Each is prepared with CALVERT'S purest Carbolic—the best Dental Preservative. They sweeten the Breath and prevent Infection by Inhalation.
THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY DENTIFRICES.
THE SHAHZADA liked CALVERT'S CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER so much that he ordered a large supply for home use.
6d., 1/-, 1/6, and 1-lb. 5/- Tins. 6d., 1/-, and 1/6 Pots.
AVOID IMITATIONS, WHICH ARE NUMEROUS AND UNRELIABLE.
F. C. CALVERT & Co., MANCHESTER.
AWARDED 80 GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS

Milkmaid
BRAND
Milk
Full Cream.
As a guarantee of quality see that the MILKMAID Trade Mark is on every Tin.
Largest Sale in the World.

PROCURABLE EVERYWHERE
SOLE REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE EAST
STANLEY OAKES
CALCUTTA.
SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY:
J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD.

NEW NAME
for **Liebig Company's Extract.**
There are many Liebig's Extracts, but only one kind is manufactured by the Liebig Company—the kind signed J. v. Liebig in blue—the only kind certified by Justus von Liebig and his successors—the kind largely advertised. To distinguish it from all others it now bears a new label on top and bottom of wrapper and on back of each jar with the Liebig's Extract of Meat Co.'s initials:
Lemco

"HARLENE" FOR THE HAIR
THE VERY FINEST DRESSING.
SPECIALLY PREPARED AND DELICATELY PERFUMED.
RESTORES THE HAIR.
PROMOTES THE GROWTH.
ARRESTS THE FALL.
STRENGTHENS THE ROOTS.
REMOVES DANDRUFF.
ALLAYS ALL IRRITATION.
Full description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle.
1s., 2s. 6d., and (3 times 2s. 6d. size) 4s. 6d. per Bottle from Druggists, etc., all over the world.
EDWARDS' HARLENE CO., 95 & 96, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, ENG.

New Era in Cod Liver Oil Manufacture.

We are indebted to recent scientific researches for the revelation of the no less surprising than important fact, that of all the Cod Liver Oil hitherto produced not a particle has been really pure, even when claimed to be "the purest"; however pure the source, the oil *must* by the present system of manufacture always be contaminated with decomposition products of its own fats, hence the nauseating and "repeating" properties.

With full knowledge of the cause Peter Möller soon found the remedy, and having remodelled his factories in accordance with the requirements of the new discoveries, he has now adopted a new system of manufacture which, for the first time in the history of this invaluable remedy, produces the pure oil, very different from other oils: easy to take easy to digest, and quite free from the tendency to create unpleasant eructations.

THIS NEW OIL IS KNOWN AS
PETER MOLLER'S
HYDROXYL-FREE
COD LIVER OIL.

"The Lancet, June, 8th, 1895:—"It is now known that Cod Liver Oil can be prepared, not only free from objectionable taste, but also *free from the tendency to cause unpleasant eructations*." This latter very disagreeable property has been removed by MÖLLER'S NEW PROCESS.

The Chemist and Druggist (London), May 1st, 1897:—MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL:—"It would be difficult to speak too highly of this oil: the taste marks the advantage of the hydroxyl-free process, one would not tell it to be an oil. The absence of eructation we have again tested and proved."

OF ALL CHEMISTS

"CAUTION.—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is protected under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India, and proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any spurious or other imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries
REGISTERED DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.
PHOSPHODYNE
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For **forty years** has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and **only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure** for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The **effect** of this Standard **Phosphoric** Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the **Miserable** Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is **really marvellous.**

Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations! None genuine without the British Government Stamp with **"Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England,"** engraved thereon, by order of her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable **testimonials** from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY!

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

FOR DIABETES.
FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

RUSSIAN POLICY EAST AND WEST.

In the current number of the "Contemporary Review" appears a short and very interesting essay entitled "The Secret Springs of Russian Policy," The writer signs himself "A Russian Publicist," and dates his article from Paris. The writer begins by showing how after the terrible death of Alexander II. there came into play in Russian politics the power of Katkoff, the editor of the "Moscovsky Vyedemosti." Katkoff had seen that the right way to counteract the revolutionary ideas of the people was to inaugurate a national party. He had come to that decision from his profound disbelief in the system by which a foreign element, chiefly German, controlled the policy of the Russian Government. The Nihilistic movement, he was convinced, was merely the manifestation of the national discontent with that system. The national self-consciousness had awakened. It was the awakening to a sense of his position of a man brought into light from a dark room.

AN ANTI-FOREIGN MOVEMENT.

Katkoff had perceived (says the writer) that the Nihilistic theories, which it is well known proceeded from student circles well acquainted with the writings of Lassalle and Marx, could not take root among the Russian people. Russia did not, at that time, possess a proper working class, or labour proletariat. The minds of the people were still too little developed intellectually to form any idea of what was meant by their "exploitation by capitalists." On the other hand, not only the higher but also the lower classes of the Russian people were ready and prepared for an anti-foreign, and especially an anti-German, movement, against the foreigner from envy, and against the Germans because they occupied both the higher and lower official positions. The people were also embittered against the foreigners because they had seized not only the trade of the country, but also its industries. The national hatred, which is always blind, even threatened to turn itself against the State regime, which it held to be responsible for preference being always given to foreigners.

This exceedingly important psychological moment, which caused the history of the Russian nation to take an entirely new turn, must be studied very closely. I refrain from making any deductions from the new movement, as, for the present, it is only essential to refer to it casually, in order to form a clear idea of the subsequent tendency of Russian policy.

THE POWER OF KATKOFF.

The ideas of Katkoff had taken strong hold of those who surrounded Alexander III.; and thus it came to pass that an editor, without holding any public office, played the most important role in the history of his country. The late Count Dmitri Tolstoy, Pobyedonoszeff, the Procurator-General of the Holy Synod, Vishnigradsky, the late Minister of Finance, and other statesmen, who afterwards had great influence on the policy of Russia, must be regarded as helpers of Katkoff; in fact, the majority of them had to thank Katkoff that they enjoyed the confidence of the Crown. Among the chief may be mentioned Vishnigradsky, who was appointed Minister of Finance solely owing to the Moscow editor continually drawing attention to his ability and capacity for the post.

THE RESULT.

The writer then points out how the development of this anti-foreign movement resulted in the formation among the people of an anti-foreign movement gradually growing into a monster beyond the control of the men who created it. It became the National Russian policy. It became the policy voiced in the most important Petersburg journals. It led to the separation in the minds of the people of their own aims and ideals from those of western civilisation. The writer quotes an extract from the "Novoye Vremya," relative to the visit of the Shah to the Russian Court.

RUSSIA AND THE EAST.

Persia, thanks to its historical past, has come to understand that Russia is the natural defender of the Oriental States. On the basis of Article 4 of the Treaty of Gulistan the Emperor of Russia has secured the right for himself and his heirs to maintain the autocracy and existing power in Persia on a firm footing. The Russian Czar is "de facto" the defender of the Shah's throne. Our relations with Persia must, in the future, develop themselves in that direction, which corresponds with Russia's historical mission. It is not as co-worker with the West that we should appear in the East, but as Russians—i.e., a nation which has taken its culture from the West, but in whose blood there is much that originates from Asia.

This last sentence is the exact expression of the leading idea which predominates in extensive circles of Russian society. The Russians say they do not wish to be, either at home or in the East, the bearers of the civilisation of the Western European Powers. They say: "We wish to maintain our own habits and customs, and also to implant these in neighbouring foreign subject races." This declaration is intended to apply to (amongst other races) the Germans of the Baltic provinces and the Finns, who are several hundred years in advance of the Russians as regards culture and institutions.

Russia will not agree to the Western nations—from whom, as the Russian editor openly admits, she has received her science, culture, and industrial development—joining her in friendly co-operation in the task of civilising the Orient.

The gentlemen who desire that Russia should play such a disproportionate and predominating role in the East should, however, ask themselves the question: What is the essential difference between Russian customs and habits and those of the Western nations? If they mean to present to the Oriental people as the highest ideal of general prosperity the well-known corruption of the bureaucracy, the dictatorship of the police, the intense ignorance of the masses, the blind suppression of all individual initiative—then neither Russia nor the people of the East have anything to gain from such a culture. Russian political writers, as well as the author of the above-mentioned article in the "Novoe Vremya," appear to us to be like those extremely short-sighted men who only see objects which stand in their immediate vicinity, but do not observe that there exists further away quite another world, in which the real vital energy has its seat.

A people who for hundreds of years allowed themselves to be enslaved by the Tartars—a lower race—and who even to this day have shown very doubtful civilising qualities, will not be able, if left alone, to accomplish the great work of progress in the East.

RUSSIA'S MISSION.

Russia has shown in her last war with Turkey how she understands her mission of civilisation, for she used her victory on that occasion to shut to European commerce the transit route into Persia from the north. She even now compels Turkey, and also weak Persia, to grant her concessions for building railways—the former Power in those provinces bordering on the Black Sea, and the latter in her own territory, but only to Russian subjects, notwithstanding it is a well-known fact that there is no capital for these undertakings in the Russian Empire.

The lovers of Russian civilisation in reality desire that the over-ruled people should be kept back as long as possible from all progress until Russia has sufficiently completed her own economic development, and until she is able to do something for them, and they wish it to be understood that what she eventually does will be in strict accord with the national idea.

Instead of turning her back on the West, Russia would be acting much more sensibly if she carried out at home the reforms that are necessary to further the intellectual and moral development of the masses and to stimulate their productive power. In this direction Russia has still a great deal to learn from her Western neighbours.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING

To investigate the Munyon Treatment—your Chemist will furnish you with Munyon's "Guide to Health," Free; or it will be sent you by post, Free This valuable little book will give you full particulars of Munyon's New System of Medicine, and give you correct treatment of Ordinary Ailments.

RENEWED VITALITY

Given to the Nervous, the Brain-Weary, and the Broken Down. Pains and Aches are Dispelled

WEAK STOMACHS

Are Made Strong, Kidney Troubles Disappear Swollen and Stiff Rheumatic Joints Relax and Become Flexible.

COLDS & COUGHS

Asthma, Bronchitis, and Throat and Catarrh Troubles are Promptly Cured by

MUNYON'S REMEDIES.

A Separate Cure for Each Disease.

Ask your Chemist for Munyon's "Guide to Health"—Buy a Rupee Munyon Remedy and Cure Yourself.

Bombay—BENNON & Co., THOMSON & SAYLOR KEMP & Co., and F. B. MURZBAN & Co.; Jumma Musjid:—DARA BROS.; Crawford Market:—D. C. COMRIGAR & Co.; Byculla—N. POWELL & Co. and J. D. WARDEN, 1;7, Bazaar Gate Street; Poona:—BEYNON & Co. Ipatpura, Lonauli, Mhow, Bhusawal and Nagpur:—The CO-OPERATIVE STORES; Nagpur—J. J. VELLOZ; Hyderabad (Deccan):—LESLIE GAY & Co.; Hubli & Dharwar:—Mr. G. GOBBANAVAR and all respectable Chemists.

Wholesale:—MUNYON'S INDIAN AGENCY 23, Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICES.

"Man's Strength and Woman's Beauty."

Before and since the days of Samson this is what has been said of every luxuriant growth of hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor preserves and beautifies the hair, giving it length, strength, and luster.

It restores the natural color to the hair in every instance.

It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one great cause of baldness.

It makes a better circulation in the scalp and thus checks the hair from falling out.

If your blood is poor and thin and filled with impurities, the Hair Vigor cannot do its best. You should take a thorough course of treatment with Ayer's Sarsaparilla at the same time you are using the Hair Vigor. This will cleanse your blood, invigorate your nerves, and improve your health in every way.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.
Agents for Bombay—KEMP & Co., Ld

"A PERFECT Food for Infants."
MRS. ADA S. BALLIN,
Editress of "Baby."

Over 70 Years' Established Reputation.

Neave's Food

BEST and CHEAPEST

For INFANTS and INVALIDS, CHILDREN and The AGED.

"Very carefully prepared and highly nutritious."—LANCET.

"Equally suitable to Invalids and Old People."—MEDICAL MAGAZINE.

NEAVE'S FOOD has for some time been used in

THE RUSSIAN IMPERIAL FAMILY.

"Admirably adapted to the wants of Infants and Young Persons"
SIR CHARLES A. CAMERON, M.D.,
Ex-President of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland.

"Contains all the elements of Food in an easily digested form."
GORDON STABLES, M.D., R.N.

A MOST NUTRITIOUS FOOD FOR NURSING MOTHERS.

"MALTINE WITH COD LIVER OIL is very Palatable, easily Digested, and far more Nourishing than any Emulsion as the Oil is supplemented by a strengthening Food—MALTINE
"Patients unable to tolerate the purest & most carefully prepared cod liver oil can readily digest & assimilate it when combined with Maltine"
BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL
Maltine WITH COD LIVER OIL
CHILDREN ESPECIALLY LIKE MALTINE WITH COD LIVER OIL
In ordering please mention The MALTINE MANUFACTURING Co Ld 24 & 25 HART ST. BLOOMSBURY LONDON

BALMORE WHISKY

BALMORE! BALMORE! BALMORE!

THE WHISKY OF THE DAY
MESSRS. PETER KEEGAN & CO.'S
ESTABLISHED 1820.
BALMORE OLD HIGHLAND WHISKY.

Has no equal. It is par-excellence the finest and best Whisky ever imported into this country. Every bottle bears a certificate from Sir Charles A. Cameron, Kt., M. D. D. Ph., Professor of Chemistry and Hygiene, L. K. Q. C. P. I., F. R. C. S. I., the great eminent Physician, Analyst and Scientist, regarding the magnificent quality of the Balmore.

TRY IT ONCE AND YOU WILL NEVER LIKE ANOTHER.

Supplied to all the Crack Hotels, Restaurants, &c., of Bombay, &c., &c.

Can be had of Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld.; Kemp and Co., Ld.; F. Cornaglia; Morenas and Co., D. C. Umrigar, F. S. Malon & Co., and all respectable wine merchants.

For further particulars, apply to the Sole Agent, for India, Burmah and Ceylon at 18, Bank Street, Bombay.

GOLD & SILVER THREADS,
LACES, CORDS,
BRAIDS, BULLIONS,
Of every description for Embroidery.

BENTON & JOHNSON,
63, King's Cross Road, LONDON.

Do your HARNESS & BELT Repairs WITH
Thomson's Slotted Rivets.

NO need to send out your Harness, Belts, &c. that are constantly in need of repairs; it means loss of time in sending and waiting when you can do the job yourself.

No holes required to be punched, simply drive Rivet as you would a tack, and clinch. Try them.

From all Iron-mongers and Stores in India.

If unobtainable, a gross, assorted sizes, for 5/-, post free, from

BIFURCATED RIVET CO., Ltd., 10, Wool Exchange, London, England
Agents Wanted.

"Stocked by H. H. VAISEY & Co., Indian Co-operative Society," AHMEDABAD

PRISMATIC BINOCULARS.

THE GOERZ TRIEDER BINOCULAR IS
THE ONLY PERFECT RACING AND FIELD GLASS.
EXCEEDS IN MAGNIFYING POWER ALL BINOCULARS NOW IN USE.

COMPARISON of Magnifying power and field of view.

Field of View of ordinary Binocular of best quality.

Comparative Field of View of Goerz Trieder Binocular of same power.

May be replaced in case *Focussed* and ready for Immediate use.

Strong Leather Case with Shoulder Strap and Belt Fittings supplied with each glass free of charge.

THE GOERZ TRIEDER BINOCULARS

Combine all the essential qualities of a perfect Field Glass, which are:—(1) Achromatism, or freedom from colour; (2) Sharpness of Definition; (3) Magnifying power; (4) Wide Field of View; Brilliancy of Image; and (6) Portability.

COMPARISON of Length and size of Glasses.

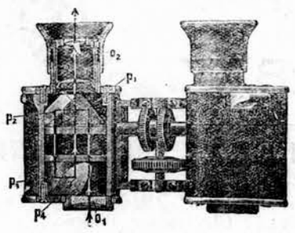
Length of old Style Telescopic Binocular.

Comparative size of Goerz Trieder Binocular of the same power.

The Rays of light passing through the objective O, in the direction represented by the arrows, strike the faces p1 and p2 of the upper prism, and are bent by each face through angles of 900 to their previous course. They then strike the lower prism, the faces of which are at right angles to one another and also to those of the upper prism (compare Fig. 4a).

The rays, therefore, are again bent through right angles at each of the faces p3 and p4, and issue past the upper prism out through the eye piece o2.

The arrangement of the two prisms and the four-fold rectangular reflection produces the desired reinversion of the image.



Section of glass showing course of Rays of Light through the Prisms.

PRICES.

No. 40	Magnifying	12	times	...	Cash, Rs.	160,	Credit, Rs.	178
No. 30	Ditto	9	,,	...	,, ,,	141-4.	,, ,,	157
No. 20	Ditto	6	,,	...	,, ,,	122-8	,, ,,	136
No. 10	Ditto	3	,,	...	,, ,,	103-8	,, ,,	115

Full descriptive Catalogue and all information may be obtained from

THE SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA, BURMA AND CEYLON,

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

LIGHT RAILWAYS

NEW DEPARTURE IN SMALL LOCOMOTIVES. FIRST-CLASS ENGINES AT LOW PRICES, GIVING BEST RESULTS WITH COAL, WOOD, OR OIL AS FUEL.

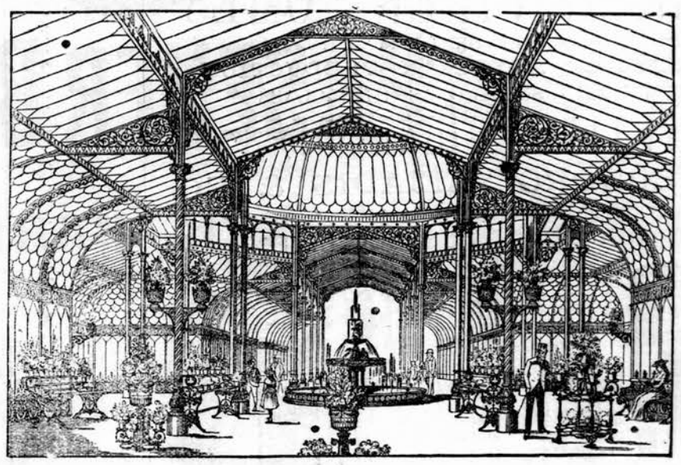
Supplied to H.M. Govt. FOR INDIA, THE SOUDAN, &c.

Full Particulars on application to the actual Manufacturers
W. G. BAGNALL, Ld.,
Castle Engine Works,
STAFFORD, ENG.

WALTER MACFARLANE & CO.
GLASGOW.

ELECTRIC LIGHT PILLARS AND BRACKETS, ELECTRIC WIRE WAYS

CONSERVATORIES, LAMP PILLARS, SHOP FRONTS, BANDSTANDS, TOMB RAILS, VERANDAHS, BANNERETS, CRESTINGS, SPANDRILS, BRACKETS, COLUMNS, GATES, ARCADES, RAILINGS, PAVILIONS, PILASTERS, BALCONIES, TERMINALS, FLAGSTAFFS, ALTAR RAILS, ORNL. FRONTS, ORNL. ROOFING, CLOCK TOWERS,



STRAIGHT STAIRS, STABLE FITTINGS, ORNL. GUTTERS, SPIRAL STAIRS, ROOF PLATES, ORNL. PANELS, VENTILATORS, BALUSTERS, FOUNTAINS, GRATINGS, URINALS, PUMPS, CLOSETS, ASH BINS, HANDRAILS, GATE PIERS, R. W. PIPES, BATHS, SINKS, WASH STANDS, GARDEN SEATS, SEAT STANDARDS, CATTLE TROUGHS, SCHOOL FITTINGS.

MACFARLANE'S GLASS ENAMELLED DRAIN AND SOIL PIPES
ARE IMPERVIOUS TO RUST, HAVE PERFECTLY SMOOTH INTERIORS, AND CAN BE SUPPLIED TESTED TO ANY PRESSURE.
STABLE FITTINGS—PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL DESIGNS—A SPECIALTY.
PATENT FOOTREST CLOSETS FOR NATIVES.
TWO FIRST-CLASS GOLD MEDALS, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES, PRICE LISTS AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.

Benger's Food

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS & THE AGED

Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

From an Eminent Surgeon:
"After a lengthened experience of Foods, both at home and in India, I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."

BENGER'S FOOD is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

An editorial in the INDIAN MEDICAL RECORD, of October 16th, 1897, says:
"For many years in India, large number of enterprising firms in England and Europe have been flooding the market with so-called Foods for Infants and Children. It is remarkable to note how one after another these various brands of doubtful virtue have ceased to appear. Time and the public conscience have pronounced their verdict—and to-day we find BENGER almost alone. The admirable combination of the nutritive elements is so perfectly brought about as to render their digestion a matter of pleasant facility for the weakest man or the frailest infant. To-day the medical profession of India finds it cannot do otherwise than stand by a friend who has proved his only criterion to public support, namely, REAL WORTH."

BRICKMAKING MACHINERY

To suit all classes of CLAY, SHALE, FIRECLAY, &c.

COMPLETE PLANTS A SPECIALTY.

C. WHITTAKER & CO., LIMITED.
ACCRINGTON, ENGLAND.

Telegraphic Address—"BRICKS," ACCRINGTON. Codes—"A B C" and "ENGINEERING."

An Unequal Struggle

is maintained between the healing forces of Nature and the inroads of a hurt, cut, burn or bruise, until the pain has been removed. A hurt of any kind heals quicker if the pain is soothed. The torture of the pain produces inflammation, which retards healing. The instant application of

Little's Oriental Balm

to any burn, scald, cut, or bruise, will allay all pain, and hasten a cure.

This remedy should be in every household medicine chest. You should never run the risk of being without it. It will cure in every case where pain is present. It is invaluable in rheumatism, neuralgia and headache.

The price is but 1 Re. a bottle.

It can be had of all chemists and patent medicine venders all over the civilized world.

Agents for Bombay—KEMP & Co., Ld.,

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, &c.
Obtainable from HANSON & Co., Bombay and Poona, and all Chemists.
Proprietor—
MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENG.

NDERELLA
BOOTS AND SHOES
FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN
Are Celebrated the World over for
ELEGANCE, FIT, STYLE AND DURABILITY.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO DRYING FOR EXPORT.

SOLE MANUFACTURER—
JAS. F. WILLIS, Worcester, England,
WHOLESALE ONLY.
Agent's required for Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon, Ceylon

CINDERELLA (Regd.)

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS.

Recommended by 3007 Newspapers.

"They are a Treasure." *Standard.*

"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure." *Standard.*

"The Owl Pen is par excellence the Ladies' Pen." *Court Journal.*

"The Pickwick Pen embodies an improvement of great value." *Engineer*

Sold by all Stationers.

They come as a boon and a blessing to men, The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON LTD., WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

NOTICES.

UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE

NOTE.—We make no extravagant and foolish assertions respecting "KOKO" FOR THE HAIR, as to its being "the best in the world," and that kind of nonsense. We simply point to our testimonials in proof of the value of "KOKO" for the Hair. The high social standing of the writers is a guarantee of the genuineness and undoubted excellence of our preparation.

is an invigorating tonic, cooling, and refreshing preparation. It eradicates Scurf, Dandriff, prevents hair falling and turning grey; promotes growth; contains no dye or greasy substance; and the unique testimonials from all parts of the world prove it to be undoubtedly the best Dressing for the Hair.

Athens, February 20th, 1899.
Mdlle. A. J. Contostavlos requests the Koko-Mariscopas Co., Ltd., to send as soon as possible six bottles of KOKO FOR THE HAIR to the following address:

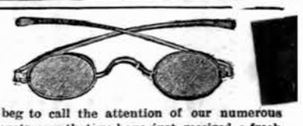
HER MAJESTY
The Queen of Greece.
Athens.

From H.R.H. Princess MARIE of GREECE.
"Mdlle. A. J. Contostavlos begs to inform the Koko-Mariscopas Co., Ltd., that H.R.H. Princess MARIE of GREECE is very pleased with their preparation for the Hair—Palais Royal, Athens."

From H.R.H. Princess HOHENLOHE.
(The German Ambassador's Daughter.)
"'KOKO' for the HAIR is the BEST Dressing I know. It keeps the head cool, promotes growth, and pleased with their preparation for the Hair—is in EVERY way excellent.—Princess HOHENLOHE."

From H.R.H. Princess VICTORIA.
"I beg you to send by return six bottles of 'KOKO' FOR THE HAIR. It is for Her Royal Highness Princess VICTORIA of Schaumburg-Lippe (Granddaughter of Queen Victoria and Sister to the German Emperor)."

Sold at all Bazaars and Stores throughout India.



WE beg to call the attention of our numerous customers that we have just received a fresh stock of Best Pebbles, Spectacles and Eyeglasses, Shooting Spectacles, Sun and Dust Glare Protectors, best Rolled Gold Spectacle and Eyeglasses Frames, Binoculars, "Opera Glasses" and Telescopes for sale at cheapest rates.

Eyes are carefully Tested and Spectacles supplied. Binoculars and Telescopes thoroughly repaired, new lenses placed, well polished and focus adjusted at moderate charges.

Jewellery and Watches repaired by well experienced workmen.

Gilding and Electroplating work done at lowest prices.

C. S. KALE & Co
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
WATCH-MAKERS & JEWELLERS
82, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay

THE GREAT REMEDY
BLAIR'S GOUT PILLS
FOR
Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago
The EXCRUCIATING PAIN is quickly relieved and cured in a few days, by these celebrated Pills. Sure, safe, and effectual. Sold by all

FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE.

None genuine without the "Elephant" Trade Mark.

Hold in highest estimation for more than half a century.

CURES DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, NEURALGIA, AGUE, COLDS, DENGUE FEVER

For Nervous Exhaustion

CHAPOTEAUT'S
Phosphoglycerate OF LIME
The modern restorative of the nervous system.
For brainworkers, professional men, teachers, students, etc. and in debility, seminal losses, dyspepsia of nervous origin and insomnia.
It is readily assimilated and promotes digestion.

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE SYRUP (CHAPOTEAUT)
PHOSPHOGLYCERATE WINE (CHAPOTEAUT)
PHOSPHOGLYCERATE CAPSULES (CHAPOTEAUT)
19, rue Vivienne, PARIS-FRANCE

EPPS'S COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits:
DELICACY OF FLAVOR,
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY,
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC.
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED
YOUR GROCER AND STOREKEEPER SELL IT.
Sold only in ¼ lb. and 1 lb. Tins.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopath Chemists, London, England

EPPS'S COCOA

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

SILICATE PAINT AND DURESCO.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
SILICATE PAINT CO., LD., CHARLTON.
Prices on Application.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING AND POWER INSTALLATIONS.

We are Sole Agents in Western India for

THE INDIA-RUBBER, GUTTA PERCHA, AND TELEGRAPH WORKS CO., LTD., SILVERTOWN.

BROCKIE PELL ARC LAMPS.

All classes of Electrical Engineering Work undertaken :—Large stocks of Electrical Goods of all descriptions.

GENERAL ENGINEERING.

Contracts entered into for Water Works, Drainage, and all classes of Engineering Contract, Repair, and Construction work.

Steam and Manual Fire Engines and Fire Appliances by Messrs. Shand Mason & Co., London.

WATER FITTINGS
WATER PIPES
STEAM FITTINGS
STEAM PIPES
CONTRACTORS' TOOLS

RAILWAY TOOLS
CEMENT
RAILWAY STORES
COAL TAR.
ENGINEERS STORES.
WROUGHT IRON TUBES AND FITTINGS AND CAST IRON PIPES IN GREAT VARIETY.

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,
ENGINEERS & CONTRACTORS,
BOMBAY.

HOME AT LAST.

A REVOLUTION IN FURNISHING.

BY SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

IT is possible that many Officers and Indian Civilians are not aware of MESSRS. NORMAN & STACEY'S Entire Revolution in Furnishing. This well-known Firm has introduced a system of Insurance in their business, of which

MR. LABOUCHERE *writes in "TRUTH":*

"NORMAN & STACEY have introduced in their business an ingenious safeguard gainst the risk of loss to his widow or family through the death of the hirer. They give an nsurance upon his life, so that if, for instance, a man gets **£200** worth of furniture on the ire-purchase system, and dies when instalments to the amount of **£190** have been paid, ot only does the furniture become the property of his representatives, but the **£190** is also epaid to them."

Catalogue pamphlet will be sent (post free) on application to this paper.
NORMAN & STACEY (LD.),
118, Queen Victoria Street, London.
Moderate Prices. Free Delivery Town or Country.

WHEN YOU ARRIVE HOME CALL & VIEW MODEL ROOMS BEFORE FURNISHING LOCALLY.

MELLIN'S FOOD

For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

MELLIN'S FOOD CONTAINS NO STARCH, BUT CORRESPONDS CHEMICALLY AND PHYSIOLOGICALLY WITH MOTHER'S MILK.

MELLIN'S FOOD BUILDS UP HEALTHY AND VIGOROUS BABIES, AND REDUCES THE TROUBLES AND DANGERS OF VACCINATION AND INFANTILE SICKNESSES.

MELLIN'S FOOD for Infants and Invalids may be obtained of all Dealers throughout India

Samples and Directions for Use, printed in Native Languages, together with a work on the "Care of Infants in India," can be had on application to—

BOMBAY—Latham, Abercrombie & Co. CALCUTTA—Mackenzie, Lyall & Co. MADRAS—Oakes & Co KREACHER—H. J Rustomjee & Co. RANGOON—Latham, Black & Co

MELLIN'S FOOD COMPANY FOR INDIA, LTD.,
CALCUTTA WORKS REDCLYFFE ROAD, UPTON PARK
LONDON, ENGLAND.

COCANADA—HALL, WILSON & Co.

DRAWING an OVERDRAFT ON THE BANK OF LIFE.

Late Hours, Fagged, Unnatural Excitement, breathing Impure Air, too rich food, Alcoholic drink, Gouty, Rheumatic, and other blood poisons, Fevers, Chills, Feverish Colds, Throat Irritation, Sleeplessness, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Skin Eruptions, want of appetite, Sourness of Stomach, &c., &c;—Use

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

Pleasant, Soothing, Cooling, Health-giving, Refreshing, and Invigorating.
NO HOUSEHOLD OR TRAVELLERS' BAG SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.
IN HOT OR FOREIGN CLIMATES ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' is INVALUABLE. It is the BEST and SIMPLEST preparation for regulating the action of the LIVER that has yet been discovered, and relieves the system of effete GOUTY, RHEUMATIC matter, the groundwork of FEVERS and other diseases, which, if retained, poisons the blood, and produces the most disastrous consequences. It allays nervous excitement, and restores the nervous system to its proper condition by NATURAL MEANS.
The effect of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' upon any DISORDERED, SLEEPLESS and FEVERISH condition is SIMPLY MARVELLOUS. It is in fact, NATURE'S OWN REMEDY, and an UNSURPASSED ONE.
CAUTION.—See capsule marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' Without it *you have a WORTHLESS IMITATION.* **Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, by J. C. ENO'S Patent.**

ALL WHO DESIRE TO HAVE SOFT VELVETY SKIN, CAN OBTAIN IT BY USING

BEETHAM'S LAIT "Larola" Regd

AN IMPROVED Preparation of their CELEBRATED GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER.

"IT KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents.—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Ltd.,

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., GUILDFORD STREET, LONDON, S.E.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

COGNAC A.I. — INVALIDS' PORT — AMOROSO SHERRY — PALL MALL WHISKY

"The Wine Shippers of the East."

Napier Johnstone's Whisky.

Brodie & Co.'s & The Camuslynie Whiskie"

C. P. & Co.'s Clarets, Burgundies,
and every other Wine of
Good Quality.

BOMBAY.

CHOLERA! CHOLERA! CHOLERA!

If you are satisfied with Batliwalla's Ague Mixture or Pills, you willbe equally satisfied with Batliwalla & Co.'s CHOLEROL, *The only Remedy* for *Cholera*. It is as efficacious in Cholera as Batliwalla's Ague Mixture and Pills are in Malarial Fevers, &c.

True extracts out of numerous testimonials of Batliwalla & Co.'s Cholerol.

H. Barrett, Engineer Kaiser-i-Hind Mill :—Batliwala & Co.'s "Cholerol" gave relief at once and proved successful in all cases of choleric symptoms.—Dr. Bezonji Naoroji, L. M. and S: Batliwala & Co.'s *Cholerol* is a sure and safe remedy for Cholera.—Dr. Nowroji Burjorji Lam, L. M. & S: Batliwala & Co.'s "Cholerol" is a sure specific for Cholera. I have found it extremely useful in several cases affording marvellous relief.—B. Salunker & Co., Commission Agents: We have great pleasure in testifying to the marvellous efficacy of Messrs. Batliwala & Co.'s "Cholerol," a specific for cholera. We have used it in several cases without any failure.—Patels or Head men of Worli, Koliwada, Bombay :—During the recent epidemic of cholera at Worli, Koliwada, not a single man died—who used the "Cholerol" according to Dr. Batliwala's directions.—J. Chavis, Esq., Supdt., Water Works, Bombay Municipality : Lives of my workmen, who reside in the Municipal Chawl at Chinchpokli and attacked by cholera, have been saved by Batliwala & Co.'s "Cholerol." There was *not a sigle case of failure.*

Batliwalla & Co.'s Cholerol, and Batliwalla's Ague Mixture or Pills, may be had of Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli—Dadar, Bombay, and everywhere.

At Re. 1 per Bottle. Discount to the Trade.

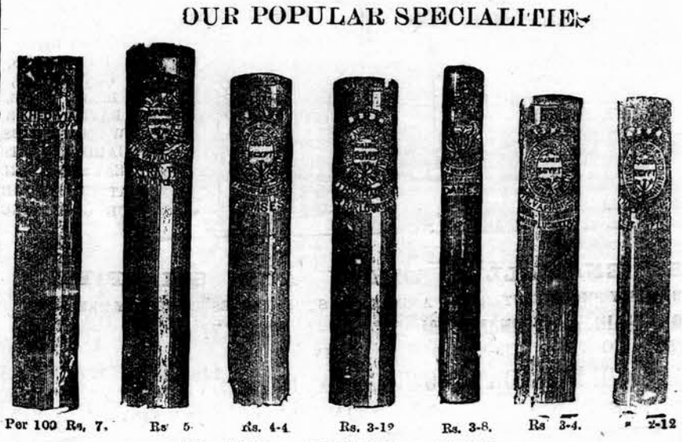
NOTHING FINER COMES

FROM THE LAND OF THE PHARAOHS THAN
THE ACME OF EGYPTIAN PRODUCTION
KNOWN AND SMOKED AS HIGH-CLASS

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

BY THEODORO VAFIADIS & CO.

OUR POPULAR SPECIALITIES



Per 100 Rs. 7. Rs. 5 Rs. 4-4 Rs. 3-12 Rs. 3-8. Rs. 3-4. Rs. 2-12

AT CAIRO MANUFACTORY PRICES

THEIR POPULARITY WAS NEVER SO GREAT.
THEIR SALE NEVER SO LARGE,
AS AT PRESENT.
Guaranteed fresh, consignments, received by every P. & O. Mail.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPOT AT
TH. VAFIADIS & Co.,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

MOIR'S YORK HAMS.

Cooked, in Tins, also in Canvas.

Manufacturers:
JOHN MOIR & SON, LIMITED,
LONDON, ABERDEEN & SEVILLE.
Head Office :—9 and 10, Great Tower Street, London, E.C.

DAWSON'S BOOTS

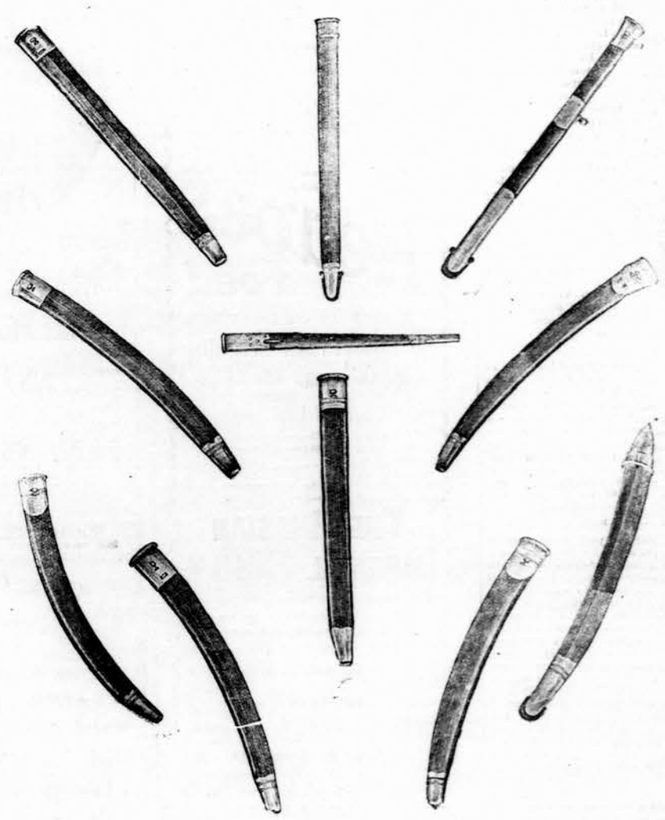
NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.

JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS — REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75380

THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT AND EQUIPMENT FACTORY,

ESTABLISHED 1887. BOMBAY. ESTABLISHED 1887.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF ACCOUTREMENT MADE SPECIALLY TO ORDER



ACCOUTREMENTS FOR MILITARY, POLICE, SALT, PREVENTIVE AND OTHER SERVICES.

Large quantities of Ammunition Boots always in Stock.

ADDRESS :

ADAMJEE PEERBHOY (PROPRIETOR),

37, BABOOLA TANK ROAD,
BOMBAY.

Paris Exhibition, 1900 British Awards.

The ONLY Grand Prix solely for **Toilet Soap**

The Highest Award for Toilet Soap at the Paris Exhibition, in 1889, was a Gold Medal, and the only one awarded *solely* for Toilet Soap was gained by

Pears

Again, at the 1900 Exhibition at Paris,
The Highest Award obtainable for anything
is the GRAND PRIX, and that also has been awarded to Messrs. Pears, and is the *only one* allotted in Great Britain for Toilet Soap.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

For CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

PRICE Rs. 2-12 PER GALLON.

Sole Manufacturers—ENGELBERT & CO.,
BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

Agents, with Stock—Messrs. MACBETH BROTHERS & CO., BOMBAY.

The Best Food for Infants and Invalids in all Climates.
ALWAYS READY. NO COOKING REQUIRED.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK.

PURE MILK, COMBINED WITH WHEAT AND BARLEY MALT.

FULL NOURISHMENT. PARTLY PREDIGESTED. STERILIZED.

IN POWDER FORM. KEEPS INDEFINITELY.

LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.

Of all Chemists and Stores.

THE FINEST TONIC

FER BRAVAIS FER-DE-"AIR" IRON In 20 concentrated drops.

most effective in restoring the vitality of the blood, and enabling the constitution to resist climatic influences. Invaluable in all cases of anæmia and general debility. Highly recommended for weak and debilitated children.

LANCET.—"A beautiful and interesting preparation."
BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.—"It has all the good effects of iron without producing constipation or disturbing the digestion, and it does not blacken the teeth."

SOLD BY CHEMISTS ALL THE WORLD OVER.
WHOLESALE: PARIS, 130, Rue Lafayette.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the "Bombay Gazette" Offices at No. 12, Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay, and printed at the Steam Press and Jobbing Office, Armenian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co. 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. KEYMER & Co., 1, Whitefriars Street, London, E.C.—Paris: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.